

2. هَيْبَتُهُ إِلَيْهِ I made it to be regarded by him with reverence, veneration, or awe; with fear; or with cautious fear, or caution. (S, K.)

4. اِهَابَ بِصَاحِبِهِ † He called his companion. And in like manner, اَهْبَتُ بِهِ إِلَى الْخَيْرِ † I called him, or invited him, to what was good. (MF.) — اِهَابَ بِالْإِبِلِ He called to the camels, in driving them or urging them, by the cry هَابَ هَابٌ. (K.) — اِهَابَ بِغَنَمِهِ He (a pastor) cried out to his sheep, or goats, in order that they might stop, or return: and اِهَابَ بِالْبَعِيرِ [He cried out to the camel, for the same purpose]. (S.) اِهَابَةُ is The crying out to camels, and calling them. (As and others.) — اِهَابَ بِالْخَيْلِ He called the horses, or called out to them by the cry هَابَ (so in the S and in a MS. copy of the K: in the CK, هَابٌ,) or by the cry of هَبْ and هَبِي, meaning Come! Approach! or Advance boldly! (K.) Az remarks his having heard هَاب used [as a cry] only to horses; not to camels. (TA.) See هَبَّ, in art. هب.

5: see 1. — تَهَيَّبَنِي It filled me with awe, or fear: (El Jarmee:) it made me to fear: (S, ISd, Mgb:) I regarded it with awe, or fear; i.q. تَهَيَّبْتُهُ. (Th:) I feared it; i.q. خَفَّتُهُ. (S, ISd, K.) Ibn-Mukbil says,

- وَمَا تَهَيَّبَنِي الْمَوْمَاءُ أَرْكَبَهَا
- إِذَا تَجَاوَبَتِ الْأَصْدَاءُ بِالسَّحَرِ

[And the waterless desert fills me not with awe, or fear; (or makes me not to fear, &c.):] I ride over it when the male owls (?) answer one another at early dawn: تَهَيَّبَنِي being for تَهَيَّبَنِي. (S, &c.)

8: see 1.

هَبْ (K) and هَابٌ and هَبِي (S, K,) [but respecting the second of these words see 4,] Cries to horses, meaning, Come! Approach! (S, K,) or Advance boldly! (K.)

هَبْ and هَبِي: see هَابٌ.

هَابٌ † A serpent. (K.) — هَابٌ A calling to camels, in driving, or urging, them, by the cry هَابَ هَابٌ. (K.) — See 4.

هَيَّابٌ: } see هَابٌ, and مَهَيَّبٌ.
هَيَّابٌ: }

هَيْبَةٌ and مَهَابَةٌ: see 1. — [As subst., Reverence, veneration, respect, honour, dread, or awe; fear; cautious fear, or caution.] — Also, great, reverend, or venerable, dignity; a quality inspiring reverence or veneration or respect or honour; venerableness; awfulness; a quality inspiring dread or awe. (MF.)

هَابٌ: see هَيَّابٌ.

هَيَّابٌ: see هَابٌ. — هَيَّابٌ (K) or [rather] هَيَّابٌ (TA, [see هَابٌ]) A he-goat: (K:) explained by the word تَبَيْسٌ; but this is a signification not found [by SM] elsewhere, and appears to be a mistake for مُتَنَفِّسٌ; for in the L and other lexicons we find the word explained by مُتَنَفِّسٌ خَفِيفٌ, Scattered, and light; with a citation of the following verse of Dhu-r-Rummeh:

* تَمَّحَّ اللَّغَامُ الْهَيَّابَانَ كَأَنَّهُ *
* جَنَى عَشْرٍ تَنَفَّفِهِ أَشْدَّاقَهَا الْهَدْلُ *

[She ejects from her mouth the scattered and light froth, as though it were plucked fruit of the 'oshar which the flabby sides of her mouth cast forth:] and we also find, in the R, قَطُنٌ هَيَّابٌ explained as signifying cotton that is plucked, or teased with the fingers, so as to become scattered; syn. مُتَنَفِّسٌ: or هَيَّابٌ signifies, in the above-cited verse, accord. to some, Light, [which signification is also given in the K, but in the CK displaced; following, instead of preceding, the word الرَّاعِي, and without و before it;] and separated into small particles: (TA:) [or] the froth of the mouth of camels; (Az, K;) i.q. لُغَامٌ: (Mj, Sifr es-Sa'ádeh:) Az cites the above verse; and says, that the fruit of the عَشْر [or asclepias gigantea] comes forth like a small pomegranate, and, when burst open, discloses what resembles [white] raw silk; to which the poet likens the froth of the camel's mouth.

(TA.) — هَيَّابٌ (or هَيَّابٌ, TA,) A pastor. (K, from Es-Seeráfee.) [Accord. to the CK, a light, or an active pastor: but see above.] — هَيَّابٌ (or هَيَّابٌ, TA,) Dust, or earth: syn. تَرَابٌ. (K.) — See هَابٌ.

هَيَّابٌ: see هَيَّابٌ.

هَيَّابٌ: } see هَابٌ.
هَيَّابَةٌ: }

هَابٌ [act. part. n. of هَابٌ, Regarding with reverence, veneration, dread, or awe; with fear; with cautious fear, or caution;] fearing men. (K.) This is the original [simple] epithet. (TA.) — The following, which are explained in the K in the same manner as the above, are intensive epithets: (TA:) namely هَيَّابٌ (S, K) and هَيَّابَةٌ (S, L,) [in which the ة is added to strengthen the intensiveness,] and هَيَّابٌ and هَيَّابَةٌ (S, K,) in which ة is added for the purpose above mentioned, (TA,) and هَيَّابٌ (K,) which may be contracted into هَيَّبٌ (TA,) and هَيَّابٌ (K) and هَيَّابٌ (S, K) and هَيَّابٌ (K;) of which last two forms, the latter only is admitted by some of the learned; but MF admits only the former

of them; asserting فَيَعْلَانُ to be unknown as the measure of an unsound word, like as فَيَعْلَانُ is unknown as that of a sound word except in extr. instances; (TA;) [Having much reverence, veneration, dread, or awe; much fear; much cautious fear, or caution:] fearing men [much]: (K:) a coward, who regards men with awe, or fear, &c.: (S:) [The last of these epithets is also explained in the CK as signifying having much fear, or very fearful; (كثِيرُ الْخَوْفِ); and a coward: but in the TA and in a MS copy of the K, الْخَوْفِ is omitted; and in the TA is added by the author, after كَثِيرٌ, the words مَنْ كَلَّ شَيْءٍ; as though the meaning of the word were "much, or many, of any things:" the correct reading seems to be the former, and the meaning intended by SM, having much fear, or very fearful, of everything: in like manner] هَيَّابٌ signifies a man who fears everything. (TA.) — هَيَّابٌ [Faith is fearful, or very fearful; i. e.,] he who possesses faith fears acts of disobedience: occurring in a trad.: (S:) in this case, هَيَّابٌ is used in the sense of an act. part. n.: or it signifies [faith is feared; or regarded with reverence, &c.; i. e.,] he who possesses faith is feared, or regarded with reverence, &c.: in which case هَيَّابٌ is used in the sense of a pass. part. n. (TA.)

هَذَا الشَّيْءُ مَهَيَّبَةٌ لَكَ [This thing is a cause of awe, or fear, to thee]. (S.)

مَهَيَّبٌ: see مَهَيَّبٌ.

مَهَابَةٌ: see مَهَابَةٌ.

مَهَيَّبٌ: see مَهَيَّبٌ.

مَهَيَّبٌ and مَهَيَّبٌ (S, K,) the former agreeable with rule, (TA,) and مَهَيَّبٌ (K) [respecting which see also هَابٌ,] and مَهَيَّبٌ (Th, IM, K,) [Regarded with reverence, veneration, respect, honour, dread, or awe; with fear; with cautious fear, or caution;] a man whom others regard with reverence, &c.; (S;) a man whom others fear. (K.) — مَكَانٌ مَهَيَّبٌ, formed from the verb مَهَيَّبَ, the original مَهَيَّبٌ being changed into مَهَيَّبٌ (S, K,) A place regarded with awe, or fear; (S;) a place in which one is impressed with awe, or fear: as also مَكَانٌ مَهَيَّبٌ (S, K:) مَهَيَّبٌ signifies a place of awe, or fear. (IB.) — مَهَيَّبٌ and مَهَيَّبٌ and مَهَيَّبٌ † The lion: (K:) because regarded with awe, or fear, by men. (TA.)

مَهَيَّبٌ: see مَهَيَّبٌ.

هيت

2. هَيْبَتُهُ إِلَيْهِ (S, K,) inf. n. تَهَيَّبْتُهُ (TA,) also هَوَّتْ (S,) He cried out to him, and called