 brimstone, or sulphur]. A proverb. Some cay, that كبريت ا-حمر [meaning as above] is a thing that does not exist: others, that by it is meant gold. (Meyd.) This phrase is similar to ícik
 signifies gold: ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) [see above:] or red gold: or red [as an epithet applied to gold] : (TA :) or pure, as an epithet applied to gold. (S., art. S.) Ru-beh says,

[Will vehement lying profit me, or silver, or pure gold?] (S., art. S.S.) IAąr says, Ru-beh imagined that كبريت meant gold : upon which MF observes, that the ancient Arabs erred with respect to meanings, though not with respect to words. The latter author, however, supposes كبريت to be fig. used as signifying gold; for they use the expression الكبريت الاعمهر [as applied to gold] because gold is [said to be] prepared therefrom, and it is used in alchymical processes. (TA.) - كُبْرِيتِ also signifies The red jacinth, or ruby; syn. يَاقوتُ أُعْرُ (K.)
Sبس

1. كَبْتَ, (S, A, K, aor. : (K, ) inf. n. (S,) He filled up with earth a well, (S, A, K, ) and a river, ( $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{Mgh}, \mathrm{K}$,) and a hollow, or cavity, or pit, dug in the ground. (A, Mgh.) - $\ddagger$ Ho cuvered over, or spread, with earth, and made even, a piece of ground: and in like manner, the rouf of a house, before plastering it with mud or clay. (Mgh.) - [And He spread
 aor. and inf. n. as above, $+H e$ pressed, or squeezed, [or kneaded,] a limb with the hand:
 [signifies the same, accord. to present usage: and] I he suppled the body [by kneading, or pressing, or squeezing it, as is done in the bath,] with the hands. (TA, in the present art.) And, sor. as above, $\ddagger$ Inivit und vice feminam.
 attack upon the house of such a one, (S, IK!t!,"

 suddenly and without consideration. (A.) And

 suddenly and without consideration. (TA.) $=$ , كَبْس رأبهُ, [aor. as above,] He put his head nithin his garments: (S:) and (S : ho hid his head in his garment, and put it within it: ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) or he put it on in the manner of a ع, (, تُقَّنَع) ,
 ,برِّأُسْ head within the opening at the neck and bosom of

 The man puts his garment as a covering over his head.] (Sh, TA.)

2: see 1, in three places.
 ". مَارَسَهُ
5. تكّبّ [quasi-pass. of 2, It was, or became, pressed, or squeezed]. $=$ See also 1 , in two places.
7. انكبس It (a river, [and a well,] and any hollow, or cavity, or pit, dug in the ground,) became filled up with earth. (Mgh.)
 river, ( $\mathbf{K}$,) or any hollon, or cavity, or pit, dug in the ground, (TA,) is filled up: (S, K, TA:) earth that occupies the place of air. (TA.)

- A kind of dates, (S. Mạb, K, ) said to be of the best kind; (Msb;) thus called when $d r y$; but when fresh, called امُ حِرْزانٍ, which is also the name of the tree that bears them. (TA.) $=\mathbf{A}$ lind of romen's ornament, made hollow, ( $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{L}, \mathbf{K}$,) and couted with perfume, ( A ,) or stuffed with perfume, ( $\mathrm{L}, \underset{\mathrm{K}}{\mathrm{K}}$ ) and then worn; ( $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ) a nechlace being made of ornaments of this kind. (A.) $=$ (السَّنَةُ الكَبِيـَهُ (S, K,) and عَامُ الــَبْبيس, (L, Az, in TA, voce b-̈, q.v.,) [The intercalary ycar ; or leap-year ; both in the Syrian, or Julian, reckoning, and in the Coptic;] the year from which, (مْنـ) accord. to the $\mathbf{S}$ and K , but properly, for which, (التَا) as in the work entitled $a$ day is stolen (يُتْتُرقَ [once] in every four years; as in the S , and K ; for the said day is an addition thereto; (MF, TA ;) the year in which the Syrians, folloning the Greeks, add a day to the month bبُب, [which corresponds to February, O.S.,] making it twentynine days instead of twenty-eight, which they do once in four years; (L;) [and that in which the Copts intercalate, at the end, six eqagomence instead of five, which, in like manner, they do once in every four years.]
 racenue, (TA,) of a palm-tree, ( $\mathrm{A},{ }^{*} \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{s} b}, \mathbf{K},{ }^{*}$ ) or of dates, like the complete, with its شَهْأِيِّ , [or fruit-stalhs, pl. of
 كَبْانِسُ (A, Msb.) [A of moderate size has about one hundred شَهماريـن ; the longest شْهراخ having about fifty dates, and being about
two feet and a half in length; and the shorteat having about thirty dates, and being about one foot in length.] - Also applied by AHn, to $\ddagger$ A raceme of [the fruit called] قُونَ. (TA.)
Charging, attacking, or assaulting. (K,*'TA.) You say, He came charging, attacking, or assaulting: (K,* TA:)
 himself suddenly and without consideration [upon a person or thing]. (TA.) $=\mathrm{A}$ man putting himself within his garment, covering his body with it. (TA.)
[Incubus, or nightmare; ; what comes upon a man (or rather upon a sleeper, TA,) in the night, (S, K ,) preventing his moving while is lasts; ( $\mathbf{K}$;) accord. to some, (S.) the forerunner of epilepsy. (S, K.) Sume think that this is not Arabic, and that the proper word is and بَبْرُورُ, and (TA.) Hence, app., (TA.) i Modus certus coëundi: (K :) or rather, ! coïtus itself. (TA.)
Compact in the head. (AHeyth, T in art. ظرب.)
-Hanging down his head in his garment: (K,* TA :) or one who throws himself suddenly and without consideration upon others, and axsaults them. (K.) See also كَابِس.
كَابِس : مُكَابِسُ : sec


## كبش

1. كَبَشَهُa, [aor. :, accord. to present usage,] inf. n. كُبْش fingers contracted; (TA;) [he took by the handful, so used in the present day.]

كَبْشْ A ram, or male sheep, phatever be his age: (M, TA:) or a male sheep [that has entered his third year,] when he has cast his central incisors: or when his tooth that is next to the central pair of incisors has come forth: (Lth, K :) [also applied in the present day to the mild sheep of the Arabian and Egyptian deserts and mountains; oxis tragelaphus:] pl. [of pauc.]

 صَقْرٌ
 [Hence,] $\ddagger$ The chief, or lord, of a people, or company of men; ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$;) their leader: ( $\mathbf{K}:$ ) or their strenuous defender, or protector, and the one of them to whom others look. (TA.) You say, (A, TA) ; $H_{B}$ is the leader of
 !illing [They are the leaders of the armies, or troops]. (A, TA.) And also signifies

