What is nhite in one half, black in the back, that nalks contructedly, and makes water in drops? An enigma : to which the answer is, The One nho sleepps not [during the night]; because the قنفَ sleeps not: ( $\mathrm{L}:$ ) and a calumniator; a slanderer; ( $\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}$;)

 (TA.) — قُقْغُنْ +The part behind the ear of a cumel, whence the sweat exulles. (S, L, K.) And, with $\bar{\delta}$, t The part of the head that is
施 $\dagger$ A place that produces tangled herliage: ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{L}$, $\mathbf{K}$ :) an elevated place abounding mith trees: AH n says, that what is thus termed is in hard ground, hetween what is termed ${ }^{\text {تُفّ }}$ and sand. (L.) (Sand collected together, (AbooKilieyreh, L, K,) and elevated, (K.) or somenhat elevated: (A boo-Kheyreh, $\mathrm{L}:$ :) or the abundance of trees of sand: or, as somo say, fet-h, signifies abundance and taliness of trees of
 trec in the midst of sand. (L, K.) - قَتَافِنُ + Mountains that are not long: or long and narrow tracts, (1, Li, L, K, TA: in the CK, أُجْبُ , or mountains,) of saud: ( $\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}$ :) or hills with pointed heads (نَبْلَ) lying in the way, or road. ( $\mathrm{T}^{\mathrm{T}} \mathrm{l}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}$. )

## قنقل



$$
\text { قنى and }{ }^{\text {Fand }}
$$

 or modesty; (S, $\mathbf{K}$; he preserved it : and i.q.
 his sense of shame, or modesty. (TA.) -
 or acquired, sheep, or goats [for a permanent possession], not for sale. (JK.) ——

3. قَانَّ
8. اتْتَتي He gaincd, acquired, or got, for himself, (S, K,) or took for himself, (Mgh,) property, or camels, \&c., (S, Mgh,) as a permanent stock, for propagation, ( Mgh, ) not for merchandise: ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{Mgh}$ :) he made it to be in inis possession, not to depart from his heind: (TA:) he acquired it for himself permanemily, or for a permanence. See 1.

## 10: see 1.

 given in Egypt to وُشَّتَّ ; also called and


قَنَّ A spear-shaft ; (Mgli;) a sprar (T, Ṣ. Ḳ) that is hollow, like a cane; ( A , ill I'A ;) a spear with a head affixed to it. (Mssb.) - Hence, A subterrancan channel, or conduit, for nater. (Mgh.) — [And A pipe.] - بُبْبُل The قَنَاةُ الكُوز [or spout] of the [or mat], thert pours forth



قَنْوةٌ Sheep, or goats, taken for oneself, gotten, or acquired, [ for a permunent possession,] not for sale. (JK.)
 ألزمُ prov. in art. شَلو, and sce above]. (S in art. خملو, and Meyd.)
مُقَانَّ The vecaving mith one thread white unt one thread llack. (T, voce 'نيُ ${ }^{\prime \prime}$.)
قهزب

Short : (K :) an epithct applied to a man. (TA.)

## قهق

R. Q. 1. قَهْقَ He utlcred a reiterated (K, TA) and prolonged, (TA,) or a vehement, laughter: ( K :) or he loughed, reiterating the sound of (S. Mṣb, K.
. حَقْـَاقُ : قَهْعَاهُ : sce.

## "

قَهْمَبْ Big, bully, or large in body: as also مَهْعَمْ : (Seer, $L$ :) or the same as an epithet applicd to a camel: (TA :) or lig, bulky, or large in lody, and advanced in years; as also
 and having a capacious belly. (K.) - Hurd, and strong, or roliust. (M.) - I.q. $\dot{\text { a }}$; (IAar, K:) as also S. SA.)


## قهل

5. تَقَّهَّ He nas, or became, unfrequent in wushiny and cleansing his person; slovenly with respect to his persurn. (h.)

## قهنب


Thall, and having a curcing buck, the
upper part bending forward over the breast, or
a bent and humped bach, or a projecting breast and hillow lack; accord. to the different expla-

 AHei and others assert that the $\dot{u}$ is augmentative. (MF.)

> Alnays remaining at the nater.
قوى scc : قور

فطن a shc-licar: see an ex. in art. فُقْ (conj. 2).

> قوط
.رَاجْلَةٌ

قوع
 level, land, (S, M $\mathrm{M}_{\mathbf{B}} \mathrm{b}$, ) that produces nothing;
 low, and free from mountains. (K.) See also . Rospecting its pls., see زوْضَةٍ
قوف

قُوفُ of the ear, The upper part: or the hclix: sce شَكْكَ and Not to be
 صُوفُ

## قوق

 sec art. قعد.
. نَاقْ sce : قُوقَ

## قول

1. قَآ. The objective complement of قال, meaning He said, or what is termed مَمُولُ الََوْلُ, must be a complete proposition, or a word signifying at least oue complete proposition, as
 like; or a word significant of a sound, termed إِسْمٌ : it may be a verb; but cannot be an inf. n., as عَبْر. (Gr.) [This is what is meant where] it is said in the Keshshaf, العبَاذal


 (Marg. note in Additions to a copy of the KT.)
 _ـ false, ajainst him. (TA in art. تَلو.). See تَقَّوَلْ —— thing. -_ ثاَل بِكَنَا Hc asserted his belicf in such
