is termed قُرُدُةً. (S.) It is said in a proverb, عَكَرَتْ ,عَكَرَتْ عَلَى الغَزْلِ بِأَخَرَةٍ فَلَمْ تَدَعْ بِنَجْدِ قَرَدَةً meaning عَطَفَت, [She returned to spinning at last, and left not in Nejd a piece of refuse of wool]: (Ṣ, L:) in the Ķ, عُكْرَتْ is put for عُكْرَتْ; and both readings are mentioned by the relaters of proverbs: عثرت على الغزل app. signifies she applied herself by chance to spinning:] the proverb is applied to him who neglects a needful business when it is possible, and seeks to accomplish it when it is beyond his reach: (K:) its origin is the fact, that a woman neglects spinning while she finds that which she may spin, (of cotton or flax &c., L,) until, when it is beyond her reach, she seeks for refuse of wool among sweepings and rubbish. (L, K.) _ Also, Palmbranches stripped of their leaves: n. un. with 5. (K.) - Also, A thing like down, sticking to the [plant called] مُكْرِثُوث. (K.) _ Also, Little things, [i. e., little flocks of clouds,] less than [what are termed] ____ [or clouds in the common accepta-زَمْتَ عُرَّدٌ † tion of the term] not conjoined; as also (K;) in some copies of the K أَمُنَّقُرُدُةُ لا (TA.) See also قُردُ Also, A hesitation in speech; (El-Hejeree, L, K;) because a man who hesitates in his speech is silent respecting somewhat of that which he would say. (L.) See also قَرَدُ.

Wool sticking together, and compacted in a lump or lumps: (A:) wool, and hair, contracted together, and knotted in its extremities. (L.) _ [Hence,] a cloud, or collection of clouds, dissundered, in the tracts of the sky, in parts, or portions, one upon another; cirro-cumulus: (S. L:) or of which the several portions are compacted together, (M, K,) one upon another; likened to soft hair such as is thus termed: (M:) or compacted in lumps, not smooth; as also مُتَـقُرُدُ * (AHn.) See also قُرِدُ الخَصيلِ Å horse [compact in frame;] not lax. (L, K.) ... A camel [&c.] abounding with قردان [or tichs]. [an epithet used as a subst.] قرد [K.) Accumulated foam which the camel casts forth from his mouth. (TA in art. ... See an ex. in that art. voce مُتَاوِجُ

in which the second s is not incorporated فردد into the first because the word is quasi-coordinate to the class of those of the measure فَعُلُلْ, S, L,) Elevated ground; (L, K;) as also و دُوْدُودُهُ ♦ : (K:) or elevated and rugged ground; as also ا قَرْدُودٌ اللهِ (L:) or a rugged and clevated place; (S, L;) as also قردود (S:) or a tract similar to what is termed قَفْ: (Aș:) or a prominent portion of ground by the side of a depressed place, or hollow: قَرَادِدُ M:) also, even, or plain, ground: (L:) pl. قَرَادِدُ and قرادید; (S, L, K;) the latter form being adopted from a dislike to [the concurrence of] the two dals: (S, L:) Sb says, that قَرَادِيدُ is a pl. of قُرْدُود, but as one also says قُرْدُود, there is no reason for this assertion: (L:) ISh says, that signifies elevated and rugged ground pro-

of the back. (TA.) قردودة

in two places. قُرْدُودٌ

The upper, or قُرْدُودَةُ الظَّهُرِ قَرْدُدُ . Bee highest, part of the back (L, K) of any beast of carriage: (L:) or the withers; syn. : سيساً: (As, L:) or the elevated portion of the part called the part; (S, L;) also called . (L.) ... : The severity and sharpness of winter قُرْدُودُةُ الشَّمَّاءِ (K:) or its sterility and severity. (Aboo-Málik,

[a coll. gen. n., The tick; or ticks;] a certain insect, (L, K,) well known, (L,) that clings to camels and the like, (Msb,) [and to dogs &c., and bites them; (L;) it is, to them, like the louse to man: (Msb:) [see also حَلَيَة and نَانْ and: n. un. with ة: (Meb:) pl. (of pauc., TA,) أُقْرِدُةً (L,) and (of mult., L,) قُرْدَانُ (Ş, L, Meb, K) and قُرَادٌ also signifies the same as قُرُدٌ (L:) : قُرُدُ أَذَلَّ (L.) . قُرُدُ (K,) or is a contraction of the pl. [Viler than a tich] أَسْفَلُ مِن قرادٍ and مِنْ قُرَادٍ proverbial sayings. (TA.) = (K,) or الغُرَادُ (K,) or (K,) or (K,) (K,) or (K,)nipple (حَلْمَة) of the breast : (S, A, L, K :) called as being likened to a large tick: حَلَيَةٌ and قُرَادٌ (Mgh in art. علم:) the nipple of the dug of a mare. (K.) = أُمُّ القَوْرَان The place between the fetlock and hoof of a horse: (S, L:) also, the of the foot (سَــلامَيات) of the of a camel. (L.) _ See also 2.

A camel that does not impatiently avoid فرود having his ticks (قردُان,) plucked off. (L, K.) _ [Hence,] ta still, or quiet, man. (A.)

or ape, monkey, or] قرد A trainer of the قرّادُ baboon]. (K.)

قَرْدُ and قَرْدُ see مُتَقَرِّدُ

. قُرُدُ see : مُتَقَرِّدُةً

قرزح

(TA, and so in , قُرْزُوحٌ , (AA, Ş, Ķ,) one copy of the S.) A certain species of tree: (S, A قُـرُزُحَةُ Also ـــ (TA.) .قُـرُزُحَةُ Ķ:) n. un. certain herb, or leguminous plant. (Kr, K.)__ And A certain small tree, (AHn, K,) curling and contracting, (جعدة) and having black [i. e. grains, or berries, or the like]. (AHn.)

(,Ş, قُرْسُ , aor. ج , (Ṣ, A, K,) inf, n. قُرْسَ , (Ṣ,) It (cold) was, or became, intense, or vehement; (Ṣ, A, Ķ;) as also قَـرِسَ, aor. -, (Ṣ, Ķ,) inf. n. قُرْس. (Ṣ.) __ It (water) became congealed, or

Sh, that it signifies an extended strip [of ground], TA, without any syll. signs,] He (a man) was, or became, cold. (TA.) [The verb and its inf. n. in this sense are probably the same as in the sense here next following.] ـــ قُرِسَ بنا, inf. n. قُرِسَ ; (TA;) or قَرسُ, [inf. n. قُرسُ;] (JK;) He (a man smitten by cold) became unable to work (JK, TA) with his hands, (JK,) or with his hand, by reason of the intenseness of the cold, or, as in the L, by reason of cold in his extremities. (,TA) , قَرَسَ قَـرِيسًا عــ . see 4 : قَرَسَ الهَاَّءَ عــ (,TA) or قرسه (accord. to a copy of the A,) He made, or prepared, what is termed قريس, (A, TA,) i.e., broth with flesh-meat. (A.)

> 2: see 4, in two places: == and see 1, last signification.

> 4. اقرس العُور The branch, or thing, had its sap جَهُسُ مَاؤُهُ congealed in it. In the M, instead of which is probably a حَبَسَ فِيهِ مَاؤُهُ we find , فيه mistake of a copyist]. (TA.) اقرسه البُرُدُ [The : تَقُرِيسُ ، inf. n قرَّسهُ * cold] made him cold; as also (S, K:) [or,] accord. to some, by البور is here meant sleep: (TA:) or the cold made him unable to work with his hand: (JK:) and اقرس البُردُ the cold made his fingers rigid, by chilness أصابعه of the extremities, so that he was unable to work. He cooled the اقرس الهاء في الشّنّ ـــ (A, L.) water in the old worn-out skin; (A'Obeyd, TA.) قَرَسُهُ ♦ (A'Obeyd, Ş, A;) and ; قرَّسُهُ ♦ as also inf. n. قُرْسُ (A'Obeyd, TA.)

Intense, or vehement, cold; (Ş, A, K;) as also لَيْلَةٌ and قَارِسٌ لا . (K.) You say, قَرِيسٌ لا __ (Ṣ.) لَمْاتُ فَـرُسِ A night of [intense] cold. The densest and coldest hoar-frost or rime: (Lth, JK, K:) or the coldest and most copious hourfrost or rime; as also قُرُسُ (M, TA.) __ See also قَارِسُ.

. قَارِسُ and . . قُرِسُ see . قَرَسُ

. قُرْسُ in three places : __ and قَرْسُ . Fish that is cooked, and for which a sauce (صباغ) is then made, in which it is left until it becomes concreted: (S:) or cooked fish in which a sauce is made, wherein it is left until it becomes concreted, (K,*TA,) but neither congealed nor fluid; [being converted into a gelatinous substance;] as also قُريصُ : the former is of the dial. of Keys. (TA.)

:قُرِيسٌ الله Intense, or vehement, cold; as also قَارِسُ you should not say قَرْسُ . (Ş.) _ See also قَرْسُ __In a state of congelation, or freezing; as also i (IAar, ISk, S, K:) the قَرَسٌ ♦ (Ş;) and وَرَسٌ ♦ first and second applied to water: (\$:) the last, to anything; (IAar;) but this last was unknown to Abu-l-Gheyth. (S.) __ Cold; chill; ducing little herbage, and all of it gibbous: and frozen. (S, K.) __ قريس , inf. n. قريس, [so in the as also أوريس, (TA,) and أورس (K.) You say