8: see 1.

A little water. (S, K.) Abu-n-Nejm says, describing asses,

(Ṣ, L,) meaning Until, when they had taken into their bellies a little water: or نشوح signifies a drinh less than suffices to satisfy. (L.)

نشد

1. نَشَنَ , (Ṣ, Ķ, &c.,) aor. عُ , (Ṣ, Mṣb. &c.,) رنشْدَانٌ and نَشْدَةٌ (L, Meb, K) and نَشْدٌ and رنشْدَانٌ (S, M, L, K,) or these two are simple substs., (Mab,) He raised his voice in seeking for, or after, a stray-beast, or beast that had been lost; he called out and inquired respecting it; he cried it: (L:) or he sought for, or after, it: (Lh, A'Obeyd, إنشد ♦ [in like manner] انشد ♦ Ş, M, L, Mşb, K:) and he asked, or desired, to be directed to it. (M, L, K.) _ Also, He made known, or gave information of, a stray-beast, or beast that had been lost; (Lh, A'Obeyd, M, L, Msb K;) and so انشد الله الله : (Lh, S, M, IKtt, L, Msb, K:) thus the latter verb [as well as the former] bears two contr. + He sought, sought for or after, or desired, a thing. (L.) _ نَشُدُهُ + He asked, begged, or besought, him. (L.) __ نشد + He was asked, begged, or besought. (S, L.) See 6: and 4. ___ sec نَشْدَةُ and نَشْدَةُ sec (أَشُدَةُ aor. 4, L, اللهُ (أَنْ أَنْ) أَشَدُهُ below)] and نَشْدَانُ ; (L;) and أنشده أن inf. n. نشَادٌ and نشَادٌ (M, L, K;) ; He adjured him. (M, * L, * K.) __ نَشُوهُ بِأَلله __ ; He adjured him by God; (L, K;*) accord. to most of the grammarians and lexicologists, with a desire of conciliating him. (MF.) __ , نشده (aor. ع, T, S,) inf. n. نَشْدُ, He said to him نَشُدُتُكُ ٱلله , (Ş, L, K,) which signifies I conjure, bey, or beseech, thee by God; (S, A, Mgh, L, Msb, K;) as though thou remindedst him of God, and he remembered; (Ṣ, L;) as also أَنْ شُدُكُ أَنَّا and مَا اللهُ (L,) and انا شَدْتُكُ لا الله (A, Mgh, L,) and بالله : (Mgh, L, Msh :) originally, I conjure thee by God, raising my voice: (Et-Towsheel: :) or it signifies I remind thee of God, conjuring; and originally, I beseech of thee by God; the thing for which one conjures being preceded by آلاً or what is syn. therewith, [as أَمَا or by an interrogative or imperative or prohibitive: (MF:) or it signifies I remind thee of God, desiring to conciliate thee; as also نَشَدْتُكَ بِٱللَّهُ (Msb:) or نشْدَانُ and نَشْدَةُ and نَشْدَةً and نَشْدَةً signifies I adjure thee by God; as also أُنْشُدُتُكُ * signifies I adjure thee by God; as also بَالله; (M, L,) or this latter is erroneous: (Mgh, L:) and so signifies نَشْدَكُ ٱللهُ ; (M, L, K;) in

which نشده is said to be originally نشده inf. n. put in the place of the verb, or منشده inf. n. put in the place of the verb, or منشده is a phrase of unpremeditated formation, like عَعْدَكُ الله and قعْدَكُ الله قعْدَكُ الله ورد ورد الله ورد الل

3. في الأُمْرِ, and في الأُمْرِ, † He desired and asked of him the thing. (L.) _ See 1.

4. انشده الشده انشده انشده الشده الشده الشده الشده الشده الشده المنابع المناب

أَنشُّد الأُخْبَارَ (A, If sought to learn news (A, K) without others knowing the same.

6. تناشدوا † They recited [poetry] one to unother. (L, Mşb, Ķ.) — El-Ansha, in the following verse,

10. استنشدهٔ الشَّعْرُ (Ṣ, A,* L, Ķ*) † He asked or desired him to recite the poetry. (Ķ.)

غَدُانٌ and نَشُدُهُ Search for, or after, a stray-beast. See also 1. (Msb.) Also, A making known, or informing respecting, a stray beast. See also 1. (Msb.) نشُدة لا منافذ من المنافذة من المنافذة الم

نِشْدَةُ see : نِشْدَانُ

تُشيدُ Elevation of the voice: (L, K:) or the voice itself. (L.) _ ! Poctry recited (S, A, L, Msb, K) by people, one to another: (S, A, L, K:) as also أُنْشُودُهُ أُنْ (K:) pl. of the former, نَشَائِدُ (TA;) and of the latter, أَنْشُودُهُ (A, K.)

أَسُدُ [act. part. n. of نَشَدَ] in the following verse of Aboo-Du-ad,

[And she listens sometimes like as he who has lost a beast gives ear to the voice of a اناشد, signifies a man making known, or giving information of, a stray-beast: or, as some say, one seeking for, or after, a stray-beast; for he who has lost a beast desires to find one who, like himself, has lost one, that he may be consoled thereby. (S, M, L.) See art. فشدون موخ Men who seek after stray-camels, and take them, and confine them from their owners. (L.)

. نَشِيدٌ see أَنْشُودَةً

مُتَنَاشَدُ † Poetry recited by people, one to another. (Ş, L, K.)

شر

1. نَشُر (Ṣ, A, Mṣb,) aor. ٤, (Ṣ, TA,) inf. n. نَشْرٌ, (S, A, Mab, K,) He spread, spread out, or open, expanded, or unfolded, (S, TA,) a garment or piece of cloth (A, Msb, TA) or the like, (TA,) goods, &c., (S,) and a writing; (A;) contr. of رَيْ نَاشِيرٌ ، inf. n. نَشَرٍ ﴿ (K, بِ طُوَى) طُوَى : طُوَى TA:) [or the latter is with teshdeed to denote muchness, or frequency, or repetition, of the action, or its application to many objects, as is shown by an explanation of its act. part. n., which see spread out, or, as we say, pricked up, his ears: and hence the saying,] نَشَرَ لَذُلكَ الأَمُّرِ أَذُنيَه [,lit., He spread out his ears at that thing: meaning, the was covetous of that thing, or eager for it. رنشر الخَبر __ (Har. p. 206.) [See نَاشر below.] (Ş, A, K,) aor. - and -, (S, K) inf. n. نَشُرُ , (K,) He spread, or published, the news. (S, A, K.) , aor. -, (Meb,) inf. n. زُشُرٌ (Meb, K;) [and انشر , or this is with teshdeed for the purpose mentioned above;] He scattered, or dispersed, (Msb, K, TA,) [people, &c.; or] sheep or goats, (Msb, TA,) and camels, (TA,) after confining them in the nightly resting-place. (Msb.) _ He sprinhled water. (A.) __ نَشُوَتِ الرِّبِعُ The wind blew in a misty or cloudy day [so as to disperse the mist or clouds]. (IAar, K.) _ نَشَرُ عَنْهُ _ __ (A, K,) inf. n. نَشَر * عَنْهُ (A;) and نَشْر * (A, L, TA,) inf. n. تَنْشِيرُ; (Ş, A, L, TA;) and in like manner انشّره ; (S, TA;) ! He charmed amay