[Boor I.
with the same inf. n. : but I do not find it in any copy of that work. See, however, the next para.]
-كُ Sind and Disimulation, or crafliness, or decoit, in affairs: (K:) [or i.q. فُّثَبْ , q.v.]
 [شُلبَبْ (TA.)

## كلث

7. He advanced: preceded: syn. تَقَدَمُ. (F.)

مُكْنَ A man (TA) penetrating (مَاض) in affairs. (K.) See مُتْنَتُ,

## كلثب

 mind] : avaricious: ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) dissembling, or using craft, or deceit, in affairs: app. a dial. syn. of .كَكْتُبْ . (TA.) See also كُبْتْ.

## كلـع

, SS, and so accord. to the Mgh and the Mąb and Ea-Sakháwee, TA, but in some
 , $\oint$, (Shifà el-Gbaleel,) A cerlain measure, مُعْتُان, (S, K, ) used in El-'Irák, consisting of tro menns and seven-eighths of a menn; the menn (مَ) being two pounds; [consequently, five pounds and three quarters]: (Msb:) or half a صَ : (Az, in Mgh and Mgb, voce :
 and the $\bar{\sigma}$ is added because it is a foreign word. (S.)

## كلح

1. ${ }^{\text {Gُ }}$, аог. =, inf. n. ( $\left(\underset{T}{ }, K_{i}\right.$ ) and "اكلوّح; ( $\mathbf{A}$;) $H e(a \mathrm{man}, \mathrm{S})$ granıed, or displayed his teeth, ( $M$, rendered in the $S$ and $\mathbf{K}$
 looking sternly, austerely, or morosely. (S, M, K.) - G He frightened him; namely a child, and a madman. (A.)
2. كتَّع وْجْهُ He contracted his face much. (A.)
3. ": nith him for superiority in strength;] i.g.

4. : أُنْتُ $M e$ (or it, L) made him to grin, or display his teeth, frowning, or contracting his face, or looking sternly, austerely, or morosely. (L, K.) — See 1.

ס. 1 : He smiled : see 1. (Ḳ) - Hence,
(TA,) 1 The lightning flashed in continued succession: (S, L, K :) also, it continued, and became concealed, in a white cloud. (L.)

## 13 : see 1.

كَلَعْةُ $\ddagger$ The mouth and parts around it. So in the phrase كَكَ كَ How ugly is his mouth with the parts around it! (S., K.)
كُكُلَ : see
 like drought, sterility, or barrenness. (S, K.) You say befell them. (TA.) See كُّ.
 the lip nithdramm from the teeth. ( $\left.\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{j}}, \mathrm{L}.\right)$ So in the Kur xxiii. 106, accord. to Zj . (L.) $=$ ذَ ذ I Severe, distressing, or afflictive,
 : Fَّوْتْ ( K ; ) an epithet applied to a man. (TA.)
A trial, or an affliction, which, by its severity, makes men grin and from. ( L , from a trad.)

## كلـهس

 (K.)

كُ كَعْبٌ: of this word, Az says, It is not known what it is: but it is related, on the authority of IAar, that it signifies The sound, and flame, of fire; or its sounding, and flaining: (as explained in the $K$ :) or, accord. to the RA, it signifies its sound, or sounding, in what is slender, or small, as a lamp and the like. (TA.)


## كلد

5. He (a man) was, or became, thick and firm in flesh. (L.) - See also Q. Q. 3.
R. Q. 3. إكْتَنْدَ : see Q. Q. 3.
 camel, Ș, L) roas, or became, thick, big, gross, or coarse, and strong; (Lh, S, L, K;) like
 and † تُكَّنَّ: (K:) he, or it, was, or became,
 (TA.)
 K:). n. un. with $\overline{\mathrm{b}}$ : (Mṣb, K :) or [hills such as are termed also siguifies a hill of this hind: (K :) also,
a hard place without pebbles; ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{K}$;) as also كَلْةْ words signify a piece of rugged ground or land.

 (L.) أهُو كَلَدْة [in some copies of the $\mathbf{K}$,


解 Strong, and thick, big, gross, or coarse,
 (S, L:) and strong in make, and big: and, the former, accord. to some, strong; applied in a general manner: or a hard and strong camel; ( L ;) as also the latter. (TA.)

مُكْلْنٌ

1. كَكَسْ: see 2.

 كَنْ thing is thickly plastered, it is termed مُقْرمّة. (TA.) Sce كتْ. As used by the alchemists, [ He calcined a substance;] he diseolved a body so that it became like i . (TA.)
 (IJ) i.q. صَارُو [i.e. Quick lime, and the mixtures thereof, with which are plastered tanks, or cisterns, and baths, fre.], (S, K, ) or the like thereaf, (TA,) with nhich one builds: (S, TA:) or that with which a wall, or the inside of a palace or the like, is plastered, resembling [or gypsum], nithout baked liricks. (TA.) A poet says, (S,) namely 'Adee Ibn-Zeyd, describing El-Hadr, a city between the Tigris and Euphrates, (TA,)

[He raisel it high, of marble, and covered it with quick lime, and there nere nests for the birds in its tops]: or, accord. to Ag, the right
 put صاروج into the interstices of its stones; and he used to laugh at him who related it in the former manner, with $C^{.}$(TA.) But see 2.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { كِّنـّ }
\end{aligned}
$$

> كَــلَّاسَةٍ A lime-hiln: so in the present day.]
 term applied by the physicians to the food when it is digested in the stomack before it departs thence and becomes blood; also called

