## Boor I.]

 or wide tract of the kind called ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ — Custom : syn. عَارَ. (K.) — A part of the night. (K.) -. The mention of مهوأنت in this art., by $J$, says IB, and $F$ after him, is wrong; for its measure is مفوءز; the , being an augmentative letter. [But if so, $F$ has himself done wrong, in mentioning it, not only here, but also in art. هو , (where, if the ge augmentative, it is equally inappropriate,) as though it were a quasi-quadriliteral-radical word, of the measure .منعالّل] ISd gives it as formed by transposition from the root ${ }^{i}$, and explains it as signifying a wide place. (TA.)


هوب

1. هُوبَ: see art. هُبَ.
 , and (S, K, K, ) or, accord. to some, as stated in a marginal note in a copy of the $\mathbf{S}$, in the handwriting of Aboo-Zekereeya, , with هو هوبِ دابرٍ as a prefixed n., (TA,) Í left him in such a place that it mas not known where he was: ( $\mathbf{(}, \mathrm{K}:$ ) being the name of a land over which the Jinn, or genii, have obtained ascendancy: (TA:) or the correct reading is [موت] with تهوت A stupid, or foolish, und loguacious, man: (A'Obeyd,
 or burning, of fire; ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{K}$;) and its faming, or blazing; of the dial. of El-Yemen: also, the heat, or burning of the sun: also of the dial. of El-Yemen. (TA.)

 :) he cried out to kim, and called him.


هُوتَتْ : see what follows.
 tract, or piece, of land: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{K}:$ ) or a deep place: (IAh:) or the space betmeen two mountains: (IAar:) pl. هُوْتُ (as in the CK) or as in the TA.) It may be said that ${ }^{\text {eُوتُتُ }}$ are coll. gen. ns. [of each of which the n. un. is with ö. (TA.) - Also A road, or may, descending to nater. (I Aapr.) - صَبُ اللُّهُ عَلَبْهِ虎 ISd says, I know not what is here. [It probably signifies $A$ cry, such as destroyed the tribe of Thamood : see شَوَّتَ.] (TA.)

A certain time, or portion, of the night passed. Accord. to Aboo-
 coordinate to $\dot{\sim} \dot{\sim}$ (TA.)
, $A$ cry by which the Arabs urge on a dog against the game which they are pursuing. (TA.) [In the L written ona and mentioned in art. ${ }^{-}$.]

## هوث

 among them. (TA.) [Sce art. يوث.]

مُوْتُ A thirst. (K.)

## هوج

 ( $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{TA}$;) $H e(a \operatorname{man})$ was characterized by nhat is termed (L, A,) which is similar to ; (L ; ) i.e., stupidity, foolishness, or paucity of sense : ( $\mathrm{J}, \mathrm{L}$ :) tallness, combined with hastiness, and stupidity or foolishness or paucity of sense: ( $\mathrm{S}:$ ) or tallness, with stupidity or fooliskness or paucity of sense and lerity or fichleness or unstealiness, and hastiness: ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) or tallness, with levity or fickleness or $u n$ steadiness, and hastiness: (TA :) or tallness, (A,) or excessive tallness, ( L, ) with stupidity or foolishness or paucity of sense. (L.)
4. اهاوجهُ IIe found him to be such a man as is termed أْهْوَج ا. (L.)

5 : see 1.
, فَوَ فُلَّنْ عَوْج , see 1. and are syn., [meaning In such a one is a deviation from rectitude]. (AA, L.)
伯 a dial. form of but of weak authority. (L, from a trad.)
. 1 A man characterized by what is termed هوَّ
; (S., L, \&c.;) stupid, foolish, or having little sense: ( $\mathrm{J}, \mathrm{L}:$ ) or tall, rith hastiness, and stupidity or foolishness or paucity of sense,
 | أَهوْج الطُّولِ A man excreedingly, or excessively, tall. (A.) - Also أَمْرَج $\ddagger$ A courageous man, who throws himself into a scene of war. (A.) أهُؤُ 1 A he-camel that goes quickly, as though characterized by what is termed שُوَ: fem.

 (TA;) i.e., a she-camel that goes quickly, \&c., as explained above; ( $\underset{\sim}{\mathbf{S}}, \mathbf{K}$;) and that does not
alnays care . where she puts her feet on the
 bloms violently: (IAar:) oi" a wind of which the blasts are closely conseoutive, as though characterized by what is termed ${ }^{י}$ : or a wind that carries away the dust, and makes a trace upon the ground like that made by dragging the skirt: (TA:) or a wind that tears up the tents: (S, K:) pl. (S. (S.)

## هو2

 $\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}, \& \mathrm{c} .$, ) He returned (IAạr, A, L, Mọb) from evil to good or from good to evil: (I Aapr, $\mathrm{L}:$ ) he repented, ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{A}, \mathrm{L}, \underset{\mathrm{K}}{\mathrm{K}}$ ) and returned to the truth; (S., L, K ; ) as also " تهوّ : (L:) and the latter, he repented and did righteously. (AO, Ṣ, A, L.) - هُدْنَا إنْتْتُ We have turned unto Thee with repentance. [Kur, vii, 155.] So accord. to Mujáhid and Sa'eed Ibn-Jubeyr and Ibráheem. (L.) It is made trans. by means of because implying the meaning of

 $\mathbf{K}$;) He became a Jen; (S, A, L, $\mathbf{K}$;) he became of the Jemish religion. (L, Mģl.)
 made him (his son [for instunce] IIsb) a Jen; (S, L, Mṣl);) he turned him to the religion of the Jews; ( $\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}$;) taught him that religion, and initiated him in it. (L.) = تْهويد The talking together of jinn, or genii: ( $\mathbf{L}, \underset{\substack{k}}{\mathbf{K}}$ ) so termed because of the gentleness and weakness of their
 his voice, or quavered, or trilled, gently. (IbnJebeleh, L, K.) - هوَد, (L, ) inf. n. تْهُوِيد, (K,) He sang; syn. غَنَّى: (Aboo-Málik, L:) he snng, or gladdened, and diverted; syn. طَرْبَ وَآلْمْت
 nent, or proceeded, gently, or in a leisurely manner, ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}$, ) like the mamer termed : دُبِيـُ : from (S, L, K.) It is said in a
 [Make ye your pace to be quick at a funeral, and go ye not in a gentle or leisurely manner like as go the Jerrs and the Christians]. (S.) See also 5. - هوّ , (L, ) inf. n. تَتْوِيد, (S., L, K, ) It beverage, or wine, intoxicated ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}$ ) a person : and rendered him languid, and caused him to sleep. (L.) -
 (TA;) He uitered a weak, gentle, (L, K,) and languid, ( L, ) voice. (L, K.) - هوّ, inf. n.
 wás lon, not loud, in speech, or utterance. (S, L,


