

that one plucks from the tail: n. un. with 5. (TA.) — هَلْبٌ [pl. of هَلْبَةٌ] Tails and manes plucked out. (TA.) = هَلْبٌ Continuance, or constant succession, of rain. (TA.)

رَجُلٌ هَلْبٌ [A man having much hair; of the kind called هَلْبٌ; very hairy: see هَلْبٌ:] a man whose هَلْبٌ is growing forth. (TA.)

هَلْبَةٌ The hair that is above the pubes, extending near to the navel. (TA.) See هَلْبٌ = كَلْبَةٌ Severity, or pressure, of fortune: like كَلْبَةٌ and جَلْبَةٌ. (S.) — Also, and هَلْبَةٌ, Severity, or intensesness, of winter. (K.) أَتَيْتُهُ فِي هَلْبَةٍ I came to him during the severe, or intense, cold of winter. (El-Umawee.)

هَلْبَةٌ: see هَلْبَةٌ.

هَلُوبٌ A woman who draws near to her husband, or ingratiates herself with him; syn. مَتَقَرَّبَةٌ مِنْ زَوْجِهَا; (K, TA;) and is loving, or affectionate, to him; and distant with respect to others. (TA.) — Also, contr., A woman who is distant, or shy, with respect to her husband, or who alienates herself from him, or avoids or shuns him, (K,) and draws near to, or ingratiates herself with, her special friend. (TA.) — From هَلْبَةٌ he carped at him severely with his tongue; because a wife carps either at her husband or at her friend: or, accord. to IAqr, in the former sense, from هَلْبٌ “a day of gentle, constant, innocuous rain;” and in the latter sense from the same phrase as signifying “a day of rain attended by thunder and lightning and terrors, and destructive to dwellings.” (TA.)

هَلَابٌ and هَلَيْبٌ: see هَلَابٌ.

هَلَابَةٌ The filth that is washed away from the membrane which encloses the foetus: (K:) i. q. هَوْلَابٌ: [a word which has two applications, which see:] also called هَلَابَةُ السَّقَاءِ: (TA:) [but هَلَابَةُ السَّقَاءِ is written by mistake for هَلَابَةُ السَّقِي]. [See also هَلَابَةٌ.]

هَلَابٌ (K) and هَلَابَةٌ (S, K) A cold wind, with rain. (S, ISd, K.) — هَلَابٌ يَوْمٌ A day in which is wind and rain: (S:) a day of rain attended by thunder and lightning and terrors, and destructive to dwellings. (IAqr.) — Also, A day of gentle, constant, innocuous rain. (IAqr.) — Also, A day of dry cold; or dry by reason of cold. (Az, in the T, art. هَلَابٌ.) — هَلَابٌ عامٌ, and هَلَابٌ, A year of much rain. (K.) — هَلَابٌ عامٌ: A plentiful, or fruitful, year; a year of abundant herbage, or vegetation: like هَلَابٌ. (S.) — هَلَابٌ and هَلَابٌ and هَلَابٌ, (K,) or as in one copy of the K, that of Et-Tablāwee, the last is هَلَابٌ, (TA,) and this is the more correct reading, (MF,) [Three] very cold

days, in Kánoon el-'Orwal [or January O.S.]: or in the severe, or intense, cold of winter: (K:) or in the severe, or intense, cold of the month [above mentioned], in the latter part of it. (L.) = هَلَابٌ † One who satirizes [and reviles] much: (ISh:) [who carps much and severely at others with his tongue: see 1].

مُدْخِرُجُ البَعْرِ and هَالِبُ الشَّعْرِ [Two] days of winter. (K.) — See art. دَحْرَجُ. — لَيْلَةٌ هَالِبَةٌ A rainy night. (K.)

أَهْلَبٌ Having much hair [of the kind called هَلْبٌ]; very hairy: (K:) fem. هَلْبَاءٌ. (CK.) A horse having much hair of the kind called هَلْبٌ: (S:) a coarse-haired man: (TA:) a man having coarse hair upon the part where are the two veins called الأَخْدَعَانِ, and upon his body: (TA:) having much hair upon the head and body. (TA.) — أَهْلَبٌ A tail cut off. (K.) — Also, [accord. to the CK, or,] Having no hair upon it: and, contr., Having much hair: (K:) [in each sense, as seems to be implied in the K, an epithet applied to a tail: but, app., accord. to the TA, applied to a horse]. — هَلْبَاءٌ, fem., A beast of carriage (TA) having much hair. (K, TA.) — هَلْبَاءٌ The podex; syn. إِسْتٌ: (K:) used as a subst.; originally an epithet. (TA.) — إِيَاكَ وَأَهْلَبَ العَضْرُطِ Beware of him who has a hairy podex. Originally said by a woman to her son, who was boasting that he found no one whom he did not overcome, and who was afterwards thrown down by a man answering to this description. A proverb used in cautioning the self-conceited. (Meyd, TA.) — أَرْضٌ هَلْبَاءٌ † Land abounding with plants, or herbage. (TA.) — Also, [contr.,] † Land of which the herbage has been eaten. (TA.) — هَلْبَةٌ هَلْبَاءٌ (in the CK, هَلْبَاءٌ) A severe calamity. (K.) — See هَلَابٌ.

أَهْلُوبٌ He [a horse] has ardour, or impetuosity, in his running &c.: formed by transposition from, or a dial. form of, أهْلُوبٌ. (M.) [His (a horse's) running is of ardent, or impetuous, modes, or manners]. (TA.) — أَهْلُوبٌ A kind, or way [of speech]: syn. قَنْ (K) and أهَالِيْبٌ: (AO:) pl. أهَالِيْبٌ. (AO, K.) — أَهْلُوبٌ من الشَّاءِ A kind, or way, of praising, or eulogizing. (TA.)

مَهْلُوبٌ (S, A, L, Msh) and مَهْلَبٌ (TA) A horse having his tail shorn: (Msh:) having the hair of his tail utterly removed: (L:) having his هَلْبٌ [or coarse hair, of the tail &c.,] shorn: (A:) having his هَلْبٌ plucked out. (S, TA.)

مَهْلُوبٌ: see مَهْلُوبٌ.

هَلَابٌ: see هَلَابٌ.

هلبت

هَلْبَاتٌ A kind of dates. Said to be the only

kind brought from El-Baḡrah to the Sulṭán. (AHn.)

هَلْبُوتٌ Stupid; foolish; of little sense: or dull of speech and understanding; doltish; heavy; syn. قَدَمٌ. (S, and some copies of the K.)

هلبج

هَلْبَجَةٌ Stupid; foolish; of little sense: (S:) or one unsurpassed in stupidity, foolishness, or paucity of sense: or heavy, dull, stupid, and of little use: (TA:) or a heavy, or dull, man: (T:) as also هَلْبِجٌ: (L:) Khalaf El-Aḡmar says, I asked an Arab of the desert respecting the meaning of هَلْبِجَةٌ, and he said, It means a stupid, or foolish, man, or one of little sense, bulky, or corpulent, impotent in speech or actions, and heavy, or dull, or doltish, a great eater, who — who — who — and he continued to add to his interpretation something each time; after which he said to me, desiring to depart, he is one who comprises every evil quality. (S, K.)*

هلت

1. هَلَّتْ, [aor. 2 and -?] inf. n. هَلَّتْ, He peeled a thing; or deprived it of its outer covering, or crust; syn. قَشَرَ. (K.) — هَلَّتْ الدَّمُ, as also هَلَّتْ, He peeled off, or scraped off, (قَشَرَ,) the [dried] blood with a knife. (Lh, L.) — هَلَّتْ دَمٌ هَلَّتْ, [as also هَلَّتْ,] He scratched the skin of the بَدَنَةِ [or beast brought to Mehkeh for sacrifice, or there sacrificed, or the right reading is التَّدْبَةِ, i. e. the scar. (see هَلَّتْ,)] with a knife, so that he made the blood to appear. (Lh, L, TA.)

7. انْهَلَّتْ يَعْدُو, (in the CK, انْهَلَّتْ يَعْدُو, He withdrew himself privately, or stole away, without being known to do so, running. (Ibn-El-Faraj, K.)

هَلْتِي A certain plant; (S, K;) when it dries, it becomes red; and when it is eaten, and grows, it is called جَمِيمٌ: or, accord. to Az, a certain tree, growing like the صَلْبِيَانِ, except that its colour inclines to red: or, accord. to Aboo-Ziyád, as AHn says, a plant of the kind called طَرِيْفَةٌ, growing like the صَلْبِيَانِ and the نَصِي, red when fresh and moist, and more red when it has dried; it is watery; and the camels and sheep &c. scarcely ever eat it when they find any other herbage to serve them in its stead. (TA.)

هَلَاتَةٌ The black filth that is washed away from the membrane which encloses a young lamb or kid in its mother's womb. (K, TA.) [For هَلَاتَةٌ غَسَالَةٌ السُّوَدَاءِ, as in the copies of the K in my hands, I read السُّوَدَاءِ. — See also هَلَابَةٌ.]