\&c. (TA. Sed also 1.) $=$ = $\quad$ ( $A, L, K$ ) and $\downarrow$ (L) A camel's or horse's saddle of middling sizs; ( $\mathbf{A}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}$;) and in like manner $\dagger^{\dagger}$ 'قَإِ, applied to a horse's saddle, between small and large; or this last signifies easy, that does not wound; like
 but see 8,) a thing, (JK,) or anything, ( $\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{K}$, ) of middling size, ( $\mathrm{J}, \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{K}$, ) whether in length or tallness or in width or breadlh: (JK:) متـتدر
 and an antelope, of middling make: (M, TA:) and متـتــرُ الـطُـولي a man of middling stature or tallness ; (A, TA;) as also تُـُـَارب. (K.) And俍 K.) = See also قُقْرَ

قَثْرْ : see : قُتْ
"A cooking-pot ; a vessel in which one cools: (Mşb:) [and it very often means the food contained therein; i. e. pottage of any kind: (see, for an ex., 3 in art. غلو:)] of the fem. gender (Msp, K, TA) without i : (TA:) or it is made fem. (S, K) as well as masc, accord. to some: but he who asserts it to be made masc. is led into error loy a saying of Th: AM observes, as to the saying of the Arabs, related by Th, مَا رَأَيْتُ قَدْرُ [ $I$ have not seen a cooking-pot that has boiled quicker than $i t$ ], تدر is not here meant to be made masc. but the meaning is, [ $I$ have not seen a thing that has boiled]; and similar to this is the saying in the Kur,

 without $\bar{\sigma}$, contr. to analogy ; (S, TA ;) or

 uther pl. (TA.) [See a tropical ex. voce مla.]
:قَـرْ : see throughoat : (where its pl. is
 also its pl . is as above; K.) - See also
 uf promise; an appointed time, or place; syn. iç. (TA.) [See Kur, xx. 42.]

## 

 and قَرْرْ
 and ${ }^{\circ}$ .عَنى الشَّى، Hence, (TA, ) the first and second and third and fourth (S, ${ }^{*}$ Mgb, "TA) and fiflh, (K, TA,) or all excepting قَقْقْرَ [and there seems to be no reason for not adding these two,] Competence, or sufficiency; richncess.



a a certain intorval, or distance, betwsen overy tro palm-trees. (JK, Sgh, K.) You say

Palm-trees planted at the fixed distance, one from another. ( $\mathrm{JK}, \mathrm{S} \mathrm{gh}$,
 distance of thy palm-trees, one from another?] (K.)
 Those possessing competence, or sufficiency; the rich. (K.)

القَرَرِّةُ ceeding from God, (K,* TA,) and refer it to themselves. (TA.) [Opposed to الـَبْرَتِّةٍ
.قُدْرَةٌ : قَدَارُ
 or one who slaughters camels or other animals; (S, K;) as being likened to a cook: (TA:) or one who slaughters camels, and cooks their flesh : (TA :) and one who cooks in a cooking-pot (قْدر); as also "مُعْتُرْ
(K.)

## 

.قَارُر $=$ = Flesh-meat cooled in a pot, with seeds to season it, such as peppler and cuminseeds and the like: (Lth, JK:) if without such seeds, it is called طَبِيـن : (Lth, TA:) or what is cooked in $a$ قَّ K; but this seems to be a mistake, occasioned by a misunderstanding of the saying of Sgh [and others] that قَدِيُر is the same as قَإِرْ : or perhaps the right reading of the passage in the $\mathbf{K}$ is
 been corrupted by copyists:) (TA:) [but this is improbable, as the passage, if thus, would be in part a repetition:] also cooked broth; ( L ;) and so "مَقْدُوْ (JK, L.)


 may signify the same. (TA.) = See also last signification. $=$ Possessiny power, or ability; as also
 more so: (IAth:) or "ََدِيرْ significs he who does what he will, accordiny to what wisdom requires, not more nor less; and thercfore this epithet is applicd to none but God; and ${ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$ مُ nearly the same, but is sometimes applied to a human being, and means one who applies himself, as to a tash, to acquire power or ability.
 [God is able to do everything; is omnipotent; ] you mean, to do everything that is possible.
(Mṣb.) ( (Yaakoob, S; ) and (K; (K) Between thy land and the land of such a one is a gentle night's journey; (Yaakoob, Ṣ: ) and betwoen us is an easy night's journey, in which is no fatigue. (K.) == See also قَدير.
: تُتْدِيُر : see and 2.
. مَتْرَرْرَ
. قَادِرْ : مُقَّرْرْ


مِمْدَا A measure; (JK, L; ) a thing with which anything is measured; as also ${ }^{\circ}$ (مَشَّان ) by n:hich a thing is measured, proportioned, or cut out. (T, art. مثل) - Sce also ${ }^{\text {. }}$, in six places. - Death. They say الهِقْارَ مَاتَ [When man reacheth the term of life, he dieth]. The pl. is مَقَادِيرُ. (TA.) $=$ See also .

> قَدِيرْ : مَقْدُورُ : see

مُمْتَبرْ : see last signification.
See also
 (A, TA.) = See also قَدَان.

## قدس

1. Lle went far axay into the
 (TK,) inf. n. تُقْ a thing, (TK,) It was, or became, [holy, accord. to the most common usage, or] pure. (S, ${ }^{*}$ A,* K,* TK.) [It may also be said of God, as meaning, emphatically, $H e$ is holy.]

## 

 hallowed, or sanctified, him or it: he consecrated him or $i t$ ]. - He declared Hin (namely God, $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{A})$ to be far removed, or free, from every impurity or imperfection, or from everything deroyatory from his glory ; (M ;) he declared Him to be far removed from evil; [i. e., to be holy; ] and above; (Bu, ii. 28 ;) the $J$, in the latter case, being redundant. (Jel, ii. 28.) - He purified hims or it ; (S., M, K, Ḅ̣, ubi supra;) because he who purifics a thing removes it far from unclean
 Kur, ii. 28, means, And we purify ourselves, and those who obey Thee, for, or torvards, Thee.
 May God not bless hiin. (IAar, M.) - تَعْدِيْن also signifies The praying for a blessing. (M.)
 for a blessing for him.] =Also تـدَس He came [or went] to بَـْتَ المَقْدِس [i. e. Jcrusalem]; like

