## Book I.]

[I beg God to preserve, ] ٱللهُ أَلَمْ يَكُنْ حَذَا وَحَذَا keep, guard, or watch, thee. Was it not so and قَعِيدَكَ ٱللهَ لَأُخُرِمَنَّكَ ,and in the other case [By thy Watcher, or Keeper, God, I will assuredly pay thee honour !] (Th, L.) - [And from the signification of 'father' is derived] the phrase تَعيدُكَ لَتَفْعَلَنَ By thy father, thou shalt assuredly do such a thing. (K, TA.) - What comes to thes from behind thee, (S, L, K,) of gazelles or birds (L, K) or wild animals: contr. of evil omen. (L.) - The locust of which the wings are not yet perfectly formed. (S, K.)

A thing like the [kind of receptacle قعيدة called] i, (L, K,) woven by women, (L,) upon which one sits : (L, K :) pl. قَعَائدُ. (L.) - See غرارة [ sach of the kind called ] عَسَرَارة [ sach of the kind called ] or the like thercof, in which are put [or pieces of flesh-meat, q. v.] and is: (L, K:) pl. قَعَائد. (S, L.) = A sand that is not of an oblong form: (S, L, K:) or a long tract of sand like a rope, cleaving to the ground: (L, K:) or a heap of sand collected together. (L.) = See also قعيدً.

A [seat, or couch, of the kind called] فعادة of the dial. of El-Yemen. (TA.) : سَربر

act. part. n. of تَعَدَّ Sitting ; sitting : قَاعدُونَ and قُعَّادُ (Mşb) and تُعُودُ and : .قَاعداتْ and قَوَاعدُ pl. قَاعداتْ and (Msb.) \_\_ + A sack full of grain ; (IAar, K;) as though by reason of its fulness it were sitting. (IAar.) \_ [And from in the third meaning,] أَعَد عَن الغَزُو (A man holding back, or abstaining, from warring and plundering : pl. isi and يَعَد ; and quasi-pl. n. قَعَد : (L:) which last is also explained as signifying those mho have no ديوان [or register in which they are enrolled as soldiers and stipendiaries], (S, A, L, K,) and (as some say, L) who do not go forth to [which is, properly speaking, a quasi-pl. n.,] like خَادِمْ and حَارِسٌ (Ş,) and خَارِسٌ and : (TA:) [The Abstainers, or Separatists:] the in the S, L, K : in the A, and some copies of the K, \* قَعَدَة :) are t The [schismatics called] : خوارج (K:) or certain of the خوارج ; (Ş;) a people of the خوارج who held back (قعدوا) from aiding 'Ales, and from fighting against him; (A;) certain of the  $\dot{}$ , (L;) the [schismatics called] شراة, who hold the doctrine that government belongs only to God, but do not war; (IApr, L;) who hold the doctrine that government belongs only to God, but do not go forth to war against a people. (L.) \_ [And the sing.,] قاعد (A woman who has ceased to bear children, (Ş, K,) and to have the menstrual dis- in the S and Msb, voce باسور &c., and so

قعبدَكَ آلله ]. You say, interrogatively, قعبدَدَحَما charge, (ISk, S, K,) and to have a husband : (Zj, K:) or an old woman, advanced in years: (IAth:) pl. قواعد : (ISk, S:) when you mean "sitting," you say قَاعَدَةَ (ISk, IAth.) \_\_\_\_. t A palm-tree bearing fruit one year نَخْلَةً قَاعَدَةً and not another: (A, TA:) or, that has not borne fruit in its year. (IKtt.) \_\_ Also, قاعد, A palm-tree: or a young palm-tree: pl. [or rather quasi-pl. n.] فَدَم like as خَدَم is of أَعَد is of أَعَد ( (L.) قاعد A young palm-tree having a trunk: (A, K:) or, [of] which [the branches] may be reached by the hand. (S, K.) Ex. In their land are so many أَرْضِهِمْ كَذَا مِنَ القَاعِدِ young palm-tress having trunks. (A.) Thus it is used as a gen. n. (TA.) رَحَى قَاعِدَة A mill which one turns by the handle with the hand. (L.) == حلب . see art : حَلَبْتَ قَاعدًا

> أعدة A foundation, or basis, of a house: (Mşb :) pl. قَوَاعدُ (S, Mşb :) which signifies, accord. to Zj, the columns, or poles, (أَسَاطِين) of a structure, which support it. (L.) [Hence,] [The two side-posts of the door]. قَاعَدْتًا البَّاب and ,بَنِّي أَمْرَهُ عَلَى قَاعدة ... (.سوم .K, in art) على قَوَاعدَ, 1 [He built his affair upon a firm foundation, and, upon firm foundations]. And t[The foundation of thine affair] قَاعَدَةُ أَمْرِكَ وَاهِيَةً The lower : قَوَاعدُ السَّحَابِ ... (A.) قَوَاعدُ السَّحَابِ ... parts of clouds extending across the view in the horizon, likened to the foundations of a building: (A'Obeyd, L:) or clouds extending across the view, and lying low. (IAth, L.) \_ [Hence] The four pieces of wood, (S, K,) قَوَاعِد الهُودج placed transversely, [two across the other two, so as to form a square frame,] beneath the (S, K,) which is fixed upon them. (K.) [See 1 in art. فشل.] - As a conventional term, i.q. فابط, i.e. + A universal, or general, rule, or canon. (Msb.) [See .]

> A camel having a laxness and depression in the shank. See . (TA.) But see Such a one is more فَلَانٌ أَقْعَدُ مَنْ فُلَان == nearly related to his chief, or oldest, ancestor than such a onc. (IAar, IAth, L.) See also قعدد

> A place of sitting; a sitting-place; (L, Msb, K;) as also \* مَعْعَدَة (L, K:) pl. of the former مَعَاعد, (Msb,) signifying sittingplaces of people in the markets Sc. (Ş.) [He is, with respect to me, مَعْعَدُ القَابِلَة as though in the sitting-place of the midwife;] i.e., in nearness; meaning he is sticking close to me, before me: (Sb, S:) denoting nearness of station. (Sb, L.) See also .... [Hence, t a place of abude,] تَرَكُوا مَعَاعدَهُمُ They left their places of abode. (A.) \_ A time of sitting. (MF.) \_\_\_ الْهَقْعَدَةُ \* \_\_\_ The anus [as is shown

in modern Arabic; and app. also the posteriors, upon which one sits]: syn. السَّافلَةُ. (S. Msb.)

Having a disease which constrains him to remain sitting : (K:) or crippled, or deprived of the power of motion, by a disease in his body; (Mgh, L;) as though the disease constrained him to remain sitting: (Mgh:) or deprived of the power to stand, by protracted disease; as though constrained to remain sitting: (L:) or affected by a disease in his body depriving him of the power to walk: (Msb:) a lame man (S, L:) also, i. q. زَمِنْ (Msb :) accord. to the physicians, are syn.; [see the second ex- زَمِينٌ and مُقْعَد planation above, which is that here indicated;] but some make a distinction, and say that the former signifies having the limbs contracted, and the latter, having a protracted disease; (Mgh;) [which is app. one of the two significations assigned to the former word in the Msb :] accord. to some, it is from قَعَاد signifying a disease which affects camels in their haunches: (L:) [and] [is applied to] a camel having this disease. (I.) مقعد الأُسبَاب, and مُقْعَدُ النَّسَب, + A man of short lineage. (L.) مَعْعَد الحَسَب + A man without eminence, or nobility. (L.) See also ...... A man having wide nostrils ; مُقْعَدُ الأُنْف = (K:) or having wide and short nostrils. (A, L.) A breast that is swelling, prominent, or protuberant, (S, A, L, K,) that fills the hand, (A,) and has not yet become folding. (Ş, L, K.) مِنْر مُقْعَدَة ( A well that is partly dug, and then left before the water has come into it; (K;) i. q. مُسْهَبَهُ (TA.) عَقْعَدُاتٌ t Young birds of the kind called . idd, before they rise (L. K) to fly. (L.) \_\_\_ Frogs. (A, L, K.)

(A) Griefs took hold upon أَخَذَهُ الْمُعَيْمُ الْمُقْعِدُ him, disquieting him so that he could not remain at rest, and making him to stand up and sit أَخْبَذَهُ مَا قُدْمَ وَمَا down : a phrase similar to (.قدم .Mgh, art) . مَا قُرُبٌ وَمَا بَعْدَ Mgh, art. حَدْثَ and مُعَدَّ A servant. (IAar, L.)

.مَقْعَدُ Bee الْمَقْعَدَةُ and مَقْعَدُهُ. .مُقْعَد see : مُقْعَدَات and مُقْعَدة مُقْعِدْ Bee : مُقَعِدْ.

قعر

. أَعَارَة , inf. n. أَعَارَة , The well mas deep; had a deep bottom. (S, K.\*) = , ind a deep bottom. (Ş, K,) aor. -, inf. n. قَعْر, (TA,) He reached the bottom of the well; (K;) he descended the well until he reached the bottom of it: (S:) or the same verb; (IAar, K;) or \* قَـعْـرَهَا, (A,) inf. n.