Boox I.]

What surrounds the vulva, of the exterior of the two thighs : (L, K :) or the portion of flesh of the inner side of the thigh; the two together are called the كَازَتَان: (Aş, L:) or the flesh of the hinder part of the thigh: (L, K:) or the part of the thigh which is the place that is cauterized in the hinder part of the thigh of the ass; so in a man &c.: (L:) or the كَاذِتَان are two compact portions of flesh in the upper part of each thigh of an ass, the place that is cauterized, between the thigh and the haunch : (T, L :) or the flesh of the outer sides of the two thighs, below the بجاعرتان; (AHeyth, T, L;) and this is the correct signification : (T, L:) or the prominent flesh in the upper parts of the thigh : (S, L:) pl. كَاذَ and [quasi-pl., or coll. gen. n.,] كَاذَ (L.)

or a wrapper for the lower part وزار An ازار An of the body and the thighs] reaching to the part called the كَاذَتَان (L, K) only; or, to the كَاذَة, when it is put on. (L.)

کور

 أُسه عَلَى رَأُسه 1.
بكار العهامة عَلَى رَأُسه 1.
هامة على رَأُسه 1. يَكُورُ, (Ş, Mşb,) inf. n. كُورٌ, (Ş, Mşb, K,) He wound round the turban upon his head; (S, A, Mab, K;) as also * كورها, inf. n. تَكُوبُر: (S, A, K:) or the latter has an intensive signification [app. meaning he wound it round many times upon his head; or in many folds]: and hence you say, حوّر الشَّى he wound the thing in a round form. (Msb.) - Hence the saying, جارَ بَعْدَ مَا كَارَ (Zj, in TA, art.) ,حَارَ بَعْدَ مَا كَارَ (became in a bad state of affairs after he had been in a good state: or he became in a state of defectiveness after he had been in a state of redundance. (TA, art. ڪور.) See also below. ڪرز (TA,) inf. n. ڪرز (K,) He carried a كَارَة, q.v., (K, TA,) upon his back ; (TA;) as also * استكار. (K, TA.)

in the Kur [lxxxi. 1,] When the sun shall be wound round [with darkness] like a turban : (AO, S:) or shall be wrapped up and effaced: (AO accord. to the S, or Akh accord. to the TA:) or shall be wrapped up and have its light taken away: (Jel:) or shall have its light collected together and wrapped up like as a turban is wrapped: (TA:) or shall be folded up like as a سبجل [or scroll] is folded up : (Msb :) or shall lose its light : (Fr, Katadeh, S:) or shall be divested of its light: ('Ikrimeh:) or shall be blinded; syn. عُوْرَت: (I'Ab, S:) or shall pass away and come to nought : or shall be collected together and cast down into the depth below; syn. both of which are explanations given form of a sing. such as كور with an infirm letter. | said in the TA, that ISd holds it to be pl., not of دهورت Bk. I.

by Mujáhid:) or shall be cast away. (Er-يُكَوِّرُ ٱللَّيْلَ عَلَى ٱلنَّهَارِ = (Rabeea Ibn-Kheythem. (Kur xxxix. 7) He maketh the night to be a covering upon the day: or He addeth of the

night to the day: (S:) or He maketh the night to overtake the day: (TA:) or He bringeth in the night upon the day : (K :) from فَوَرَ العَمَامَة : all of which meanings are nearly alike. (TA.) He (,Ş,) بَتُحُويرُ inf. n. (,Ş) بَحُور الْمَتَاعَ collected together the goods and bound or tied them: (S, K:) or he put the goods one upon another. (A.) = طَعَنَهُ فَكُوَرَهُ (inf. n. as above, TA,) He smote and pierced him [with his spear], and threw him down gathered together, or in a heap. (Ş, Mşb, K.•) ضَرَبَهُ فَكَوَرَهُ ــ (He smote him, and threw him down prostrate : (K, • TA :) [like ا: جَوَرَهُ signifies he prostrated him, whether he smote him or not. (TA.)

5. Je fell upon his side, and drew himself together; syn. تَعَطَّرَ وَتَشَهَرَ: (S, K:) or he wrapped himself up, and tucked up his garment, or skirt, or the like; syn. تَلَفَّفَ وَتَشَهَرَ. (TA.) - He fell; fell down. (S, K.) - He became prostrated; as also • إَكْتَارَ (K:) or اكتار signifies he prostrated a thing, one part upon another. (TA.)

8. اكتار He turbaned himself ; attired himself with a turban. (Sgh, K.) = See also 5.

10: see 1, last signification.

, (S, Msb,) an inf. n. used as a subst., (Msb,) or * کور (ISh, T, A,) A turn, or twist, of a turban: (ISh, T, A, Msb:) pl. أَضُوَارُ. (A, Mşb.) You say, العِمَامَةُ عِشْرُونَ كُورًا [The عَشَرَة turban is composed of twenty turns], and ten turns]. (A.) = Increase; or redundance. (S, A, Msb.) Hence the saying Ş, A, Mşb) We) نَعُودُ بِالله مِنَ الحَوْرِ بَعْدَ الْكُوْرِ have recourse to God for preservation from decrease, or defectiveness, after increase, or redundance: (S, Msb:) or, as it is also related, بَعد الكون, which means the same: or the meaning is, from return to disobedience after obedience: (Msb:) or from return after pursuing a right course. (TA.) See also

فور: see ڪُور: عطم معتقد (saddle of the kind called] أَمْكُورُ (K, TA :) as also (K) مَكْورُ (K) and مُكُورٌ , the latter with damm to the and with its رَصْل TS, L :] or a رَصْل with its apparatus : (S, Msb, K :) pronounced by many but this is a mistake: (IAth :) pl. [of pauc.] أَكُور (S, Møb, K) and أَكُور (K,) and رَانْ (of mult., TA) كَبِرَانْ (Ş, Mşb, K) and) and كَوُور, which last, says ISd, is extr. as a pl.

(TA.) = A blachsmith's fire-place; (S,• A, Msb;) his , (K;) constructed of clay : (S, Mab, K:*) and also said to signify the skin [with which he blows his fire]: (Msb, TA:) or this latter is called [only] : كير (A, in the present art.; and S, Msb, K, art. شير:) an arabicized word. (Msb.) = [A hornets', or bees', nest;] the place, (S, K,) or structure, (TA,) of hornets : الدَّنَانير, Ş, K [in the CK, الذَّنَانير, which is a mistake :]) or of bees : (accord. to a trad. cited in the TA :) pl. أَخُوَارُ . (TA.) See also حُوَارُ.

مَالٌ A bundle (حَالٌ) which a man carries on his back : or a bundle (عكر) of clothes, put in one piece of cloth [and tied up]: such is that of or beater and washer and whitener of [or beater and washer and beater and be clothes]: (TA:) or the كارة is what is carried on the back, [being a bundle] of clothes: (S:)or what are put together and tied up [in a wrapper] of clothes: (Msb:) or a certain quantity of wheat; (K, TA;) which a man carries on his bach : (TA :) pl. كَارَاتْ. (A, Msb.) [See also أَعْضَلَةُ

A province, district, or tract of country; فُورَة a quarter, or region ; syn. صفع : (S, Msb, K :) a مَخْلَاف (q.v.) of a country; i.e., a قَرْيَة [which properly signifies a town or village] of مخلاف of El-Yemen : (M, TA :) [but قُرَّى is generally used in the first of the senses here assigned to a city : (S, Msb, K:) [or a provincial city: but the first of these significations is the most common, as is implied in the Msb : see also جُوَرٌ .] pl. كُوَرٌ, (Ş, Msb, k,) like as غُرُفٌ is pl. of غُرُفٌ (Mşb.) 1Drd says, I do not think it Arabic. (TA.) [Perhaps from the Greek χώρα.]

. كُوَارَةً seo : كوَارَةً and كوَارً

لجُوَّارَة * Ş, Mşb, K,) and), كُوَّارَة نَحْلٍ K,) written in both these ways in the T, in explanation of the word عَمِيرَة, (Mgh,) and (T, TṢ, L, Ķ,) and بكوار (T, TṢ, L, K,) حوارة (Msb,) A bec-hive; or habitation of bees; syn. : (Msb:) or a bec-hive, when made of clay: (El-Ghooree, in Mgh:) or a bee-hive, or habitation of bees, when containing honey: (Msb:) or a thing made for bees, of twigs, (T, Mgh, TS,) or of clay, (TS, K,) or of twigs and clay, accord. to most copies of the K, or of twigs only, accord. to most of the lexicologists, (TA,) like a قَرْطَالَة [an asses' pannier], (T, Mgh, TS,) narrow at the head, (T, Mgh, TS, K,) in which they make their honey: (TA:) or the honey of bees in the wax : (S, Msb, K :) or فَوَّارَاتْ لا pl. فوّارة signifies domestic bec-hives; as also AHn, K.) [Of the latter pl., it is. كوائر

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