BOOK I.]

stance, is the more chaste. (S.) En-Nábighah 8ays,

فَلَا تَحْسِبُونَ النَّبْرُ لَا شَرٌّ بَعْدَهُ وَلَا تَحْسَبُونَ الشَّرَّ ضَرْبَةَ لَازِب

[Then think ye not that good shall have no evil after it, nor think ye that evil shall be a constant infliction]. (S.) Sgh says, of the conversion of because of kesreh ي into و or of ,رَبَاغَة into رَوَاغَة before it, إِضَرْبِ لاَزِبِ This conversion is not a necessary sort.] (TA in art. (بروغ

. Very avaricious; tenacious, or niggardly: (Ş, K :) pl. مَلَازِيبٌ. (Ş.)

لزج

1. لَنَرْج aor. -, (Ş, M, K,) inf. n. لَنَرْج and ; تلزّج ¥ Msb;) and ; لُزُوج M (M) لَزُوجَة (M;) It (a thing, S) stretched out, in a neut. sense: it roped; or drew out, with a viscous, glutinous, clammy, cohesive, sticky, ropy, or slimy, continuity of parts: syn. تَهَدَّدُ and :: (S, K:) it was, or became, viscous, glutinous, clammy, cohesive, sticky, ropy, or slimy, so as to adhere to the hand and the like. (Msb.) -It adhered to him, or it, as glue or the لَزَجَ بِه أَكَلْتُ شَيْئًا فَلَزِجَ E.g. (كَبْ الْجُلْتُ شَيْئًا فَلَزِجَ E.g. I ate a thing and it adhered to my بأصابعي fingers. (Mşb.) _ [And] تلزّج * It (food, or ointment,) became [viscous, glutinous, clammy, cohesive, sticky, slimy, ropy, or mucilaginous,] like خطبي [or marsh-mallow]. (M, &c.) _ i.q. تَلَجَّنَ : (Ş, Ķ :) i.e., The مُعَارَبًا لَنَبَاتَ i.q. تَلَوَّع النَّبَاتَ clined over another : (TA :) [or became flaccid, and of a viscous consistency, or viscous or mucilaginous in its juice; as appears from what here follows]. Ru-beh says, [in the S, El-'Ajjáj,] describing a pair af asses, male and female,

[And they finished pasturing upon what had become flaccid, and of a viscous consistency]. For, says J, [immediately after citing these words of the poet,] when herbage begins to dry up, its juice thickens, and becomes like the mucilage of the مطبق [or marsh-mallow]. (TA.) Or the words of the poet, above quoted, signify, And they finished pasturing upon what they had searched after constantly, or time after time: for تَلَزَّج also signifies the searching of a beast of carriage after herbage and leguminous plants, constantly, or time after time: and the two asses are here the agents of the verb تلزجا. (L.)

B. See 1. تلزّج رَأْسُهُ ـــ His head remained unpurified of its dirt (S, K) after he had mashed it. (Yaakoob, S.)

(N), A thing مُتَلَزِّج * (N, Msb) and) لَزِجْ stretching out, in a neut. sense: roping; or drawing out, with a viscous, glutinous, clammy, cohesive, sticky, or slimy, continuity of parts : syn. مَتَهَدَّد and ، مَتَهَدَّد (S:) viscous, glutinous, clammy, cohesive, sticky, ropy, or slimy, so as to adhere to the hand or the like: (Msb:) Viscous, glutinous, cohesive, sticky, بَلْغَمْ لَزِجْ or ropy, phlegm]. (TA.) زَبِيبَةُ لَزَجَةٌ A sticky raisin. (L.)

مَرْجَلٌ لَزْجَةٌ, and لَزِيجَةٌ, and رَجُلٌ لَزْجَةٌ heeps to his place, and does not quit it. (K.)

لزورد

إلازورد [and الازورد], an arabicized word, [from the Persian , jet, A well-known stone; [lapis lazuli;] used as a material with which to write, and as a medicine. (MF.)

1. أسبه aor. -, (§, K,) and -, (K,) inf. n. لَسْبُ, (S,) It (a scorpion, S, or a serpent or other thing, K, as a scorpion, and wasp, but generally said of a scorpion, TA,) stung him, or bit him. (S, K.) فَسَبَهُ أُسُوَاطًا He flogged him with whips. (S.) لَسَبَهُ بِالسَّوْط He flogged him with the whip. (K.) __ , aor. -, (S, K,) inf. n. بُسْب , (Ş,) He licked honey, (Ş, K,) or the like, (K,) as clarified butter. (TA.) مَسَبَ به, aor. - , It adhered, clave, or stuck, to it, or in it : (Ṣ, Ķ :) like لَصبَ. (Ṣ.)

لَعْمَة, like لَعْمَة, A single lick of honey or the like. (TA.)

He left not anything : أَسُوبًا ♦ and مَا تَرَكَ لَسُوبًا [lit., what might be licked off]. (K.) [See also [.ڪُسوب

1. أسَدَ , aor. -, (S, M, K,) and -, (M,) inf. n. ; لَسَدَّ , aor. - , (Ş, K,) inf. n. لَسِدَ ; (S;) the latter mentioned by AHát, (S,) or Aboo-Khálid, (L,) in the Kitáb el-Abwáb, (S, L,) but the former is the more chaste, (TA,) It (a lamb or kid, K, or the young one of a clovenhoofed animal, S, M,) sucked its mother: (S, M, L:) or sucked her so as to exhaust all that verbs, He (a dog) licked a vessel: (M, K :) or he (a man) licked what was in the vessel. (IKtt.) ____ Also, the former, He licked honey : (Ş:) and anything. (M.) You say لندت The female wild animal licked her الوَحْشَيَّة وَلَدَهَا young one. (M.)

A young camel that suchs: (L:) or that sucks much. (K.)

لص

1. أَصْ, aor. -, He thieved, or stole : (A:) [see أَصُوصية, and the other nouns mentioned therewith, some of which, if not all, are app. inf. ns. of this verb :] and تلصص * signifies the same; or he was thievish : (S,* Msb,* TA :) [or he practised theft :] or he thieved, or stole, repeatedly: (A, TA:) and he acted as a spy; syn. رُبُّ aor. - , (Mab, TK,) inf. n. لَصَّى (A, Mşb, K,) [in the CK] , لَصَّى He stole the thing: (Msb:) [and] he did the thing secretly, or covertly. (A, K.) me أَلُصْ بَابَهُ (TA,) inf. n. لَصَّى, (A, K,) He closed, or locked, his door; syn. أَطْبَقُهُ and أَعْلَقُهُ; (A, K, TA;) as also رَصَّهُ. (TA.) لَصَّى ... (app. in the sec. pers. لَصَصَّى, and aor. يَلَصُّ, and inf. n. رَعَصَّتَ His teeth (أَضْرَاس) were near together, so that no interstice was seen between them. (M, TA.) [This verb probably has all the significations below.) لَصُعْن below.)

2. تَلْصيص (M,) inf. n. الصّص بُنْيَانَهُ (Ş, Ķ,) He made his building firm and compact; or firm and strong; i.q. رَصَّصَهُ; (Ṣ, M, Ķ;) of which it is a dial. form. (S.)

5: see 1.

8: التص It stuck, or adhered, (Sgh, K,) به to him. (TK.)

, (Ş, M, A, Mşb, K) and لَصَّ (Ş, M, Mab, K,) the latter mentioned by As, (Mab,) but only the former known to Sb, (M,) and نَصْ (IDrd, A, K,) A thief; a robber; (M, A, Msb, K;) as also بَصْت, with ت substituted for the [second] , and the form of the word changed because of the substitution, or it is a dial. form of بصّ, and is said by Lh to be of the dial. of Teiyi and of some of the Ansár, and also pronounced المت (M,) and المت : (K, art. المت fem. لِصَّ مَ (M,) or الصَّد (A, K :) pl. of الصَّة and (IDrd, Ş, Mab, K) and أَنَّس (IDrd, K,) لُصُوص, (IDrd, Ş, M, Mşb, K,) and of the first, إلصَصَه, (IDrd, TA,) and of the first (M, TA) mas in the udder. (M, L, K.) __ Also, both and second, (M,), الصَاص (M, TA,) or الصَاصَ: 335*