last being a variation of that immediately preceding,] and استماز, (S, A, K,) It was, or became, put, or set, apart, away, or aside; or removed; or separated; (S, A, Msb, K;) from another thing, or other things: (Msb:) and the last, استماز, he went, or withdrew, aside, or to a distance, (K, TA,) عَنِ الشَّيْء from the thing. (TA.) All these forms are syn.; but in the phrase مِزْنُهُ فَلُمْ يَمَّزُ signifying I put it, or set it, apart, &c., but it did not remain so] Lh allows the verbs to be is used in other cases; for] you say انهاز لا عُنْ He shifted from his place of prayer; or quitted it for another. (TA.) [See also 1, last signification.] You say also, امتار القَوْمُ, meaning, تَمِيّز لا بَعْضُهُم مِنْ بَعْضِ [The people were, or became, put, or set, apart, &c., one from another]: (Ş, TA:) and, as also أتميزوا , they became on one side: or they became alone, or separate: and the former, they withdrew, in a : استهازوا † company or troop, aside; as also they became تهايزوا ♥ [TA:) and [in like manner] separated: (A:) and they formed themselves into separate companies, or troops, and went away, one from another. (TA. التَّمَايُزُ being there and امتاز] __ ([التَّحَرُّبُ والتَّنَافُرُ aaid to signify the other forms mentioned above, in the first sentence of the paragraph, as syn. with it, also signify It was, or became, distinguished, or discriminated, or discerned: in which sense, ♥تميز is the most common. You say also, تَمْيِّزُ ۗ فُلاَنْ Such a one was, or became, distinguished بَٱلْكُرُم تُمَيَّزُت لا and تَمَايَزُت لا الأَثْمَاءَ And الرُّثُمَاءَ The things were, or became, distinguished, or discriminated, one from another; or distinct.]

10: see 8, throughout.

inf. n. of 1, q.v. __ Also, High or elevated rank or condition or state [by which one is distinguished from others]. (TA.)

The act of putting, or setting, apart, away, or aside; of removing, or separating]: a subst. from فازه (TA.) _ [Discrimination, or discernment: and hence,] understanding. (TA.)

رُجُلٌ مُيَّازُ, and أَرْجُلُ مُيَّازُ, [A man of much discrimination or discernment.] (A.)

[Distinguishing, or discriminating : und hence, a rational animal]. وَبُولُ مُمْيِزُ: sec

ِمُيَسَانٌ and مُيْس .inf. n بَهِيسُ aor مَاسَى . He walked with an elegant and a proud and selfconceited gait; or so walked with an affected inclining of the body from side to side; (S, M, A, K;) excepting that in the A the fem. forms

of the pret. and aor. are given;) as also * تميّس: (Ş, A, * K :) accord. to the Lth, مَيْسُ signifies a kind of مَيْسَان, [app. a mistranscription for مَيلان, or inclining,] with, or in, the gait and motion above described, like that of the bride, and of the camel; for he sometimes does this in going along with his هُوْدَج [or litter which serves as a vehicle for women]. (TA.)

4. أَمَاسَتْ إِسْمَا [She (a woman) made her body to incline from side to side in walking in the manner above described.] (M.)

5 : see 1.

A kind of tree, (AHn, S, M, K,) of great size, (A, Hn, M, K,) resembling in its growth and its leaves the [kind of willow called] when young, it is white within; but when غُرَب it grows old, it becomes black, like آبنوس or ebony], and so thick that wide tables are made of it; (AḤn, M;) and camels' saddles (رحال) are made of it. (AHn, S, M.) - Hence, A camel's saddle (رحل), as being made of the kind of tree above described. (TA.) - Also, A species of grape-vine, that rises somewhat upon a trunk, (AHn, M, K,*) not all of it spreading out into branches: (AHn, M:) AHn adds, its native place is the district of El-Jezeereh called Saroog (سروع), and it is related, of a person of know ledge, that he saw it at Et-Taïf: and hence the name of the raisins called (TA:) [but ISd says, in continuation of AHn's account of the former of the trees above mentioned, not of the latter,] an Arab of the desert informed me, that he had seen it at Et-Taïf, and hence, he said, the raisins called مَيْس [not مَيْسي] are thus named: (M:) [and F says,] مَيْسُ signifies a kind of raisins; as well as a species of grapevine &c. (K.) — Also, [The pole of a plough;] the long piece of wood that is between the two bulls. (AHn. M.)

مه عدد میسی عدد است

مُيَّاسٌ see مَيْسَانُ.

. مُيَّاسُ : see مُيَّاسُ. _ Also, A boy beautiful in stature and face. (K.)

مياس see : ميوس

(Ibn-'Abbad, مَيْسَانٌ ♥ (Ṣ, A, Ķ) مَيْاسٌ (A, Ķ) and مَيْوسٌ ♦ and مَيُوسٌ ♦ One who walks with an elegant and a proud and selfconceited gait; or who so walks with an affected inclining of the body from side to side: (S, A, K:) [or the first and second and third, one who does so much, or often, or habitually: and the last, being a simple act. part. n., one so walking:]

and أميَّاسة signifies the same as مُيسُون , in the sense explained above, applied to a woman, and is of one of the measures not mentioned by Sb, like مُسَنَ, or it is from مُسَنَ, and therefore of the measure زَيْعُولُ; but more probably from الْهَيْسُ M.) ـ Also, الْهَيْسُ The lion that so walks; (K, TA;) an epithet applied to him because of his little regard for him whom he meets: (TA:) or the lion: (Sgh, TA:) and, (accord. to IDrd, TA,) the wolf; (K;) because he so walks. (TA.) _ Also, غَصْنٌ مُيَّاسٌ An inclining, or a bending, branch. (M.)

مُيَّاسُ see مَائسُ.

,میش]

See Supplement.]

ميط

مَيْطٌ , inf. n. يُمِيطُ , inf. n. يُمِيطُ , inf. n. مَاطُ (Msb, K) and مَيْطَانْ, (K,) He removed; retired, or went, to a distance; or became remote; (As, IAar, * A'Obeyd, S, Mab, K;) ais from him; (IAar, A'Obeyd, S, K;) as also استماط (TA;) and tole; (IAar, A'Obeyd, S, K;) but As disallows the last in this sense; (S,* Mab;) it occurs, however, in a trad.: (TA:) also, he ment away; (S, TA;) and so اماط: (TA:) and it (a thing) went away. (TA.) __ He, or it, in-. ماد and ماد , and ماد , clined to one side; or declined; i.q., ماد (TA.) _ Also, aor. as above, inf. n. he, He declined, or deviated, from the right course; or acted unjustly; (AZ, Ks, S, K;) في حُكْمه in his judgment. (AZ, Ks, S.) _ [See also مُنطُ below: and see 3.] = Also, (A'Obeyd, S, Mab, K,) inf. n. مُيْطٌ; (TA;) and اماط الله (A'Obeyd, Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ,) inf. n. إِمَاطَةٌ; (Ṣ, Mṣb;) or the latter only, accord. to As; (S,* Msb, TA;) He removed, put away, or put at a distance, (A'Obeyd, S, Msb, K,) him, or it; (A'Obeyd, S, Msb;) and مَاطَ بِه signifies the same as مَاطَ بِه (Mab;) and some say مَيْطُتُ لَا بِهِ [if this be not a mis-.أمَطْتُهُ in the sense of مِطْتُ به transcription for , (Mgh) أَمَاطَ ♦ الأَذَى عَن الطَّرِيقِ ,You say) TA,) inf. n. إَمَاطُهُ, (S, Mab,) He removed, or put away, or put at a distance, what was hurtful from the road, or way; (S, Mgh, Msb, TA;) and [some say] مَنْطُ , inf. n. مُنْطُه (TA.) And it is said in a trad., أُمطُ * عُنّا يَدُكُ Remove thou and مَاطُ بِه And (TA.) And مَاطُ بِه and signify He took away him, or it; syn. also signifies مَيْطٌ ... (TA.) أَذْهَبُهُ and ذَهَبُ به The act of repelling, impelling, pushing, or thrusting; (S;) and so مَيَاظُ (S, K:) and both fem. of the first and second, with \$\overline{s}\$: (A, TA:) signify the act of chiding: (\$, \overline{K}\$:) the former