intensive epithets.] _____ A bet, wager, or stake, at a shooting-match (Lh, K) or a race. (IAar; and L in TA, voce .)

"it fell down, &c.," وَجَبَ inf. n. of وَجَبَهُ it fell down, &c.," q. v. بَخْبِهِ فَلْتَكُنِ الوَجْبَةُ ... q. v. بَخْبِهِ فَلْتَكُنِ الوَجْبَةُ [(May a disease be) in his side, or (may God afflict him, or smite him, with a disease) in his side, and may falling down upon the ground, and dying, happen (or be the result thereof)! رَمَاهُ اللَّهُ or ; بجنبه والا فلتكن الوجبة به i.e. م بداو بجنبه النع. (Freytag, Arab. Prov. i. 156)]. A falling with a sound, or noise, such as that produced by the fall of a wall or the like: (S, K:) [see 1, where it is given as an inf. n. unrestricted to the signification of a single act:] or the sound of a thing falling (K) and producing a sound such as above mentioned. (TA.) = An eating but once in the course of a day and night: (S, K:) or an cating but once in a day until the like cating in the following day: (K:) an inf. n. (Lh) [restricted to the signification of a single act]: you say, فُلَانُ يَأْكُلُ وَجُبُةً Such a one cats but once (T) in the course of the day and night. (AZ, S.) [See also _ ا _ In a trad. respecting the expiation of an oath, it is said, 2de Ile shall feed ten عَشَرَةَ مَسَاكِينَ وَجُبَةً وَاحِدَةً poor men with a meal sufficient for a day and a night]. (TA.)

. وُحَابُ عدد وُجَابُ

A daily allowance of food : or daily maintenance: syn. وَظَيِفَةُ : (K:) i.e., what a man is accustomed to allow himself [each day] as that which is necessary, and fixed: but the word in the A is وُجِيبَةً __ (TA.) _ وَجُبِيةً _ term employed in the case of] one's concluding a sale, and then taking it [meaning what is sold to him by regular successive portions, one after another, (AA, S, K,) or, as some say, on the condition of his taking a portion of it every day, (TA,) until he has taken the whole of his وجيبة : (K:) [which hence appears to signify both the act above described and also what is due to one of a thing purchased and taken in this manner; but more probably the latter is the only meaning intended]. When a person has finished doing Thou قد ٱسْتُوفَيْتَ وَجِيبَتَكَ [Thou hast taken the whole of what was due to thee of the thing purchased and taken by thee in the manner above described]. (S.)

Obligatory, or incumbent : opposed [. امتناني to

. وَجَابُ and وَجَابُهُ see وَجَابُ

Slain: (S:) dying; or dead. (TA.) So in the following verse of Keys Ibn-El-Khateem:

أَطَاعَتْ بَنُو عَوْفِ أَمِيرًا نَهَاهُمُ عَن السُّلْمِ حُتَّى كَانَ أُوَّلَ وَاجِب

[The sons of 'Owf obeyed a commander who forbade them to make peace until he was the first who was slain, or who died]. (Ṣ, TA.) == وَاجِبُ [act. part. n. of , Necessary; requisite; unavoidable: binding, incumbent, or obligatory. In the science of the fundamentals of religion, Necessarily being or existing; of which the nonexistence cannot be mentally conceived: as the essence of God. (IbrD.)] - Accord. to [the [in matters of واجب , Aboo-Ḥaneefeh religion] is not so strong a term as فَرْضُ [and so may be rendered incumbent, or obligatory; or that which is a necessary, or indispensable, duty; yet not so decisively or manifestly shown to be such as that which is termed فرض:] or, accord, to Esh-Sháfi'ce, these two terms are syn., signifying [binding, incumbent, or obligatory, by God's express appointment, as a thing for neglecting which one will be punished: and elements signifies that which should be preferred and approved; thus explained by El-Khattabee as occurring in the following trad.: The غُسْلُ الجُمْعَة وَاجِبٌ عَلَى كُلّ مُحْتَلِم ablution prescribed to be performed on Friday is an act which every one who has experienced a nocturnal pollution should prefer and approve. (TA.) = نِعَلَّ وَاجِبُ [A verb expressing an event as a positive fact] is such, for instance, as in the phrase بَيْنَهَا أَنَا كُذَا إِذْ جَاءً زَيْدُ [while I was thus, or in this state, lo, or behold, Zeyd came]. (S, L, art.).)

An effect; that which is produced by an operating cause; a result; a consequence. (Msb.) = [عُرَم مُوجَب], lit. An affirmed sentence ; i.q. مُنْفِي as contr. of مُنْفِق virtually the same as موجب , an affirmative sentence.]

A place where one falls down and dies; where one dies]. __ غَرُجُ القُوْمُ إِلَى __ The people went ; الى مُصَارِعِهِم i. 0. , مُوَاجِبِهِم forth to the places where they should be prostrated; or, as implied in the S, where they should full down and die; or where they should die], [and أمُوجِبَةً * A cause; an A name of the month (K) in ancient times. (TA.)

A great sin for which one descrees

great sin, and also an act of great goodness, which makes [the punishment of] hell, or [the reward of] paradise, the consequence thereof unless followed by repentance &c.] (K.) ___ of thee those things which will procure thy mercy !]. (TA, from a trad.) _ See موجب.

One who eats but once in the course of a day and a night. (AZ, S.) مُوجِّب A beast of carriago that is frightened at everything. (ISd.) Not known to AM. (TA.) _ See ____

God is worthy, or deserving, of praise; has a right, or just title or claim, to it; deserves it; merits it: syn. هُوَ وَلَيَّهُ, and (TA.) . مُسْتَحِقُّه

1. , aor. , inf. n. , He had recourse, or betook himself, to a thing or place, for protection or concealment. (L.) [As also . See 4.

4. اوجمه اليه He compelled or constrained or necessitated him to have recourse to, or to betake himself to, him or it for protection or le concealment or the like. (K.) __ البيُّتُ He curtained the house, or chamber, or tent; (K, TA ;) hung a curtain upon it. (TA.) اوجح He held fast, and defended, a thing. (L.) (L, K,) and ♥ , (K, TA,) or ♥ , (as in the L and CK,) It (a thing) appeared; became apparent. (L, K.) __ اوجم لنا الطّريقُ The road became apparent or conspicuous to us. (S.) ___ The fire became apparent or conspicuous. (S.) = اوجع He reached, in digging, smooth rock, (S, K,) which is called وجاح. (K.) = البُول The urine oppressed him by his wanting to void it. (S, L, K.)

A place to which one has recourse for protection or concealment; a place of refuge; an asylum: (L:) [us also :] a place resembling a sign [or cave in a mountain]. (L, K.)

and end end end end (S, L, K,) of which throe forms IAar prefers the first, (L,) and sometimes the , is changed into I, and one says أَجَاح and أَجَاح and أَجَاح, (S,) and in one dial. , indecl., with kesrel for its termination, (L,) and جاح , (K, in art. جوح,) A thing by which a person or thing is veiled. concealed, or hidden; a veil; a covering; a رَاءُ فُلَانٌ وَمَا عَلَيْهِ وجاح ___ (Ş, L, K.) punishment [in the world to come]: (TA:) or a Such a one came having upon him nothing to