Mullà 'Alee Karee: (TA:) or اكبت المجاه signifies he pulled up his head by the bridle, so as to make it upright, or erect; (Msb;) and so عبد المجاه المجاه

3. غابحه see ڪابحه.

4: see 1, in two places.

(K,) or he who presents himself before thee, toward (T, L,) of such objects as are of evil omen, (L.) (T, L, K,) as a he-goat &c; (L;) because it turns him back from his course: (TA:) pl.

ڪبد

1. ڪَبَدُه, (aor. ج, AZ, L, K, and ع, L, K, int. n. كُبْد, L,) He, or it, hit, or smote, or hurt, his كُبد [or liver]: (AZ, S, IKtt, L:) or struck it. (L, K.) _ كَبَدُهُمُ البَرْدُ _ (aor. - and 1, K,) + The cold affected them severely; distressed them; straitened them: (L, K:) or, smote their livers; which only the most intense cold does. (L, from a trad.) __ كَبِدُ , aor. :, (L, K,) inf. n. كَبِدُ (L,) He had a pain in his liver: (L, K) and (A, L:) or كُبَاد, (K), inf. n. كُبَاد, (TA,) he had a complaint of his liver. (L, K.) = عَبد , aor. د, (L,) inf. n. كُبُدُ , (Ş, L, K,) He was big in the belly, (L, K,) in its upper part: (L:) he (a man) was bulky in the middle, and therefore slow in his pace. (S, L.) __ It (anything) was big, or large, and thick, in the middle. (L.) = See 5.

2 : See 5.

(, L, K, كَبَادٌ and مُكَابَدَةً (inf. n. مُكَابَدَةً 1 He endured the thing; struggled, or contended, with, or against, it; struggled or contended with, or against, its difficulty, or severity; syn. قَاسَاهُ, (L, K,) or قَاسَى شِدَّتُهُ; (S;) he endured, or struggled, or contended, with or against, its diffi-عَانَى مُشَقِّتُهُ . grulty, trouble, or inconvenience ; syn. عَانَى مُشَقِّتُهُ (L:) he underwent difficulties, troubles, or inconveniences, in doing it. (Msb.) __ كابد الليْلَ ! He (a man) braved () the terribleness and كَابُدْتُ ظُلْمَةُ هَذِهِ And كَابُدْتُ ظُلْمَةُ هَذِهِ I braved the darkness of this night with a mighty braving. (Lth, L.) -أَنْ يُكَابِدُ بَعْضُا (One party of them struggles, contends, or strives, against the opposition of the other]: said of adversaries in a contest, litigation, or the like. (A.)

5. تكبتره ! He tended, or betook himself, or directed himself or his course, to, or towards, it,

namely, an affair, (L, K,) and a town or country; syn. فَصَدَهُ; (L, K;) as also مُجَدُهُ, aor. - and عِدْ. (K, TA.) = تكبد † It (milk) became thick; (S, A, L, K;) as also any other beverage; (L;) and (the former) became thich like liver, so as to quiver. (L.) = تكبدت الشهارة, (S, A,) or السهادة, (S, L, K,) † The sun became in the shy; (S, L, K;) became in the middle of the shy; culminated; (A;) as also عبد السهادة (K:) and a town or country; sync and a town or country; sy

خَبْدُ and خُبْدُ see خُبْدُ.

Difficulty; distress; affliction; trouble. He fell وَقَعُ فِي كَبُدِ .Ex. وَقَعُ فِي كَبُدِ into difficulty, &c. (A.) So in the words of the Verily لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا ٱلْإِنْسَانَ فِي كَبَدِ Verily we have created man in difficulty, &c., (S, L, Jel,) in a state in which he has to contend with the afflictions of the present life and the difficulties pertaining to the life to come: (Zj,* Jel:) or في here signifies, in a right and just state: (Aboo-Tálib, L:) or in an erect state, and in just proportion: (Fr; L:) or in an erect state, and walking upon his two legs; whereas other animals are not erect: or in the belly of his mother, with his head towards her head; in which state the child remains until near the birth, when it becomes inverted. (L.) __ And see ڪَابِدُ and ڪَابِدُ.

جُبد, (S, L, Msb, K, &c.,) the most chaste and best known form of the word, (TA,) and جُبُدٌ (S, L, Mab, K,) a contraction of the former, (Msb,) and كُبُدُ (S, L, K,) also a contraction of the first, (S,) [The liver;] a certain black piece of flesh on the right of the lungs: (L:) fem., and sometimes masc.; (Fr, L, Mab, K;) or fem. only: (Lh, ISd, L, Mab :) pl. غُبُودٌ (S, L, Msb, K) and يُجُودُ ; (L, Msb, K;) the latter seldom used. (Msb) - Also, [the first,] The place of the liver, outside: (L;) the side. (K) It is said in a trad., فُوضَعُ يَدُهُ meaning, And he put his hand upon عَلَى كَبدى my side externally; or, upon the external part of my side, next the liver. (L.) ___ + The inside of an animal, altogether. (Kr, ISd, K.) Sometimes used in this sense. (Kr, ISd.) __ ! The inside, meaning a cave, or ravine, of a mountain. : The interior of the earth كُبدُ الأُرْضِ ___ (L.) (Mab:) or the minerals (مُعَادِن) of the earth: (A:) or the gold and silver and the like that are in the mines of the earth: (L:) pl. أُخْبَادُ (A, L) and خُبُود (L.) It is said in a trad. وَتُلْقِي And the earth shall cast الأرض أَفْلاَذَ كَبدهَا

forth what is hidden in her belly, of treasures and minerals. (L.) __ ! The middle of anything. (A, L, Msb, K, •) and its main part. (L, K.) ___ The middle of the sea. (L.) ___ The middle of a butt for archers. (A, L.) ___ دَارُهُ كَبِدَ نَجْد His house is in the middle of Nejd. (A.) ___ but none [except ; كَبُدُ † , L;) in the K, كُبُدُ F] says so; (MF;) The middle of a tract of sand, (L, K,) and its main part. (L.) _ يُخبِدُ __; (Ṣ, A, L, Mạb;) in the Ķ, كُبُدُ ; but none [except F] says so; (MF;) and ځبنه, and §, (Ṣ, A, L,) عَبْيْدَاتْ ٢ (K,) and كَبْدَانْ ٢ (Ṣ, A, L,) from خُبَيْدَة , though they had formed the dim عَبد , and then formed the pl.; (S, L;) in the K, كُبُيْدَاة ; but this is wrong; (TA;) and contr. to كَبِدُ (L, Msb, K,) dim. of كُبِيْدُالًا ﴿ rule, like سُوَيْدَاء; (Msb;) [or dim. of اَسُوَيْدَاء; The middle of the sky, (S, A, L, K,) and its main part: (L;) or [the meridian of the sky;] the middle of the sky, wherein is the sun at the time of its declining from the meridian: (L:) or the part of the middle of the sky which faces the spectator. (Lth, L, Mab.) _ خَبِدُ (Lh, L; in the K, ڪَبَدْ ;) + The air ; (Lh, L, K ;) as also † of a bow, The handle: كَبْدُ اللهِ (S, A, Msb:) or the part a little above the handle, (Az, L, Meb,) against which the arrow goes: (Az, L:) or the part between the two extremities of the handle, and that along which the arrow runs: (S, L:) or the part [midway] hetween the two extremities of its suspensory string or cord or the like: (As, L, K:) [see : رجل:] or the space of a cubit from its handle: (L, K:) or each part where the thong of its suspensory string or the like is tied: (L:) in the bow is its خبد, which is the part [midway] between the two extremities of its suspensory string or the like; then, next to this, the كُنْيَة; then, next to this, the ; then, next to this, the then, the سِتُّة, which is the curved part of each extremity. (As, L.) ___ فَكُونُ تُضْرَبُ إِلَيْهِ Such a one is a person to whom men أَحْبَادُ الإبل journey secking knowledge &c. (S, L, K.) [See an ex. in the first paragraph of art. ضرب.] ___ Black-livered men ;] a designation سُورٌ الأَكْبَاد of enemies, (As, S, I., K,) similar to صُبُّ السَّبَال [q. v.]: (As, S, L:) they are so called because the effects of rancour, or malevolence, have [as it were] burnt their livers so that they have become black; the liver being the source of enmity. (L.)

أَكْبُدُ see عُبِدُ, and غُبْدُأً.

Pain of the liver: (S, L, K:) or a disease, or complaint, of the liver. (L.) The only known word, signifying a disease, derived from the name of the member affected, except غُلُبُ and غُلُبُ. (Kr.)