living: this is the original signification: he was neglectful of cleanliness: (Msb:) he was neglectful of washing and cleanliness; unfrequent in paying attention thereto; slovenly with respect to his person: (M, Mşb:) and تُقَشِّفُ signifies the like. (Msh.) \_\_ قَشُفْ, inf. n. قَشْفُ, lle became sunburnt. (M.)

5: see 1.

. فَوْشُ see : قُشَامُهُ

قصع مَارَةُ see an ex. voce : قَصَعَ

A bowl not so large as a قَصْعَة, but next to it in size, that satisfies ten : (S, voce :) it is a wooden bowl. \_\_ قَصْعَةُ الهَسَاكِينِ : sec . الفَكُّمُّ

مُعَاقَصَة see أَخَذُتُهُ مُعَاقَصَة

[A weak, or frayile, sappy] نَبَاتُ قَصِيفٌ رَيَّانُ plant]. (TA, iti art. خرع.)

. خَصَلَ все : قَصَلَ .

. جُرَامَةٌ of wheat and barley : see قَصَلُ

Corn, or seed-produce, (K,) or barley, (Mab,) cut while green, (Mab, K,) for fodder. (Mab.)

مِخْصُلُ 800 : مِقْصُلُ

Artemisia abrotanum, or southern-wood; also called : قَيْصُومُ أَنْتَى and : قَيْصُومُ ذَكُرُ also called applied to santolina.

. . قَصَّصَ 80e : قَصَّى . 2

تَغَصَّى شُرْبُ المَامَ فلير ... . تَقَصَّصَ عود : تَقُصَّى 5. He drank the water to the uttermost, not leaving any of it remaining]. (TA, in art. شف.) ـــ See 10.

10. اِسْتَقْصَى He went to the utmost length, or point, in a question, (K,) and in like manner \_ and اِسْتَقْصَى الأَمْرَ (TA.) أَنْتَقْصَى الأَمْرَ (TA.) [He exhausted a subject. - He proceeded to extremities. He was, or became, extreme, in an action, &c.] \_\_ مُشْأَلتُه \_\_ [He went to the utmost point in questioning him, or asking him,] respecting a thing, so as to draw forth the utmost that he possessed [of information respecting it]. تَقَصَّى لا إِسْتَقْصَى فِي الهَسْأَلَةِ ـــــ (.نصْ s, art.) (S, K) both signify the same; (S;) # He reached, or attained, [and elicited, and investigated,] the utmost [that was to be reached, &c.] in the

question: (K, TA:) and in like manner استقصى and تقصّاه (TA) ! [He investigated, or searched, to the utmost the case, or affair; ] he reached, or attained, the utmost of the case, or affair, in investigating it. (MA in explana-اِسْتَقْصَى عِلْمُهُ ــ (tion of the former phrase. He attained the utmost knowledge of it. \_ He clicited, or إِسْتَقْصَى مَا عِنْدُ نَاقَتِهِ مِنَ السَّيْرِ exacted, the utmost of his she-camel's pace, or power of going on]. (TA, art. نص.) \_\_\_ metonymically, signifies ! The being niggardly, stingy, or avaricious. (Az, TA in . اسْتَعْذَيْتُهُ . بِ . ا إِسْتَقْصَيْتُ الْمَكَانَ \_ (. دنق art. (TA in art. عذى)

: حَاطُونَا القَصَاءَ and : القَصَاءَ and حُطْنِي القَصَا دجبو , and see 1 in art حوط .c.; see art.

changed into و with , عُلْيًا and دُنْيًا is like قُصْيًا (بَقُوْي ISd in TA, voce) .ي

(TA,) , قَصْقَاصٌ (K,) and some say , قَضْقَاضُ of Syria: (K, TA:) or the green, and lank (سَبْط), thereof: (Ibn-'Abbad, TA:) or a species of trees of the [kind called] حَمْض (AHn, K, TA,) slender and yellow. (AHn, TA.) See فرس .

Lean, or light of flesh. (TA in art.

1. قَضِمَ He crunched, nibbled or gnawed? See خضم: and see also Freytag's Arab. Prov. ii. 245.

أَقْضِهَةُ as meaning A skin &c. has for pl. قَضِيرُ accord. to Sb, قُضُر and قُضُر and قُضُر accord. to Sb, is a quasi-pl. n., (TA,) and قَضَيْر is a pl. [or quasi-pl. n.] thereof as meaning a white skin upon which one writes. (S, K.) See an ex. of . عسِيب voce قَضَمْ

# قضي

1. قَضَى He finished a thing entirely, by word, or by deed. This is the primary meaning. (Bd, ii. 111.) By word, as in وَقَضَى رُبُّك (Idem, ibid.) And thy Lord hath commanded decisively. فَقَضَاهُنِّ Idem, xvii. 24.) And by deed, as in لَّهُ سَمُواتِ [Kur, xli. 11, And he completed them seven heavens]. (Idem, ii. 11.) \_ And He (God) desired a thing so as to necessitate its being. (Idem, ii. 11.) \_ إِذَا قَضَى أَمْـرًا \_ [Kur,

ii. 111,] When He (God) desireth a thing to be. (Bd, Jel.) \_\_ [Thus it signifies He decreed a thing; ordained it; pronounced it; or decided it judi-ر.cially.] قَضَاً مُ مَا بَيْه مِن , aor. ج., inf. n. قَضَى عَلَيْه ــــ (cially. He decided judicially, or judged, against him; and بَيْنَ الخُصْمَيْن between the two litigants. (TA.) Sec .... [He completed; accomplished; or fully performed; a thing.] \_\_ قَضَى He attained, or obtained, or accomplished, his want. (Mab.) \_ [He paid, discharged, or satisfied, a debt, due, claim, or demand.] \_\_\_ قَضَيْتُهُ حَقَّهُ I gave him [or paid him] his due, (Msb.,) fully. رجزی S, K, in art.) قَضَى عَنْهُ ــــ (Ḥar, p. 22.) &c.) He, or it, payed; or made, or gave, or rendered, satisfaction; for him. (TK in that art.) And followed by شُعُ [He paid a thing for him, or in his stead; gave, or rendered, it as a satisfaction; lit. and fig.] (S, TA in that art., and Bd in ii. 45.) See جَزَى عُنَّهُ and sea a verse cited voce رُانٌ, in art، دين. ــ Ile finished doing a thing : he finished his prayer. (TA.) He performed, fulfilled, or accomplished, the pilgrimage, syn. آدى, (Mşb,) and the religious rites and ceremonies of the pilgrimage, (Bd, Jel in ii. 196,) syn. أُدّى. (Jel, ibid, Msb.) \_ You also say, قَضَى بِهِ He decreed it ; &c. ; أَوْلُهُ ... . سُلْطَانْ see an ex. voco : حَكُمَر به like illis saying such a thing is ممًّا يَقْضَى العَجْبَ of the things that induce wonder in the utmost degree]. (TA in art. جلب.) See Har, p. 22. Kur, xvii. 4): 500) وَقُضَيْنَا إِلَى بَنِي إِسْرائِيلَ ـــــــ and ; بُطْآنَ and , هَيُو nnd , غَزُو soo : قَضُو . . إلَى see طَمْعَ in the S.

- 3. قاضاه He cited him before a judge. (TA.) 5: see 7.
- He took, or received, from تُقَاضاهُ الدَّيْنَ .8 him the dcbt. (M, K.) - See 10. - And . تُشَارِيا see
- 7. انقضى ا and تقضّى It passed away; came to an end, or to nought; became cut off. - (K,
- It required such a thing: it إِقْتُضَى كُذًا .8 required the inference of such a thing: it necessarily implied, or involved, such a thing as its consequence or concomitant; it required such a thing to be conceded; it necessitated such a thing. ... He demanded of him his duc. (MA.) \_ اِقْتَضَيْتُ مِنْهُ حُقّى \_ I took, or received, from him my duc. (Mgh, Msb.)
- 10. اسْتَقْضَيْتُه I demanded of him the giving [or payment] of my due, (Msb, K,\*) or debt; .بِدَيْنِي and تَقَاضَيْتُهُ لا رَيْنِي and in like manner (K;)

,أَدُالَةِ a term of the law; opposed to قُضَاَّةٍ which see: and see an ex. cited voce ...