and : قَبَضَ signifies the same as منْ أَثَرِه قَبْضَةُ [q. v.] is [said to be] a dial. form thereof. He collected, قَبضَ الطَّائر , TA.) And you say or comprehended, the bird in his grasp. (A.) He grasped, or laid قَبَضَ عُلَى عُرِف الفُرَس And hold upon, the mane of the horse]. (A.) - It is also used metaphorically, to denote the having an absolute property in a thing, to dispose of it at pleasure, without respect to the hand; as in the phrase الدَّار, and الدَّار, ‡ I had, or took, or got, possession of the land, and of the house. (TA.) And [in like manner] it is said in a trad., السَّهَاء , and السَّهَاء , + God will comprehend, or collect together, [within his sole possessin, (seo قُبُضُةُ)] the earth, and the heaven. (TA.) [In like manner] you say also, #He arrested his debtor: قَبَضَ عَلَى غَرِيمِهِ used in this sense in the present day]. (A.) And قَبَضَ ٱللَّهُ رُوحَهُ God took his soul. (TA.) And مَلْنَهُ الله t God caused him to die. (Mab.) And تُبضُ He (a man, S, M, A) died: (S, M, A, * K:) and also + he (a sick man) was at the point of death; in the state of having his soul taken; in the agony of death. (L, TA.) And الأمر + I removed him from the thing, or affair. (Msb.) قَبُضُهُ aor. as above, (M, K.) and so the inf. n., (S, M, Mgh,) also signifies the + contr. of , (S, M, Mgh, K;) and so TA.) [As رَبُّضُهُ لا (TA.) (TA.) أَبُّسِفُ . such, + He contracted it; or drew it together.] You say, أَبُضُ رَجُلُهُ وَبُسَطَهَا [He contracted his leg, and extended it]. (A.) And قَبُضَ كُفَّهُ [He clenched his hand]. (S, Mgh, Msb, K, in art. إلى الله إلى الله إلى الله + [He drew in his hand from it: or] he refrained from laying hold upon it. (K.) Whence the saying in the Kur, [ix. 68,] وَيَقْبِضُونَ أَيْدِيَهُمْ meaning +[And they draw in their hands, or refrain,] from expenditure, or from paying the [poor-rate called] زگاة. (TA.) You say also, جَنَاحَهُ † He (a bird) contracted his wing: (M:) or قَبُضُ or وَبُضُ + he contracted his wing to fly. (TA.) And hence, (TA,) قُبُضُ, aor. as above; (Ṣ, Ķ;) or تُبْضُ (M;) [or both;] inf. n. [of the former] (Ş, K,) and [of the latter, as indicated in (M;) وَقَبَاضٌ (Ş, M, A, K) and وَبَاضُهُ (M;) I He (a bird, S, K, and a horse, A, and a man, S, or other [animal], K,) was quick, (S, M, A, K,) in flight, or in going or pace. (K.) يُقْبضن , said of birds, in the Kur, [lxvii. 19,] is [said to be] an ex. of this signification. (S, K..) You say also, قَبَضَت الإبلُ The camels were quick in their pace; at every spring therein, putting their legs together. (A.) And الْقُبُضُ لل He, or it, (a company of men, M,) went, or journeyed, and mas quick. (Lth, M, K.) And إِنْقَبَضُ * فُلَانْ فِي اللهِ mas quick. 1 Such a one was quick, and light, or active, in accomplishing his want. (A.) And are terms applied بَسُطُ and قَبُثُ and عَبُثُ are terms applied فَرُو also signifies i. q. بَسُطُ &c.]. (TA.) _ [Also, as contr. of بسطه,] + He by the investigators of truth among the Soofees collected it together. (Az.) And hence, (Az,) to two contrary states of the heart, from both of

(Az, Ṣ, قُبُضْ Inf. n. ءَ , inf. n. فَبُضُ الإبلُ M) + He drove (Az, S, M) the camels violently, or roughly, (Az, M.) or quickly: (S:) because the driver collects them together, when he desires to drive them; for when they disperse themselves from him, the driving of them is signifies the إِنْقَبَضَ لا يها [signifies the same, or, agreeably with an explanation given above, the went quickly with them]. (M.) And -The he-ass drives away his she العَيْرَ يَقْبِضُ عَانَتُهُ ass. (M.) _ [As such also,] قَبْضُهُ ; (A;) and ; (Ṣ;) ‡ He, or تَقْبيضٌ , (Ṣ;) إِ بَيْضُهُ اللهِ it, drew it, collected it, or gathered it, together; contracted it, shrank it, or wrinkled it. (S, M, A,* K.) You say, قَبَضُ وَجَّهُ He, or it, contracted, or wrinkled, his face]. (A.) And قُبُضُت The fire contracted, shrank, or إِ النَّارُ الجِلْدَةَ shrivelled, the piece of skin]. (A.) And أُبُّضُ He contracted, or wrinkled, the مَا بَيْنَ عَيْنَيْه يُومْ يُقْبَضُ * part between his eyes. (M, TA.) And †[A day that contracts, or wrinkles, the part between the eyes]; a metonymical phrase, denoting vehemence of fear, or of war. (M, TA.*) And in like manner you say, l A day that contracts the بَوْمَ يُقَبِّضُ الحَشَى bowels]. (M.) [And hence قُبُضُ, aor. and inf. n. as first mentioned, + It (a medicine, or food, &c.,) astringed, or constipated. And + It (food) was astringent in taste; as also لَــَــ [. تَقَبَّضُ * As such also, قَبْضُ , signifies + He straitened it ; scanted it ; madeit scanty. (Msb, TA.) You say, قَبَضَ ٱللهُ الرَّزْقَ aor. and inf. n. as first mentioned, + God straitened, scanted, or made scanty, the means of subsistence. (Msb.) And it is said in the Kur, (ii. 246, أَللهُ يَقْبِضُ وَيَبْسُطُ [And God straitens, or scants, or makes scanty, the means of subsistence, to some, (Bd, Msb, TA,) or withholds the means of subsistence from whom He will, (Jel,) and amplifies, enlarges, or makes ample or plentiful, the same, (Bd, Msb, Jel, TA,) to some, (Bd, TA,) or to whom He will. (Jel.) _[As such also, ‡ He abridged his liberty.] You say, فُلَانْ يَبْسُطُ غَبِيدَهُ ثُمَّر يَقْبِضُهُمْ (Such a one enlarges the liberty of his slaves; then abridges their liberty]. (A.) _ [As such also, I He, or it, contracted his heart; i. e. distressed him; grieved him.] You say, غَيْضُنِي مَا يَقْبِضُنِي مَا يَقْبِضُنِي ا Verily what distresses thee, وَيَبْسُطُني مَا يَبْسُطُكَ or grieves thee, distresses, or grieves, me; and what rejoices thee rejoices me]. (A.) [And it is related in a trad., that Mohammad said, فَاطَهَةُ مِنِّي t [Fatimeh is يَقْبِضُنِي مَا قَبَضَهَا وَيَبْسُطُنِي مَا بُسَطَهَا as though she were a part of me: what hath distressed her, or grieved her, distresses, or grieves, me; and what hath rejoiced her rejoices me]. إِنَّهُ لَيَقْبَضُني مَا قَبَضَكَ TA.) Or the phrase mentioned by Lth, means + Verily what hath annoyed and angered thee annoys and angers

which it is seldom or never free: the former being an affection of the heart withholding it from dilatation and joy; whether the cause thereof be known, as the remembrance of a sin or an offence, or of an omission, or be not known; and some of them make other divisions thereof. (TA.) [In like انْقَبَضْتَ ♦ عَنَّا فَهَا قَبَضَكَ, manner] you say also, [Thou shrankest from us: and what made thee to shrink?]. (A.) _ [As such also, I He, or it, made him close-fisted, tenacious, or niggardly.] You say, الخَيْرُ يَقْبِضُهُ وَالشَّرُّ يَبُسُطُهُ إِلاَّ لَيْسُطُهُ إِلاَّ الْمَاسِدِينَ الْمُعَالِمُ You say, makes him close-fisted, tenacious, or niggardly; and poverty makes him open-handed, liberal, or generous]. (A.)

2: see a remark appended to the first sentence in this art. : _ see also فَبَضُهُ as contr. of . in six places. __ , قَبَّضُهُ الهَالَ (Ş,* M, K,*) or (Ş, K,) He gave to رَتُقْبِيضٌ (A,) inf. n. الهَتَاعُ him, (S, M, K,) in his grasp, or possession, (K,) i. e. to him who should receive it, (S,) the property, (S, M,) or commodity, or commodities, or goods; (A;) i. e. he transferred it to his possession; (TA;) [lit. he made him to take it, to take it with his hand, to grasp it, or to receive it;] as also أُثْبَضَهُ * إِيَّاهُ (A.)

قِيَاضٌ (AZ, A) and مُقَابَضُةٌ . inf. n. قابضه . (Er-Rághib, TA in art. شرى,) He bartered, or exchanged commodities, with him. (AZ, in TA, [.قَايَضُهُ See also (.خوص art,

4. البَضْهُ المُتَاءُ sec 2. اللَّمَالُ or البَّمَاءُ المُتَاءُ He put, or made, a handle to it, (S, M, A, K,) namely a knife, (S, M, A,) and a sword. (S, K.)

5. تقبّض quasi-pass. of مُبّضه as contr. ot in the قَبَضُهُ is of إِنْقَبَضَ ♦ as also ; بَسَطَهُ same sense, (Ṣ,* M, K,*) being contr. of انْبَسَطُ (S, K.) [As such,] both signify + It became drawn, collected, or gathered, together; or it drew, collected, or gathered, itself together; or contracted; or shrank; syn. of the former, (which انْضَرّ , (TA;) and of the latter; تَجَهُعَ also signifies it became drawn and joined, or adjoined, to another thing; &c.]. (O, K.) So انقبض♥ في حَاجَتي the latter signifies in the phrase + [It became comprised in, or adjoined to, the object of my want]. (O.) - [As such also,] the former signifies I It (a man's face, A, or the part between the eyes, M,) became contracted, or wrinkled; (M, A;*) and in like manner a piece of skin, in, or upon, a fire; meaning it became contracted, shrunken, or shrivelled: it shrank: (so in different copies of the S:) or it (skin, K, or the skin of a man, TA) became contracted, or shrunken; (K, TA;) and so an old man. (A.) ـ تقبّض عُنْهُ [As such also,] : تقبّض عُنْهُ shrank, or shrank with aversion, from him, or it; (A:) [see an :انْقَبَضَ♥ عُنْهُ (A:) (see an ex. of the latter near the end of 1.] الانْقَيَاضُو also signifies + The withdrawing, removing, or retiring, from men. (TA.) And He removed, or became انْقَبَضَ لا عَن الأُمْر