 latter is little used; ( $\mathrm{L} ;)$ He made him to continue; to go on long; left him, or let him alone, long, or for a while; granted him a delay, or respite. (L, K.*) Ex. مَذَّهُ فِى غَّه,
 continue, $f$ c., in his error. (S., L.) And in like manner, مَة أْلهُ لهُ فِى العَذْابٍ I God made him to continue, or go on long, in a state of
 $\ddagger$ He made much advance in journeying. (L.)
 nurk in quantity; increased it. (L, TA.) مَ, (S, L, Mab, aor. 2 , [contr. to analogy,] (L,) inf. n. مـد ; (S., L, K ; ) It (water, L, and a river, S, L, and a sea, or greai river, L) fluwed: (S, L, K :) it (water, L, and a sea, or great river, L, Mg̣b) increased; as also املّ ; both of which verbs are also used transitively ( $\mathrm{Msb}_{\text {: }}$ :) or became much in quantity, copious, or abundant, in the days of the torrents; as also ا امتّ : (L:) contr. of بزَر [it ebbed]. (Lth, S, M, K in art. Such a valley flows into and increases such a river. (A,

 Mṣb;) It (a thing) entered into it, (i.e., a like thing,) and increased it, or made it copious or abundant: (Lh, L:) it (a river, Ṣ, L, or sea, or great river, L, Mgb) floned into it, (i.e., another river, or sea, or great river,) and increased it, replenished it, or made it copious or abundant: (s,* L, Mṣb:*) it (a well) fed it, i.e., another well: ( $\mathrm{L}:$ :) [see an ex. in a verse cited in art. , conj. 3]: both these verbs are also used
 market nas full of people and of goods for sale.
 Me became an auxiliary to the people: ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) und مَّرْنَامُمْ We became auxiliarics to them:
 We aided them, or succoured them, by others than ourselves: (AZ, S, L, K : ) you say, أُمْدُدْتُهُ $I$ aided him, and strengthened him, [or increased his numbers and strength,] with an army: (S.,* Msb:) and أُمَد The commaader aided, or succoured, his army nith cavalry and infantry, or with horses and
 with, or, as some say, gave them, much wealth: (L:) and [it is said in the Kur, lii. 22,] (S, L) And We vill increase their provision time after time with fruit: (Beyd, Jel:) or with relation to evil, you вay ${ }^{\prime \prime}$;
 bays Yoo: ( $L$ :) this is generally the case; and
 [explained above]: and نَهِدُّمْمْ مِنْ العَذَابِ (ElBasáir) [Ḳur, xir. 82,] We nill prolony and increase to them punishment: (Beyd:) but Z relates, that Akh said the reverse, like grand and أوْمَ : the usage of the Arabs, however, does not accord with either of these assertions. (MF.) دَ It (anything) became full, and rose. (Sh, L.) - مَدّ السِرَاْعَ, (aor. 2, A, [inf. n. put oil (or the like, K.) into the lamp. ( $\mathbf{A}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}$.
 †امدَّا, He put ink into the receptacle thereaf; (S,* Mab;) he increased its water, and its ink.
 He supplied the reed-pen with ink. (L.) -
 also allowable; ( $\mathbf{L}$;) or simply مَدَّ (A) and :أُدْمُ: (S, A, K ; ) He gave him a dip of ink from the receptacle thereof with a reed-pen. (S, TA.) - مَّقّ, inf. n. $\stackrel{3}{2}$, He dipped the reedpen in the receptacle of ink a single time for
 (aor. ́, A, inf. n. مَمُ, L, ) He manured the land with dung: ( $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K}:$ ) or he added to the land manure composed of dung and ashes, or of earth or dust and dung, or of strong earth; or simply earth; or sand; to render it more productive. (L.) -مَّ الحِّبَ, (AZ, S, A, L, K, ) aor. ـُ, inf. n. IIe gave مَبِيد (or mater upon which had been sprinhled, or with which had been mixed, some flour, or the like, fc.) to the camels to drink: (AZ, S, A, L, K:) or he put some barley coarsely ground, and then moistened, into the camel's
 دُ, signifies, as some say, he fed him with fodder. (M.)

## 2. see 1 , first sentence.

 him, he pulling me: ( $\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{L}:$ ) I contended with him in draning or pulling, in straining, or in
 [ He pulled, strained, or stretched, the garment, or piece of cloith with him]. (A.) - مَادَّ IIe prolonged to him a time. (L, from a trad.) -
 lengthened, the space of time. (IAth, from a
 مَدَاء, (L, ) ! IIe protracted, delayed, or deferred, nith hin; put him off. ( $\mathbf{L}, \mathbf{K} .^{*}$ ) See also 1.
4. See 1 throughout. -امدّ فِيه $I I e$ (God) made it (the means of subsistence) a mple: made it (wealth or the like) abundant : increased it, namely, a sea or river. (IḲtt.) -_املّة He made it (anything) to become full, and to rise.
 aided, or succoured: and he gave. (6.) See He (a man) malked with an elegant, and a proud, and self-conceited, guit, with an affected incline of his body from side to side. (TA.) See also 5. -امدّ (inf. n.
 thick purulent matter. (S., L, Męb. K.) -
 S, L, K, and the صِلتَانَ, became succulent, the sap running in it : ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{L}$, K :) and $i t$, (the twig, or wood, of any of the three plants above mentioned,) being rained upon became soft, or supple. (L.)
5. تهیّد: see 8. - It (leather, A) or a skin for water, \&c., and anything that may be extended by drawing or pulling, ( L, ) stretched. (A, L. ) — See also 1. - تهدّد $M e$ (a man) stretched himself: he walked with an elegant, and a proud, and self-conceited, gait, with an affected inclining of his body from side to side, and stretching out his arms: syn. تَمَّمَّ. (S, L.) [Both these verbs are commonly used in the present day in the former sense.] See also 4.
6. تَهَادًا النُّوْبَ [They tno pulled, strained, or stretched, the garment, or piece of cloth, together]. (A.)
8. امتَّد, (S, L, K,) and $\downarrow$, تهدّد, [or this has an intensive or frequentutive siguification,] ( $L$, K.) It (a rope, \&c., A) became drawn, or pulled: it became strained: it became extendeld by drawing or pulling; it extended itself; it stretched. (L, K, El-Basáïr.) See also 6. It became expamded, or stretched out. (M@ß.) - It became elongated, or extended, or long. (Mgb.) — [It (a time) became protracted.] -
 them. ( $A, *$ L.) - امتّد it (a man's life) became long. (A.) - It (the shade) became extended, or stretched forth. (A.) - It (a disease) syread. (A.) See 1. — امتَّ ; (A, L;) and
 day, $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{L}, \mathbf{K}$, and the period of morning called الضُّمَى, L, ) became high; it became advanced, the sun being high: (S, L, $\mathrm{K}:$ ) and the former, $t$ it (the day) shone forth. (L.) -

 [إنيْ [app. + IIe strained himself to give his consent to it.] (K, voce إنَبَ, q.v. in art. عوَ.)

 ink from the rereptacle thereof with the reet-pen, for writing: (Mṣ:) or he took a dip from the receptacle of ink nith the reed-pen. (L.) See also 1. استهدّ النُقسْتْ [IIe dren breath.] (M,

