accord. to $\mathbf{A H n}$, truffles (S) like pebbles, small, found in places where they have broken through the orust of the soil, in number from one to ten; they are bad in flavour; and are the first of 5 : or, as he says in another place, they are like كهأة, but are not 5 ; and they

 [Verily the sons of such a one are like benil-onbar]: one imagines that there is good in them [when there is none]. (M.) And تُقِيتُ مِنهُ بَنَاتَ أُوبِر $I$ experienced from him [a disappointment, or] a calamity, or misfortune.
 cvil, a foul, or an abominable, calamity, or misfortune. (TA, voce أشُرُ q. q. v.)

## وشت

 , تُوْبِبـُ , (TA, He collected companies, bodies, or forces, of various tribes, for war. ( $\mathrm{S},{ }^{*} \mathrm{~L}, \mathrm{TA}$.) (ISd, TA,) and ${ }^{\text {وتبُشْ (ISd, K,) sings. }}$ of أوبَا وانش (ISd, K, TA) which signifies A medley, or mixed multitude; (S, A, $\mathbf{K} ;$ ) and the lowest or basest or meanest sort, or refuse, or riffraff; ( $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K}$;) of men, or people ; (S, TA; ) or of troops, or soldiers; (A;) like أوْثَابٌ ; [and similar to أَشْوَابُ, but more particular ;] and said to be a pl., formed by transposition, of [q.v.]: (S) or sundry, or separate, sorts, of men, or people: (As, ISd, TA:) and of trees and plants: (ISd, TA:) or a small number, and those separate, of trees and plants. (A, TA.) —[Hence, app.,] وْبْشُ المعلَّمِ + What is bad of speech, or lamyuaje. (TA.)
.وَبْشُ : sen

## وبص

1. وَبصَ, (S, M, A, Msb, K,) aor. (S,
 (M, K) and , بُصَّ (M, TA,) said of lightning, (SS, A, K,) and of other things, (S., M,) It skone, gleained, or glistened. (Ș, M, A, Msb, K.) You say, [also,] وُبَصَت النَّارُ, inf. n. وُبْيـصْ , The light shone, or shone briyhtly; accord. to AHn; and skone brightly: ( M :) or the latter signifies $m y$ light showed its flame: ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) or my light began to show its flame: (ISk, Ṣ:) or اويصت ض النَّ signifies the fire appeared on being struck.
 of perfume. (Mgh, TA.)
4: see 1.- [Hence,] اوبصت الآرَّرضُ +The land began to show its plants, or herbage. (ISk, S.) $=$ I Í I made my fire to burn, or blaze, intensely. (A.)
(Fr, M, K) and (IDrd, K,)


 the name of that month in the Time of Ignorance : pl. وْبْصانَاتُ. (TA.)

## .وَابِّ see : وَبِيصَةُ

: وَبَّص : see what follows, in four places.
Shining, fleaming, or glistening: (Mạb:) and ", وتَّاصٌ (as in some copies of the K, ) or both, (M,) shining, gleaming, or glistening, much: ( $\mathbf{M}$, and some copies of the $\mathbf{K}$ :) or the latter, shining, gleaming, or glistening much in colour ; (so in other copies of the $\mathbf{K}$;) in which last sense, both are added to the epithet أُبـِضض: (TA :) and $\downarrow$ †بَّاًّ, applied to a cloud, signifies also intensely shining, or gleaming, with light-

 The moon. (IAar, K.) - وَابِصَة signifies i.q. بَرّْة [app. A flash of lightning] : (M:) and fire ; as also "وَبِيصَة: (IAar, $\mathrm{K}:$ :) and a live coal; as
 or وَابِصَةُ سْهُعْ, (S, A, K,) means A man who relies upon what is said to him: such a man is called 1 أُرُ 1 : and the epithet is made fem. because - 'S is meant: or the $\bar{z}$ may be added to render it intensive : ( M :) or the meaning is, who trusts in all that he hears: ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{K}$ :) or who hears speech and trusts in it: (A:) or who hears what is said and relies upon it, and thinls it true, but is not yet sure. (TA.) You say also, وَابِصَةُ [One nho relies upon what he hears
国 affair]. (TA.)

## [ \&c.

Sce Supplement.]

## وت

 Tho cry of the bird culled ورَشَان ور: (A A, L, K.) . (IAạr, L.)
وَسَاوِسُ Evil suggestions, fc. (K.) The $س$ is thus changed, in poctry, into $ت$, as


## وتا

1. was heary and slow in his gait, by reason of age, or by naturc. (K.) Not mentionel by J. bccause esteemed by him not chaste. (TA.)

| [ \&c. <br> Sce Supplement.] |
| :---: |
| وت |
|  |
| Tho cry of the bird culled ورُشَان. (A A, L, K.) ورشان (IAạr, L.) |

[^0].وإبضٍ sce : وْبِّةٌ

## وته

 fixed in the place, and did not move. (K.) Omitted by most of the lexicographers; and said by some to be a word mispronounced [app. for وَتَبَ]. (TA.)
وتع
 ,وَتْ , ( L, ) It (a thing, S S, or a gift, K) was little, or small, and palery, mean, or contemptible. (S, L, K.) - وَتَتْ عَمَاءَ , aor.
 inf. и. تَوْتِ ; (S ; ) He made his gift little, or small, (S, $\underset{i}{\mathrm{~K}}$,) and paltry, mean, or contemptible.
 little to him. (L.) اوتح لا He became " person of little property. ( $\mathbf{K}_{\text {) }}$ )

## 2 : see 1 and 4.

4: see 1. - اوتحَ فُكَنِّنا He harasscd and dis-


 a verse as related by Tu: as related by IAar it is اوتـن . (TA.)
5. توتَّ مِنَ الشَرابِ He drank a lictle of the bevcrage: ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{L}$ :) or, ns also توتَح الشَّرابَ, he drank the beverage by little and little. (TA.)
 - , mean, or contcmptible, thin!.^(S, K.) One say. also وعر A small, or little, or scanty, thing: the latter of the two epithets being an imitative sequent; (i); or, correctly, a corroborative. (Marg. note in a copy of the S.) ها اغنى , عنتى غبَكَة (L,) or $M$, or, or it, was of no profit,
 Food in which is no good; liko (L.) -
 man. (S.)
وَgْ وتُتَتُ

## وتد






[^0]:    تَأ

