## Boor I.]

مص - مشمج
 dial. of little authority, (فى لُغَّةُ, CK and a MS.
 thing mixed, or confused: (S, K:) or any two things mixed together: or any two colours mixed together: or what is a mixture of red and white:
 (S, K.) lxxvi. 2, [A drop consisting of] mixtures; meaning the sperma genitale, because it is a mixture of various kinds: (ISk:) or [a drop consisting of] mixtures of sperma genitale and blood: ( $\mathrm{Zj}:$ ) or [a drop consisting of] the sperma genitale of the man mixed with that of the noman and with her
 gether in the navel. (K.)

## مشر

See Supplement.]

## مشط

1. مُمَطَا الشَّعرُ, aor. (M, Mṣb, K,) He combed the hair; loosed and separated it with the comb; or combed and dressed
 - مشُطهُ signifies he did so much. (Mşb.) You
 above, [The مانُطه combed, or combed and dressed, the roman's hair.] (S, TA.) - Hence, (TA,)
 (K, TA.) $=$ مُمْ ${ }^{\prime}$ also signifies The act of mixing. (Fr, K.) You say, مَشَطَ بَّنْ الَْآَ وَاللَّبْنِ [ $\dot{\text { He }}$ mixed together the nator and the milk]. (TA.)
2: see 1.
2. امتشّط He combed, or combed and dressed, his hair: (Mas, $\mathbf{K}:^{\bullet}$ ) [and in like manner,] you say of a woman, متشططت. (S, TA.)
:مَشْمُ: see what next follows.
 the latter disapproved by IDrd, (TA,) and $\downarrow$ "مَشُ, (K,) and accord. to some with each of the three vowels to the $\omega$, but this requires consideration [in other cases than those here following], (MF,)

 which the first is the most chaste, (TA,) $A$

 so called by a poet because it has tetth like the
 upright loom;] a loom nith which ons weaves, sot upright: (K., TA :) pl. أمُمَاطمُ. (TA.) You

meaning The weaver wove with his upright loom and his upright looms]. (TA.) - $\ddagger$ [The metatarsal bones;] the the foot; ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$;) i. e. the slender bones spread upon the foot, exclusive of the toes; [also called, more particularly, or perhape only called,
 say, إنَسَرْ مُشْطُ قَنَمِهِ إ [His metatarsal bones
 I They stood upon their metatarsal bones]. (TA.) - مُشْطُ المَنْف + The nide bone of the scapula: ( $\mathrm{S}:$ ) or a wide bone thereof: ( K :) or the wide flesh thereof: (T, TA:) - مُشْطُ also signifies $+A$ certain mark made with a hot iron upon camels, ( $\mathbf{(}$, ) in the form of a comb, (Sb, TA,) upon the body, and the neck, and the thigh. (Aboo-'Alec, TA.)


مُشْطَةُ 4 mode, or manner, of combing, or of combing and dressing the hair. (S., TA.)
, A lock of hair descending below the lobe of the ear combed, or combed and dressed;

مُشَاطَةُ What falls, of hair, on the occasion of combing, or combing and dressing it. (S,* Mạb, K.*)
 (K.)
 in two places.

مَأِسطة" [A female comber, or comber and dresser, of the hair ; ] ( $\mathbf{S} ;$ ) a female who combs the hair, or combs and dresses it, well; ( K ;) and [in
 art of combing, or combing and dressing, the hair. (TA.) And one of the post-classical writers has used in his poctry the epithet ${ }^{\text {| }}$ [applied in like manner to a man or boy]. (TA.
مَهُشُوط : see :أَمْتُطُ

 + A camel marked with the mark termed مُمْرُ;

[ مشنظ, \&c.,
See Supplement.]

## هص



 former is the more chaste ; (T, Msb, TA,) inf. n. مُ: مُ: (S., M, Meb;) [1He sucked it; or sucked it in; or sipped it, i. e.] he drank it (numely water, A, or a thing, $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{M}$, ) with a minuts draught, (شُربّاً رُقِقاً : so in a copy of the $\Lambda$, and in the CK,) or nith a gentle draujht : شُرْبَا رَفِقًّا : so in some copies of the $\underset{Y}{\mathbf{K}}$, and in the TA:) or he took it (namely a small quantity of a fluid) by draving in the breath: and whether شَرِبَ may be used to denote this, as it is in the $\mathbf{K}$, requires consideration : (MF:) or i.q. رُشْشَهُ (S, K, art. (:) or i. q. رُتْفُ (M: signifies the "taking" water "with the lips;" and is more
 fies the same; (S, M, A, Msb, K ; ) and so † تهصصصهُ : (M, A:) or the last significs he did $s$ leisurely. (S, K.) You say, امتصَ ${ }^{\text {الرُّمَّاتَ, i.e. }}$ [He sucked the pomegranate]; and so of other things. (TA.) And تُصَ البَّاريَة He sucked the damsel's saliva from her mouth. (I Aar,
 obtained a little of worldly goods. (TA.)
4. امصصُة [He made him to such: or he gave him

 to suck, the nater, or the thing]. - I He said to him بَا مَصَّانُ, q. F . (S,* A, TA.) You say,
 present work.)
5 : see 1 , in which two explanations of it are given.

## 8 : sce 1 , in two places.

R. Q.1. مَصْمَصْ, (S, A, ) or (M, TA,) inf. n. مَمْهَصْصَ, (S, M, K,) [He rinsed his mouth with water; he agitated water in his mouth; syn. مَضْهْ مْضَ: (M :) or he did so nith the extremity of his tongue, (S, M, K,) or nith the fore parts of his mouth; ( $\mathbf{A}$;) whereas the latter signifies he did so with his mouth altogether; (S, M, A ; ) the difference between مَصْصَصْةٍ and قَبْمَةْ being similar to that between
 trad. as being done after drinking milk; but not after eating dates. (S.) You say also, مُصْص:览 He washed the vessel; (ISk, S, M;) as
 out, or rinsed, the vessel; he put raater into the vessel, and shook it, to wash it; (As, TA;) he poured water into the vessel, and then shook it,

