clothes: in this sense also fem.: and a place of collection of anything. (TA.) $=$ And $\ddagger$ A man's family, or householl: and his young children: (A, K:) or his family, or household, consisting of his young children. (S, Msb.) You say,
 family, or howsehold. (A, TA.) And عَعَنَيْهِ


 or he has, (A,) scattered young children. (S, A.) And (S, A,") and
 noman, and she bore to him many children. (S, A.) [Sce also art. نتش .] Also, $\ddagger$ A rompany, or congregated body, (S, A, Mş, $\mathbf{K}$,) of men: (S. A, Mg̣b:) pl. أُكْرَاشُ (A.) Hence the saying of Mohammad, الأَنْصَارُ كَرِبِى وَعْيْبْتَ (S, TA) ! The Ansdir are my company, and my companions, whom $I$ acquaint with my sccrets, and in whom $I$ trust, and upon whom $I$ rely: (TA :) or the meaning is, they are my auxiliaries, from whom I derive aid; because the camel and the beast with a divided hoof draw the cud from the stomach: (TA:) or the depositories of my secrets and trusts, like as the $ك$ is the place of the food of the beast: (A:) or the oljects of my love and compassion like young children. (Mąb.) [And hence, app.,] الكَرشَّانٍ is an appellation applied to [the tribes of ] ElAzd and 'Abd-el-Ķeys. (S.) - Also, $\ddagger$ The main part, or budy of a people or company of men: (A, TA :) pl. كُرُوُش : أُكْرُ some say, these are pls. having no sing. [in this
 peculiarity in its colours or texture, ] $\ddagger A$ hind of garment, or cloth, of the description termed ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ of [the fabric of $]$ El-Yemen. (Az, TA.)

أكُرْشُ 1 A man large in the belly: or, as some say, having large property: (TA:) and [the fem.] كَرْشَآه a woman large in the belly (ISk, $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}^{*}$ ) and nide. (TA.) Also the latter, $\ddagger \mathbf{A}$ she-ass bulhy in the flanks: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{K}$ :) or bulky in the belly and flanks. (A.) And the same applied to a foot (قَدَم), $\ddagger$ Having much flesh, and even in the part of the sole which is generally hollow, (S., K,) and short in the tocs. (S.) And the same applied to a leathern bucket (J), It Having swollen sides: (A :) or large and with snollen siles. (TA.) - Also the fem., + Distant
 + Between them is a distant relationship. (TA.)

تُكْرِشَةٌ What is cooked in the stomachs of ruminants. (AA, K.) See also what next followe.
 flesh-meat, or flesh-meat and fat, and cooked;] a piece of the stomach of a ruminant, stuffed with
flesh-meat, and fastened together with a shewer, and cooked: (A:) or a sort of food, made of flesh-meat and fat, in a piece cut out from the stomach of a camel; (K;) a sort of food of the peoplo of the desert, made by taking flesh-meat marbled with fat (تَهْ small pieces, and putting with it fat cut up in like manner, then putting it into a piece cut out from the stomach of a camel, after it has been nashed, and its smooth side which is without any villous substance or feres has been cleansed, and fastcning its edjes together with a skener, and digging for it a hole for fire, of the size thereof, and throwing into it heated stones, and lighting a fire over them, so that they become of a red heat, like fire, when the coals are put aside from them, and the مكرّشر is buried therein, and hot ashes are put over it; then some thick and tough firewood is kinclled over it, and it is left until it is thoroughly well cooked, whereupon it is taken out, having become like one picce, the fat having melted with the flesh, and it is eaten with dates, being sweet. (Az, TA.)

## كرشـب

 nifies Adeanced in years, and laard, gross, or coarse : nnd the latter, a great eater, or coracious. (T.) The $\int$ is said to be substituted for $\overline{\text {, }}$ or viciously pronounced for the latter letter. (MF.)
ك كـرص كرض كرط

See Supplement.]
كرفأ
Q. 1. كَرْقآتِ الـقِّرُ The pot frothel, or raised a scum, when about to boil. (S., K.) $=$
 كرثأ from the former; TA;) It (a collection of clouds) became large in quantity, and confused, and heaped up. (K.) - ـُرْمَوْوا They became mixed together. (K.)
Q. 2: see 1.

كُرْثِّ ; (K ; ) Clouds high and piled
 of such clouds. (S.) - كُرْفِئُ An egg-shell. (A'Obeyd, S.) It occurs again in art. (TA.)


## كرفس


 [which is wrong,] (Msb,) [The herb smallage; apium graveulens of Linnous;] a well known herb, or leguminous plant, (Ṣ, Mṣb, $\mathbf{K}$,) of the hottest of leguminous plants (منْ أَمرِّ البُقُولِ, TA,
 of the leguminous plants that are eaten mithout boing cooked, or that are slender and succulent or soft or sweet,]) the utilities of which are great; eliurstic; a disperser of winds and flatulence; a cleanser of the lidneys and liver and bladder, opening obstructions thereof; a strengthener of the venereal faculty, especially its seeds pounded with sugar and clarified butter, wonderful when drunk three days, ( $\mathbf{K}$, ) upon an empty stomach, with avoidance of hurtful things, (TA,) but injurious to the young in the nomb, and to the pregnant, and to those affected nith epilepsy: (K :) said by Lth to be a foreign word introduced into the Arabic language, (TA.) and thought to be so by Az : ( M sb:) in the O said to be arabicized; and, in the language of the people of Ghazneh, called كرفرنج or (TA.)

كُرْفُسْ $C$ Cotton : (K :) [like from which it appears to be formed by transposition : see also


## كركس

, A certain plant of sneert odour. (K.) The former word is a syn. of the latter. (TA.)

## كردر] <br> See Supplement. ]


 art. תرُرح, and CK, and a MS copy of the K,) He (a short man) ran with short steps, and quickly: (S, ubi supra:) or i.q. كَرْبِّ being changed into $\rho$, (TA,) he ran at a slomer
 Se ran heavily in the footsteps of, or after, the people, (AA, S., ubi supra, L.)

## كرنس

Q. 1. كـرَبر, inf. n. He fed a guest سَرْنِبُوا لِضَيْفُمْتْ فَإِنَّهُ تَتْهَانُ Feed your guest with for he is hungry. (TA.) - Also, $\mathrm{He}_{\mathrm{e}}$ ate [S, or] dates with milk. (K.) - AHei and others assert the $\dot{\mathcal{L}}$ to be augmentative; but in the $\mathrm{T}, \mathrm{L}$, and $\mathbf{K}$ it is implied that it is radical. (MF.)
, with damm; [so in the copies of the
in my hands, and in the 0 , and so accord. to

