. See كَذَبَ, p. 2598 .

ترطل
 كُوْرَة

قرع

1. قَرْ in the sense of has hor


 llamed or censured him; spoke against him.
 He fllipped with the nail of his thumb and thatof his forefinger. (Lth, K, "T'A, art.

 repelled him, or turned him back; namely a suitor in a case of marriage. (TA, in art. بضر.)
 Freytag's Arab. Prov. i. 55 ; and Hịar, 656. -
 and Har, 655 , in two places. - قَرعَهُ بِعَصَا المَلَاْمَمَة



2. تُرَّعُ He reproached him for his crime or the like, saying to him, Thou didst so and so.
 a bet, wager, or stake. ( L , in TA, voce نَنَّن.)
3. 

 $t o$ cast, or drdw, lots, or to practise sortilege, [among themselves,] for the thing (عَلَى (JM :) [see an ex. in the Mgb, in this art. i ] or he prepared, or disposed, them, for doing so, 'for the thing (على الشیى•): (Mg̣b:) or he cast, or drew, lots, or practised sortilege, among them. (K.) The first explanation is generally preferable.


Worms in the belly. (TA, voce

 found in medical books: :حمس القرع is a name of the tape-worm, because each joint of it resembles a grain, or seed, of the gourd. (IbrD.)
Bing pieces of ground amid herbage. (TA in art.
 sortilege itself. Used in all these senses in the
present day, and app. in the classical times.] ضَرْبَ القُرْعْةَ $H$ صe shuffled, or cast, or drew, lots; performed a sortilege.
تَرِيغ; pl. قَرْعْعَ : вee an ex. of the pl. in a prov.

قَارِعُ الطَّرِيقِ The higher, or highest, part of the road; the part that is trodden by the passengers; [the beaten way]. (Mab.) In law books expl. as mcaning اُطْرَاْفُ الطَّريقِ ; opposed to its جَادَّ.
قَارَعْة A sudden calamity. (K.) See also Bḍ, and Jel, in xiii. 31, and an ex. voce إنْفَرَّ.


مِقْرعة: A whip: or anything with which one beats: ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) or a thing with which a beast is beaten: (Az, TA:) or a piece of wood with which mules and asses are beaten: (TA:) [a cudgel: often applied in the present day to $a$ cudgel made of the thick part of a palin-stick; and this, when used in sport, has several splits made in the thicker end, to cause the blows to prolluce a loud sound :] pl. ُمقَارِع. (TA.)

## قرف

 some base thing, or the like. (TA.) See قَرْفٌ.
قَرْفُ The mixing with others; [and particularly vith others who arc diseased or the like]; a subst. from "مُقَارَفَهْ : (K :) the being near to [a person, or persons, or a place, infected with] disease: (S, TA:) the being near to pestilence, or epidemic disease. (T in art. تلفـ.) See تَلْفُ.
(: آتَّعْتْ and إتَّعَعْتْ قِرْنَتُهُ signifies (TA, art. لبس.) See voce عرُضر.
.. مَمْرِ A place of paring off: see an ex. voce "


مُ
.

. . مِعِرْمٌ
مِمْرَمَة : مِشْرُرْ

قرمر . $A$ coverlet of a bed; ( Mgh , in arts
 or a thin curtain, accord. to some, figured; as
 figured curtain. (Mṣb.)

## قرمص

A hollow which a man digs wherein to sit to protect himself from the cold. (Mgh, art. ربضب.) See an ex. voce ربضر.

## قرمل

, قُرْمِنُ
قرن
 conjoined, a thing with a thing. (S.)
 (K,) He associated with him: lecame his companion. (S, K.)
4. أقرْرَ He gave of a thing lwo by two.

 latter more probably right,] He was able and strong to do, or effect, \&c., the thing; ( $\mathrm{M} \leqslant \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{K}$;) He had the requisite ability and strength for it.
قـرَنْ One who opposes, or contends with, another, in science, or in fight, fe.; (Msb;) an opponent; a competitor; an adversary; an antagonist: or one's equal, or match, in courage, ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$ ) ) or generally, one's equal, match, or fellow. (K.)
تُرْبٌ One’s equal in age; syn. تَرْنٍ (K, (K. with fet-h when relating to age, and with kear when relating to fighting and the like. (Har, pp.572,64.)
 generation of men;] people of one time ( JK ,* Ṣ, Ez-Zejjájee, Mọb,) succceding another قَرْن, ( JK ,) among whom is a prophet, or class of learned men, whether its ycurs be many or few. (Ez-Zejjajjee, Mṣò.) - قَرْنْ The part of the head of a human being which in an ruimal is the place whence the horn groves: ( K :) or the side, ( $\mathbf{S}$, ) or upper side, ( $\mathbf{K}$, ) of the head: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$ :) or [more exactly the temporal ridge (see صُدْغْ) i.e.] the edge of the 0 (which is the middle and main part of the head [i. e. of the cranium]), on the right and on the left. ( Z j , in his "Khalk el-Insán.") - قُ قُرْون

 the most clevated part. (TA in art. جـere) , شَرْنُ أَغْغْرَ قَرْن. Occurring often in the work of AHn on plants, and in the TA, \&c. See غَانْ. تَرْنٍ [A thing] in a she-camel, which is like the عَعْل in a woonan:

