&c. (TA. See also 1.) قدر (A, L, K) and (L) A camel's or horse's saddle of middling size; (A, L, K;) and in like manner فادر , applied to a horse's saddle, between small and large; or this last signifies easy, that does not wound; like , (K, مُقْتَدِرُ ¥ T,TA:) and رُمُقْتَدُرُ ¥ (T,TA:) وَقَاتِرُ but see 8,) a thing, (JK,) or anything, (M, K,) of middling size, (JK, M, K,) whether in length or tallness or in width or breadth: (JK:) مقتدر signifying a man, and a mountain-goat, and an antelope, of middling make: (M, TA:) a man of middling stature or tallness; (A, TA;) as also أَصُوارٍ (K.) And An ear neither small nor large. (Şgh, K.) = See also قُدْرَة .

قَدْر see قدر.

قدر A cooking-pot; a vessel in which one cooks: (Msb:) [and it very often means the food contained therein; i. e. pottage of any kind: (see, for an ex., 3 in art. غلو:)] of the fem. gender (Msb, K. TA) without 5: (TA:) or it is made fem. (S, K) as well as masc., accord. to some: but he who asserts it to be made masc, is led into error by a saying of Th: AM observes, as to the مَا رَأَيْتَ قِدْرا ,saying of the Arabs, related by Th [I have not seen a cooking-pot that غَلَى أَسْرَعَ مِنَّهَا is not here meant قدر, has boiled quicker than it], قدر ما رأيت شَيًّا ,to be made masc. but the meaning is إ [I have not seen a thing that has boiled] غلى and similar to this is the saying in the Kur, لا يحلّ , meaning, لَا يَحِلُ لَكَ النِّسَاءَ (xxxiii. 52, ] رُقْدَيْتِرْ TA:) the dim. is): لك شَيْءٌ مِنَ النِّسَاءَ without a, contr. to analogy; (S, TA;) or قَدُيْرَةً with ة, because قدر is fem.; (Msb;) or both: (TA:) and the pl. is قَدُورُ (Mab, K:) it has no other pl. (TA.) [See a tropical ex. voce حام.]

throughout : (where its pl. is ، قَدْرُ see ، قَدْرُ أَفْدُارْ K, TA:) and : قُدْرَةٌ (in which sense also its pl. is as above; K.) - See also and see مقدار. ... Also, A time, or a place, of promise; an appointed time, or place; syn. موعد. (TA.) [See Kur, xx. 42.]

(Ş, K) مَقْدرَةً \* and مَقْدَرَةً \* and مَقْدُرَةً \* and تُدْرَةً قَدْرَانْ \* and قَدْرَانْ \* (Ks, Fr, Akh, K) and قَدْرَانْ \* قَدَارُ TA) and مُقْدَرُ (K) and مَقْدَارُ TA) and قَدَارُ إِ قُدُورَةً \* and قَدَارَةً \* Lh, K) and قَدَارَةً \* and قَدَارَةً \* and أَنُورْ (K) Power; ability. (K.) See قَدُرْتُ فَلَى الشَّىٰ. \_ Hence, (TA,) the first and second and third and fourth (S, Msb, TA) and fifth, (K, TA,) or all excepting مُقْدُر and مُقْدُر (TK,) [and there seems to be no reason for not adding these two,] Competence, or sufficiency; richness. , مُقَدُرَةً ♦ and رُجُلُ ذُو قَدْرَةٍ Ş,\*Mab,\*K.) You say and مُقْدَرَةً and مُقْدَرَةً , and مُقْدَرَةً and مُقْدَرَةً petence, or riches. (S. Mub, TA.)

A certain interval, or distance, between فَسُرَةُ

وَهُنِينَ أَرْضِكَ وَأَرْضِ فُلَانِ لَيْلَةٌ قَادِرَةٌ ... (Mab.) بَيْنَ أَرْضِكَ وَأَرْضِ فُلَانِ لَيْلَةٌ قَادِرَةٌ ... (Mab.) التَعَدُرةِ fixed distance, one from another. (JK, Sgh, [What is the fixed] كُمْ قَدْرَةً نَعْلَكُ K.) And distance of thy palm-trees, one from another?]

بَنُو = . last signification قَدْرُ see أَذُنَّ قَدْرَاتَه Those possessing competence, or sufficiency ; the rich. (K.)

قُدْرَةُ see : قَدْرَانُ

-as pro القَدَرِيَّةُ The sect of those who deny القَدَريَّةُ ceeding from God, (K,\* TA,) and refer it to [.الجَبُريّة Opposed to [.]. [.]

قُدُرة see قَدَارً

: see قَدُّر, last signification. — A cook or one who slaughters camels or other animals; (S, K;) as being likened to a cook: (TA:) or one who slaughters camels, and cooks their flesh: (TA:) and one who cooks in a cooking-pot (قدر); as also لمُفتَدرُ لا , (K.)

see قَادِرُ. = Flesh-meat cooked in a pot, with seeds to season it, such as pepper and cuminseeds and the like: (Lth, JK:) if without such seeds, it is called طبيت : (Lth, TA:) or what is cooked in a : قَادرٌ ♦ (L,K;) as also قَادرٌ • so in the K; but this seems to be a mistake, occasioned by a misunderstanding of the saying of Sgh [and or perhaps : قَادِر is the same as قَدِير or perhaps the right reading of the passage in the K is and it has ; وَالنَّقْدِيـرُ النَّقَادِرُ وَمَا يُطْبُخُ فِي النَّهِدُرِ been corrupted by copyists:) (TA:) [but this is improbable, as the passage, if thus, would be in part a repetition: ] also cooked broth; (L;) and (JK, L.) مُقَدُورٌ♥ so

: قُـدُارَةً see أَـدُارَةً . . قُدُمَةً .

Decreeing, مُقَدِّرُ \*, applied to God, i. q. عَادِرْ قدير الإ appointing, ordaining, deciding]; (Ş;) and قدير الإ may signify the same. (TA.) = See also قَدُر, last signification. = Possessing power, or ability; قَدِيرُ as also لِيَّرُ (K,) and أُمُقْتَدِرُ (TA:) or قَديرُ ♦ still مُقْتَعِرُ still مُقْتَعِرُ more so: (IAth:) or قدير signifies he who does what he will, according to what wisdom requires, not more nor less; and therefore this epithet is applied to none but God; and مُقْتَدِر signifies nearly the same, but is sometimes applied to a human being, and means one who applies himself, as to a task, to acquire power or ability. الله عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْ: El-Başáīr.) When you say [God is able to do everything; is omnipotent;] قدير every two palm-trees. (JK, Sgh, K.) You say you mean, to do everything that is possible.

(Yaakoob, Ş;) and بَيْنَنَا ليلة قادرة; (K;) Between thy land and the land of such a one is a gentle night's journey; (Yaakoob, S;) and between us is an easy night's journey, in which is no fatigue. .قدير See also 🚤 (K.)

, and 2 أَدُّرُ see تَقُديرُ

قُدْرَةً see مَقْدَرً.

. قَادِرُ see : مُقَدِّر

for the first, see مَقْدَرَةً and مَقْدَرَةً غَدْرة and for all, see : قَدْرة

A measure; (JK, L;) a thing with which anything is measured; as also : قَدُرُ (L:) a pattern (مثَّالُ ) by which a thing is measured, proportioned, or cut out. (T, art. مثل.) \_\_ See also قَدْر, in six places. \_\_ Death. They say إِذَا بَسَلَغَ الْعَبْدُ (When man reacheth the term of life المقدّارُ مَاتُ he dieth]. The pl. is مُقَادِير. (TA.) = See also

قَديرُ see : مَقْدُورُ

. see قُدُّرُ, last signification.

last signification. = See also وَقُدُر see مُقْتُدرُ An artificer gentle in work. صَانِعُ مُقْتَدِرٌ .... . قَادِرْ (A, TA.) = See also قُدَار.

1. قَدْسَ فِي الزُّرْضِ He went far away into the land, or country. (Bd, ii. 28.) = قُدُسُ aor. ئِرُ (TK,) inf. n. قُدُسُ and قُدُسُ, (Ṣ, A, K,) said of a thing, (TK,) It was, or became, [holy, accord. to the most common usage, or ] pure. (S, A, \* K, TK.) [It may also be said of God, as meaning, emphatically, He is holy.]

2. مَــُّدِيسْ, (A,) inf. n. تَــُقْدِيسْ, (Ṣ, M, Ḳ,) [*He* hallowed, or sanctified, him or it: he consecrated him or it]. \_ He declared Him (namely God, M, A) to be far removed, or free, from every impurity or imperfection, or from everything derogatory from his glory; (M;) he declared Him to be far removed from evil; [i.e., to be holy;] and explained ,قَـدَسَ فِي الأُرْضِ from ; قَـدَّس لَـهُ so above; (Bd, ii. 28;) the J, in the latter case, being redundant. (Jel, ii. 28.) \_ He purified him or it; (S, M, K, Bd, ubi supra;) because he who purifies a thing removes it fur from unclean things. (Bd.) Accord. to Zj, وَنَقَدَّسَ لَكُ, in the Kur, ii. 28, means, And we purify ourselves, and those who obey Thee, for, or towards, Thee. (TA.) \_ He blessed him. You say, كُرْ قَدْسُهُ الله تقديس ـــ (IAar, M.) تقديس ـــ also signifies The praying for a blessing. (M.) [You say, app., قُدَّسَ لَهُ, meaning, He prayed for a blessing for him.] == Also قدس He came [i. e. Jerusalem]; like بَيْت الْهَقْدِس