 , in which clarified butter is put, عكوة, and

 and أوْأَأُ (dev. with respect to analogy, (TA,) [accord. to most grammarians; but not so accord. to Fr , because its first ralical letter is, ; ] and pl. pl. (i. e. pl. of اوطب, TA,) أوَاطِبُ (K.) íg i A harć, rough, rude, or coarse, man:
 urcast: (K :) likened to the skin so called. (TA.) —— صَفْرتُ وطَابُهُ $\ddagger$ He died: or he nas slain: (K:) the body's becoming empty of the soul is compared to the skin's becoming empty of the milk : or the meaning is his blood issucd forth from his body : or, as some say, his skins became empty of their milk; a hostile attack baving been mado upon his camels, and no milch camol remaining in his possession. (TA.) [Sce similar sayiugs voce $\dot{\text {; }}$; and see Ham., p. 34.]
, طبَ , without teshdeod, [but whether ط is meant is not said,] A piecc of skin, or hide: thought by ISd to be perhaps from الوُطْبُ: but the word commonly known is طبَ with toshdeed, mentioned in art. طب. (TA.)
".g., occurring in a trad., accorl. to one relation, and explained by $\mathrm{En}_{\mathrm{n}}$-Nadr as signifying The kind of food callcd and and clarified butter: but said to be erronoous: accord. to another relation, رطبة, which is erronoous : accord. to another, وَطِيْة [q.v., app. the right reading]. (TA.) Sec :"ْ.
 K:) as though having a a ; ; ( $\mathbf{S}_{\text {; ) i. e., carry- }}$ ing a وطس of milk. (TA.)

## وطث

 struck the ground vehemently with his foot: (S, $\mathbf{K}$ :) or he (a camel) struck vehemently with his foot : (TA :) a dial. form of 'رَّ 'رُ or viciously pronounced fur the latter word: ( $\mathbf{S}$ :) or the $\underset{ }{*}$ of وطث is a substitute for the وطس ; of and tho meaning is he broke: (Yaạkoob;) or ;رَّ
 trampléd, upon it so that he brohe it. (T.)

 (K,) The camels crowded, or pressed together, to the tank or cistern. (K.)
 Sahl, but in the copies of the $\mathbb{K}^{\mathbf{~ M}}{ }^{\prime \prime}$, (TA,) Dung (夭َّة) or mud that adheres to cloven hoofs, and to the claws, or talons of birds: (S, K : ) n. un. with o . (TA.)

## وطد


 ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{L}$;) He made a thing constant, firm, steady, steadfast, fast, or established. (Ṣ, L, K. .) -_ وَّ aor. يَطِّ, inf. n. وَطْرُ (S, L, K) and (L,
 or it, pressed upon a thing heavily; syn. تَقِّلَ (S, L, K.) - وَكَدْه إلَيْهِ He drew and pressed him to him; hugged him. (L, Ḳ*.) -وَّ inf. $\mathrm{n} .{ }^{\prime}{ }^{4}$, He pressed a thing to another thing,
 He pressed him to the ground [with his hand, or hands, or foot, or feet, ] and kept him fixed upon it, preventing his moving: (IAth, $\mathrm{L}:$ ) he trod upon him vehemently: ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{L}:$ ) occurring in a
 established, (
 up, (K,) and trod, (TA,) the ground, in order that it might become hard. (K, TA.) — See 5. - وَكَ He trod; trod upon; trod under foot; trampled upon; a dial. form of وُطِئُ. (K.) وَكَدْتُ عَنى بَابِ الغَارِ الصَّهُرْ $I$ و piled up the rocks at the entrance of the cave so as to stop it up with them. (S, L.) See also 4.
 'داط. $\ddagger$ God established, or confirmed, to the Sultan his dominion. (L.) - وَطَّرَهُ He beat it with the implement called مِيمَدَة. (A.)
4. وَقَعْ الجَبْلُ عَلْى بَابِ الََهْفِ فَأَوْكَهُ The mountain fell upon the entrance of the cavern, and stopped it up with its ruins. Occurring in a trad. IAth says, One should only say وَطَدْ ; or perhaps gbده is a dial. form. Another relation gives أوصَدَهُهـة. (L.) See also 1.

 constant, firm, steady, steadfast, fast, or established. (S $\left.\mathbf{S}^{*}, \mathbf{L}, \mathbf{K}.\right)$

## 8: see 5.

وَطْةً : so in the following words [of
 make thy punishment of Mudar severe!] ( $\mathbf{K}^{*}$,

 steady, steadfast, fast, or establishied. (L, K.)
 heavily; syn. مُمَّلً. (L, K.)
;' $\ddagger$ holds.' (Yaakoob, L.)
وَطْانِّدُ $\ddagger$ The foundations, or bases, or the columns, (
 [Such a person is one of the columns of el-Islám.] (A.) - وَطَاُتدُ : The sup-
 app. pl. of وُطِيدَّة. (TA.)

وْإطدُ Constant, firm, steady, steadfast, fast, settled, or established; as also, by transposition,


مُوَطَّ
ميطِّدَة A wooden implement with which the foundations of a building \&c. are compressed, in order that they may become hard. (A, L, K.) - A piece of wood wilh which a boring-instrument, or drill, is held: [i. e., a nooden socket which fits upon the top]. (S., L.)
, وَرّْ مُوْطَّ blished, or confirmed, might, or glory. (A.)

Continuous ; or constant and uninterrupted; ( K ;) as also وَاطِنُ and - $\ddagger$ Strong; vehement ; hard. (K, TA.)

## وطر

, A want; an object of want or need: ( $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{j}}$, $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{A}, \mathrm{Msp}, \mathrm{K}:$ ) or one nokich one purposes to accomplish: (Lth :) or for which one is anxious,
 Msb, K.) It has no verb. (Klı, S. Mṣb.) You say, تَضْيْتُ وُطَرِى I accomplished, or obtained, my rant, \&c. (A, Mgb, K.) And تَضْيْتٌ مـنْ كَذَا وَطْبىى I accomplished my rant of such a thing [so as to have no further need of it : see Ḳur, $\mathbf{x x x i i i . ~ 3 7 , ~ i n ~ t w o ~ p l a c e s ] . ~ ( L t h . ) ~}$

> [ C و \&c.
> See Supplement.]
وظه
 ,وَظْبَ (and , Mṣb) He continued, to do a thing; persevered in it : (Lth, Lh, S, $\mathbb{K}:$ ) or, (as also وَظْبَه, aor. and inf. n. as above, TA,)
号, he hept, attended, or applied himself, constantly, perseveringly, or assiduously, to a

