3. 'كايس, (S, A, K, (TA) inf. n. IKe vied, or contended, with him in كَّسْ [ie. acuteness or sharpness or quickness of intellect; \&c.: see 1]. (K.) You say, كَايسْتْهُ فَكْتُتُ [ I vied, or contended, with him in acuteness, \&c., and]. I overcame, or surpassed, him (S, A)
 البْعْ (S, A) [He vied, or contended, with him in acuteness, \&c., in selling; as seems to be indicated in the SS: or] he jested, or joked, with him (لَّأَاْمُ) in selling. (A, TA.)
 to him children acute or sharp or quick in intellect; shrewd; clever, ingenious, skilful, knowing, or intelligent: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{K}$ :) or he begot a child
 brought forth children acute \&cc. (A.) A poet says,


[But if ye belonged to one who most generally brought forth children acute in intellect, she had brought forth such children; for the acuteness of intellect of the mother is known in the sons]. (\$.)
4. He affected acuteness or sharpness or quickness of intellect, shrewdness, cleverness, ingeniousness, skilfulness, knowledge, or intelligene: [see تَعْمُّلَ :] or did so, not having it: syn. تَظَرُفَفُ : (S, K, TA:) he feigned, or made
 quickness of intellect ; \&c.]. (TA.) - See also 1.

## 6 : see 1.



- SA purse; ] a nell known receptacle; (TA;) a thing made of pieces of rag served together; ( $\mathrm{Mapb}_{\mathrm{b}}$ ) for money, ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{TA}$, ) and for pearls and sapphires: (TA:) [so called] because it comprises them : (K, TA:) [a remark that seems to indicate a signification of or some other word from the same root which I do not find elsewhere pointed out: but the more probable derivation is from the Persian : that which is tied up, of leather, and of pieces of rag, is not called thus, but is called ${ }^{\circ}$ : (Mg̣b:) pl. [of pac.] أُصِّانُ (S, Msg, K) and

 (K, TA.) - [Hence also, $\dagger$ The scrotum.]
 [like "شَّ and \&cc,] Acute, or sharp, or quick, in intellect; clever; ingenious; skilful; knowing; intelligent : (S, A, Mgh, Ms, $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{TA}$ :)
 woman, is syn with $\frac{0}{3}$, and is, as also
 [whence it appears that this last word is accord. to J syn. with كَيِّ "; ; ie., a simple epithet, like its contr. أَعْمَت : but it has another signification, for which see below:] or, accord. to Kr , كُوسَسَ and are ply. of and there are no similar instances except ضِيقِّى and ضُوقَى
 holds them to be fens. of the measure أنْعُ

 K, TA [in the CK, erroneously, Sc, (A,) having this latter form in order that it may resemble its contr., and كِيَاس (A, TA, pl. of [and

 ing, $A$ man acute or sharp or quick in intellect, \&c.: (S:) or [acute \&c., and] described as being so; or having the attribute of ascribed to

 acuteness \&c.]. (TA.) And ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ woman well educated, or well bred. (TA.) And رجّلز كُـِّس الفِعل A man good in action or
 built an elegant house; syn. ظَرِيَة [The dim. كُوْوِّ is much used in the present day as signifying $\ddagger$ Elegant, pretty, or beautiful.]

 dial. of Teiyi: and derived from تص. (Kr.)
 (A.)
" [More, and most, acute or sharp or quick in intellect; more, and most, shrewd, clever, ingenious, skilful, knowing, or intelligent]: (Lith, LSd, A:) fem. Cf كـيسى (LSd) and (Lith, LSd :) [in the CK, and in a MS. copy of the K, and in the text of the $\mathbb{K}$ as given in the TA, كُيسَى and and each of which is originally , كُّهْسى ; are said to be feme. of but this
 [originally [as well as men,] and
 [This is the more, or most, acute \&c.]. (Lith.)
 is the most intelligent? (TA.) And it is said in a proverb, أُكْيْ مِنْ قِشَّ (A) [! More acute \&c. than] a little female ape or monkey. (TA,

 ness is piety, and the most foolish of foolishness, or the mast stupid of stupidness, is vice]. (A.)

תُكِيسْة A woman who brings forth children acute or sharp or quick in intellect; shrewd, clever, ingenious, skilful, knowing, or intelligent: (TA :) ind † $\dagger$, mono does so usually; contr.
 most generally: see an ex. of this under 4.]


. مُكيسِةٌ see : مِكْيَاسْ


See Supplement.]

