— وُنْزَعُ (Mṣb, TA,) aor. ج. (TA,) inf. n. وُنْزَعُ (Mṣb, TA,) He was at the point [or in the agony] of death; meaning, of having his soul drawn forth: (Mṣb:) he gave up his spirit; as also نَزُعُ فِي القُوسِ — (TA.) نَزَاعُ بِي القُوسِ — He drew the bow; (Ṣ, Mṣb, K;) i. e., its string; or he drew, or pulled, the string of the bow with the arrow. (TA.) — اَسُفَى relating to a horso: see

3. اَلْجَبُلُ الْجَبُلُ الْجَبُ الْجَبُلُ الْجَبْلُ الْجَبْلِي الْجَبْلُ الْجَالُ الْجَبْلُ الْجَبْلُ الْجَبْلُ الْجَبْلُ الْجَبْلُ الْجَبْلُ الْجَبْلُ الْجَبْلُ الْجَبْلُ الْجَبْلُولُ الْجَبْلُولُ الْجُلْكُمْ الْجَبْلُولُ الْجَبْلُولُ الْجَبْلُولُ الْجُلْكُمْ الْجَبْلُولُ الْجَبْلُولُ الْجُلْكُمْ الْجُلْكُمْ الْجَبْلُولُ الْجُلْلُ الْجُلْلُمْ الْجُلْكُمْ الْمُعْلِمُ الْحُلْمُ الْحُلْمُ الْمُعْلِمُ ا

6. ثَنَازَعْنَا الْحَدِيثَ We discoursed together; one with another. (TA, art. هصر.) __ بَيْنَهُوْ (K, art. بَحُورُ (K, art. بَحُورُ (K, art. بَحُورُ (K, art. بَحُورُ (K, art. بَحُاطُوهُ one with another; as also بَعُنَازُعْ __ (TK, art. يَعَاطُوهُ The contending in altercation, disputing, or litigating, one with another: (K:) or تَنَازُعُوا they disagreed, one with another; held different ways or opinions. (Msb.)

Baldness on each side of the forchead: غَمَدٌ and غَمَدٌ ; and غَمَدٌ

مَدْمَة A baldness in the side of the forehead. See مَدْمَة

يُثْرُ نَزُوعُ [A deep well] i.q. بَعُرُ نَزُوعُ . (A, voce

is pl. of نَازِعُ; as is also نُزُعُ. (TA.) See an ex. in a verse cited بابً

نَوَّاعُ Dragging much, or forcibly: see Kur, lxx. 16. العرقُ نَوَّاعُ (see Freytag's Arab. Prov., ii. 168) is probably similar to العرقُ دَسَّاسُ, and means The radical, or ancestral, or hereditary, quality is mont to return to its usual possessor: or it may mean, is wont to draw.

أَجْلُحُ 800 : أَنْزُعُ

مَنْزُعُ بِعُرِ [The bottom of a well; the place from which the water is drawn]. (TA, art. متح.)

نزف

1. نَزَفَ He entirely exhausted (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ) a well, (Mṣb,) or the water of a well. (Ṣ, Ķ.)

. ضَرَطَ Exhausted: see an ex. voce مَنْزُوفَ

نزق

Lightness, and unsteadiness, or lightwittedness, (S, Msb, K,) on an occasion of anger; (K;) i.q. شرْبَخَةُ ; lightness in any work, or action: hastiness, with foolishness or ignorance: (JK, TA:) hastiness, or sharpness, of temper; irascibility; passionateness: a meaning deduced from various examples, and confirmed by present usage.

نَزِقٌ Light, and unstcady, or lightwitted. (Msb.) See also نَزَقٌ: and see

and نَزُفَةٌ A refractory she-camel; hard to be managed. (Msb.)

. نَزِقَةٌ see : نزَاقُ

اللَّبُوَّةُ أَنْزَقُ مِنَ الأَسَدِ [The lioness is more impetuous than the lion]. (Ṣ, voce شَبُعَةُ

نزك

نَرُكُ The penis (زُكُر , Ṣ, Ḳ, i.e. نِرُكُ , ṬA) of the بَرُكُ (Ṣ, Ḳ) and of the نَرُكُ (Ṣ, Ḳ) and of the نَرُكُ (Ḳ : [in the CḲ, فَرَنَ عَلَى is erroneously put for والوَرك accord. to the assertion of the Arabs, (Ṣ,) it (Ṣ, Ḳ,) the former, (Ṣ,) as also the مِحْرُدُون (Mṣb voce نِرْخُون); (ஷ்كَانِ); (Ṣ, Ḳ, TA;) and the female has رُحُونَ مَنَانِ (ṬA.)

نزل

3. نَازَلُهُ He alighted with him, each to oppose the other, in war, or battle; inf. n. مُنَازِلُهُ and لَا اللهُ اللهُ

4. أَنْوَاتُ Her (a camel's) milk descended [into her udder]: opposed to أَقْلُصَتْ. (TA, art. [i.e. اللَّبَأُ She (a camel) أَنْزِلَت اللَّبَنَ ... (.قلص excerned the first milk, or biestings, into her udder; i.q. أَبْسَقَت (TA in art. بنرق.) _ She excerned milh [either into, or from, the udder]. [فِي الضرع or] أُنْزَلَت الناقةُ اللَّبَنَ مِنَ الضَّرْعِ ــــ The she-camel excerned the milk from [or into] the udder. (TA, art. أُنْزَلُهُ _ (ife lodged him; made him his guest; or gave him refuge or asylum; syn. آوَاهُ; (S and K in art. زاوى) and and he : ضَيف Mgh in art. ضَيَّفُهُ and أَضَافَهُ lodged and entertained him;] namely, a guest. (ببوأ .Fr in T in art) أَتْوَاهُ مَنْزِلًا . (Mab.) linquish, such a thing. __ يَأْزُلُتُ بِكَ حَاجَتي [app. I imposed my want upon thee]. (S in art. عر.) (TA.) أَنْزَلَ حَاجَتُهُ على كريم And

6. تَنَازَلَ He descended gradually, by little and little. تنازل إلى أَحْدِ Ite humbled himself, condescended, to one. تنازل عَنِ المُنْكِ Ite abdicated the hingdom. لَتَنازل عَن شَيْءٍ لَهِ He desisted from a thing. تنازل عَن شَيْءٍ لَهِ They alighted and ate by turns with different people; i.q. بَنَاوَبُوا

10. اِسْتَنْزَلَهُ He made him, or caused him, or it, to descend. (Msb.) _ اِسْتَنْزَلَهُ عَنْ رَأْيِهِ [He sought to make him resign, or relinquish, his opinion]. (Bd, xii. 11.)

نُزْلُ Food or rations at a halt: sec سُكُنْ, in two places.

نُوْلُ Food prepared for the guest. (Msb.) See

خَشَادُ see أَرْضُ نَزِلَةً

نَزِيلُ A guest. (Ṣ, Mgh, Msb,* Ķ.) Sec also Ḥar, 353.

مَازِلٌ [Alighting, &c.,] has for pl. نَزُولُ and نَزُولُ . (TA.)

A place of alighting or descending and stopping or sojourning or abiding or lodging or settling: (Mgh:) a place of settlement: an abode; a dwelling; a place where travellers alight in the desert; syn. عَنْهُنَا : a [house, or mansion, such as is called] دُاوُّ : (S, K:) or, accord. to the نُعْبَاءُ , less than a الميت [or chamber], consisting of at least