, cation, or ambiguity, and concealment [by mental reserbation or othervise]. (TA.)
نُغَزْ : تُغْز : see

لَّزَّ I One who often, or habitually, speaks evil of others in their absence ; ( $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{TA}$;) as though he did so in equivocal or ambiguous language. (TA.)
, لُغْزَزْ : in three places.
 places.

## لغط

1. (Ş, Mab, TA) and $\dot{b}$, (TA, ) or the latter is a simple subst., (Msb,) and b́bَ) (S, TA;) and

 confusedly, and indistinctly : (Msb :) or, said of a number of men, (S, Mgh, K,) they utterel a sound, noise, or cry; and a clamour, confused noise, or mixture of voices or cries: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}:$ ) or they uttered indistinct, and unintelligible sounds
 inf. $n$. of the [bird called] ${ }^{\text {G/ }}$, [meaning, It uttered its cry, or cries;] (K ; ) or of each of these you say, الغط ا (TA.) [Hence,]
 before the crying of the katà,] meaning, carly in the morning. (TA.) [See also لَاْغِ.]

2: sce 1.
 inf. n. as above, ( L, ) He threw heated stones into his milk, and so caused it to make the sound

: تَ : see what next follows.
 Clamorous, confused, and indistinct, speech: (Msb:) or sound, noise, or cry; and clamour, confused noise, or a mixture of voices or cries : ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$ :) or indistinct and unintelligible sounds or
 the latter as well as of the former. (TA.) You say, مِهْغُتُ لَغْظَ القَوْرِ [I heard the clamorous, and confused, and indistinct speech, \&c., of the people, or company of men]. (TA.)
 [I اللَّ $I$ came to him before the crying katà ], meaning, early in the morning : pl. .لُنَّ. (TA.) [See also 1.]

Bk. I.
 He stripped off, or peeled off, (K,) meat from a
 [The vind stripped off the clouds from the
 peeted a bone (TA) or a stick. (S.) - — He beat (S, K) with a staff or stick. (S.) - He turned a person back, or away, from his purpose.
 behind his back, or in his absence, but saying of him what nas true. (K.) Thought to be tropical, from the same verb signifying "he

 hin the whole of what was due to him: (like " due. (K.) Accord. to Aboo-Turab, the verb is used in these two contr. senses. (TA.)
4. IIfe caused to remain, or endure. (K.)

8 : see 1.
 [I was content with a deficiency instead of full payment]: from a trad. (TA.) - Less than nehat is just, or right. (K.) - A little thing; a little. (K.) - Dust ; earth. (K.) Small bits of rubbish on the ground. (TA.)

תَغْئةٌ A piece of meat stripped off, or peeled off, from a bone: (TA:) a piece of meat in which is
 gen. n., or $1 t$ is doubtful] and لَقْاًا. (TA.)

## لفت

1. ' ${ }^{\text {' }}$ tmisted, wrung, or turned, him, or it, (S, K ), in a way different from his, or its, [proper] direction: as when you grasp a man's throat, and twist or wring it. (TA.)- تَتْـفـتُتِ الْعَرَةُ الـَهْلَى بِلِسَانِهَا [The con turns about the fresh herb with her tongue]. (S, from a trad.) [For النَعَلا, as in copies of the S, I have sul)stituted النَّلَّى. To this action is likened a hypocrite's reading of the Kur-án.]- $H e$ twisted, or wrung, his nech, and broke it; as also
 Death took him avay suddenly; as
 تلْتُ; He turned him aside, to the right or left. (M\$b.) - لَغْتُهُ عَنِ الشَّهُ aor. , , inf. n. He turned anay, averted, or diverted, him from the thing. (TA.) So in the Kur, x., 79. (Fr.) كَ عَنْ فُلَّبن What hath turned thee away, or
averted thee, or diverted thee, from such a one. (Fr.) - الَتَهُ عَنْ رُأُمِه ; He turned him from his
 away, or averted, his face from me. (S.) ,لَّتَ الَهَابِبَةَ , aor. , , (inf. n. TA, ) Je beat the camels or sheep or goats, not caring which of
 تَغْ, I He sent forth, or uttered, words, nithout caring what might be the meaning. ('l'A.) $=$
 about and over, like as flour is stirred about and over with clarified butter, \&c. (TA.) [Sce He removed, or pulled off, the peel, or rind, from the trecs: ( $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{~ : ~}}$ ) or, accord. to the A, عَنِ العُود from the tnig, or
 the feathers upon the arron not so that they were well-composed, or equal, or even, or unifurm,
 termed ([, ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ ) but as they happened to be. (K.)
5 : see 8.
2. تلنَّت, (S, K, التفت, [ITe looked aside, or about,] the latter of which significs more

 He turned his face towards the thing. (TA.) [Hence, إلتفت He regardeld not hion or it; he paid no regard, or aftention, to him or it.

 left. (Mṣb.)

 - Look not tuniarlls such a one. (Ṣ.) =A cow, or bull; syn. (K.) $=$ A woman who is stupid, foolish, or of little sense. (K.) See also $\Longrightarrow$ The vulua of a lioness. (K.) $=[$ A name now given iu Egypt to the Brassica napus of Linn., a eltulis; (Delile, Flor. Aeg., No. 597 ;) the rape; ] i. q. (a name given in Egypt to the Brassica napus of Limn., $\beta$ oleifera: (Delile, ubi supra, No. 598:)] (S, $\mathbf{K}$ :) Az. says, " 1 have not heard it from any person contided in for accuracy, and know not whether it be Arabic " not:" (TA:) Ibn-El-Kubbee asserts it to be a Nabathean word. (MF.)

The having one of his horns twisted upon, or over, the other. Said of a he-goat. (S.)

A man who beats (much TA) his ramels or sheep or goats, not caring which of them he strikes. (K.)

