أَوْ تَلْحُج الأَلْسُنُ مِنَّا مَلْحَجًا

is meant, Or tongues speak of us, and incline from what is good to that which is bad. (L.) [For منبا, in the L, I have substituted منبا, [and منبا, Golius, from Ibn-Maaroof,] He had recourse to him or it for protection or concealment. (K.) نَجَ It (a thing) became strait, narrow, or confined. (TA.)

2. تَسُعَلَيْهُ السَبَرَ; and inf. n. تَسُعَلَيْهُ السَبَرَ; and inf. n. تُحْوَجُهُ * عَلَيْهُ inf. n. أَحْوَجُهُ * عَلَيْهُ inf. n. أَحْوَجُهُ * عَلَيْهُ inf. n. \dot{f} inf. n. inf. for a set the news, or information, confused to him, and told him something different from that which was in his mind: (S, K:) or the phrase with the former verb signifies he told him news, or a piece of information, different from that which was in his mind; and that with the latter verb, he rendered the news, or information, confused to him. (Az.) See 5.

4. الحجة إليه الحجة إليه الحجة إليه المحجة إليه .
 him, or it. (TA.) الحجة إليه ..., (K,) and
 الحجة اليه ..., (Ş, K,) He constrained, compelled, or necessitated, him to have recourse to, or to do, it. (Ş, K.)

5. لَحْوَجُهُ * عليه and تَلْحَج عَلَيْه الأَمْرَ, He represented the affair to him not as it was in his mind. (L.) See 2.

8: see 1 and 4.

10: استلحج اليَابَ [app. He found the door stuck fast]: (A:) [but I think it not improbable that the right reading is البَابُ; and the meaning, the door stuck fast].

Q. Q. 1. نَحْوَجَ : see 2 and 5. . نُجْعَ : Bee . . نُجْعَ A strait, narrow, or confined, place. (Ş, Ķ.)

(K) and مُنْتَحَج (A, S, K) A place to which one has recourse for protection or concealment; a place of refuge; an asylum. (A, S, K.) _____ of Strait, narrow, or confined, places. (S, K.) ____ مَلَاحِج ____ Narrow roads in mountains. (TA.)

مُنْحُوجَة A confused and crooked business. (L.)

لم

1. أحد (A) and الحد (L, K) t He, or it, (as an arrow, A) declined, or deviated, from the right course: (A, L, K:) and also he, or it, inclined : you say لَحَدَ إِلَيْه (A, L, K,) sor. -; (L;) and * الحد (A;) and (ج); (S, L, K;) he, or it, inclined to him, or it. (A, L, K.) لسَانُ ٱلَّذِي [in the Kur xvi. 105,] لسَانُ ٱلَّذِي [The tongue of him unto whom يَنْحَدُونَ إِلَيْه they incline]. (٩.) ; الحد ♦ في الدين _ (٩.) ; (٩.) A, L, Msb;) and نَحَدُ فيه (S, L, Msb,) aor. - ; (L;) I He deviated, or swerved, from the right way, with respect to religion: (S, A, L:) he impugned religion. (Msb.) الحد ♦ في الحُرم ____ t He relinguished, or forsook, the right course, with respect to that which he was commanded to do, in the sacred Temple or territory of Mekkeh; (L, K;) and inclined to do wrong, wrongfully, unjustly, or injuriously : (L:) or he did wrong, wrongfully, unjustly, or injuriously, therein; (S, L, K;) and so opposed others : (Fr, L:) or he associated others with God, therein; expl. by أَشْرَكَ بِالله: so in the K and Basáir: in the latter as on the authority of Zj: or he doubted respecting God, therein: so in the L and other lexicons, as on the authority of Zj: (TA:) or he hoarded up corn in expectation of its becoming dear, therein; (L, K;) a meaning taken from a trad. of 'Omar; (L;) but this is merely a kind of wrong-doing: (TA:) or he desecrated it, and violated its sanctity. (Msb.) The origin of the phrase is in the text of the Kur [xx. 26,] وَمَنْ يَرِدْ فِيهِ being بِ the بِظُلْمِ i.e. بِإِلْحَادٍ بِظُلْمِ , the بِ being redundant. (Ş, L.) مَحَدَ العَبَر aor. -, (inf. n لَحَدَ L,) and * الحدة (A, L, K;) and : أَحَدٌ ; أنه لَحْدًا ; and الحد * له ; (Ş, Mşb ;) He made a لَحَدَ ٱلْمَيْتَ ــ to the grave. (Ş, A, L, K.) لَحَد ; لَحَدَ لَهُ and ; الحدة * and ; أَحْدَ لَهُ and ; and and الحد ; He made a أحد الحد المعنة for the corpse : or I has this signification; (L;) and in like manner, الحد * and , الحد ا, he dug a for him : (A, Mgh, Msb :) and أَحَدُه , he buried him; (L, K;) or put him into a ; and so الحدة (Mgh, Mşb.)

3. •••• + He behaved towards him in a crooked, or perverse, manner, the latter doing the same. (K, TA.).

4. الحد: see 1, throughout. __ + He disputed; altercated; wrangled. (A'Obeyd, L, Mşb, K.)
__ الحد به ______ + He brought a reproach upon him, or held him in light estimation, or despised him,
(أزرى به), and said of him what was false: (K:)

that or he held his clemency, or forbearance, or intellect, (حلم) in light estimation; or despised it; as also الْبُدُ به (L.)

> 8. التحد إليه the had recourse, or betook himself, to it, or him, for refuge, protection, concealment, covert, or lodging. (A.)

> (Ṣ, A, L, Mṣb, K) and لَحَدُ (Ṣ, L, Mṣb, K) and لَحَدٌ (El-Başáir) and (A, L, K,) which last is an epithet wherein the quality of a subst. is predominant, (L,) A trench or an oblong excavation, in the side of a grave; a lateral hollow of a grave; (Ṣ, A, L, Mṣb, K;) which is the place of the corpse: what is called ضَرِيحَةُ and أَصَرِيحَةُ is in the middle: (L:) pl. (of the first, Mṣb, K.) Accord. to some, المُحَدُّ used in this sense is tropical; from لَحَدَ and is ignifying "he inclined, or declined." (MF.) [The reverse, however, is the case accord. to the A.] [See an ex. in a verse cited voce ...]

لَحْدٌ see : لَحَدٌ and لُحَدٌ مَلْحُودٌ see : لَاحِدٌ.

act. part. n. of 4, q.v.: 1 One who deviates, or swerves, from the truth, and introduces into it that which does not belong to it: (ISk, L:) an impugner of religion: (Msb in art. مَنْحَدُونَ) pi. مُنْحَدُونَ (Msb) [and أَخْدَحُونَ]. Some apply the appellation of البَاطنية) especially to the Báținees (البَاطنية), who assert that the Kur-án has an outward sense and an inward, the latter differing from the former, and known to them; by which doctrine they have perverted the law. (Msb.)

. مَلْحُود see : مُلْحَد

مَلْحُودٌ لَهُ (A, K) and مُلْحَدٌ (S, A,) or مَلْحُودٌ and مُلْحَدٌ لَهُ (L,) and لَحَدٌ لَهُ لَحَدٌ having a لَحْد made to it. (S, A, L, K.) ______ See لَحْد.

مُلْتَحَدٌ refuge, protection, concealment, covert, or lodging; a place of refuge; an asylum: (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ:) so called because one turns aside to it. (Ṣ.)

1. أَحْسَمُ بِلْسَانِه (S, Mgh, Mşb, K,) or أَحْسَمُ (A,) aor. -, (S, Mşb, K,) inf. n. لَحْسَنُ (S, A, Mşb, K) and مُلْحَسُ (A K) and مُلْحَسَ and أَحْسَمُ (Yaakoob, S, K,) the last mentioned by ISk, (TA,) He licked it; (S, A, K, TA;) namely, a bowl, (S, K,) and a vessel: (S:) لَحْسَمُ اللَّحْسَ