## BOOR I.]

with water and salt until it becomes mature, when it is eaten like as preserved herbs are eaten upon the tables of food, and it is a digestive : the n. un. is الفلغ [app. meaning a peppercorn, like عَبَدًا فَالفَلَة ! means peppercorns, collectively]: (M, TA:) Dawood says, in the "Tedhkirch," that its leaves are thin, red next the tree and green in the other direction, and its wood is lank and soft : and it is white and black: (TA:) the white is the better. (TA.) [A long description of its properties, with additions in the TA, some of them well known and others fanciful, I omit as being needless.] ..., دَارُفُلْفُل ... (accord. to different copies of the Ķ.) [app. , or perhaps رَدَارَفُلْفُلْ a compound of two words (both originally Pers.) made one, as such written in the K with the article (الترارفلغل), and perfectly declinable, because (although a compound of two nouns) it is not a proper name,] is The tree of the it inter it first bears fruit, accord. to the K; but several writers declare that the tree of [the] دارفلغل is not the same as the tree of the دارفلفل: (MF, TA:) [ دارفلفل is one of the names now applied to long pepper, and is it is [generally] : دَارْفَلْفَلْ مرق الذَّهَب known in Egypt by the name of [another term, now used, for long pepper,] and is called in Pers. يُلْيُل دَرَاز .e. ] يليل دراز , the latter of which words signifies "long"]: (TA:) it increases the venereal faculty, causes the food to digest; removes colic, (K, TA,) and flatulence; (TA;) and is beneficial as a remedy against the bite, or sting, of venomous reptiles, applied as a liniment, with oil. (K, TA.) فُلْفُلْ فَلْهُلْ name sometimes applied to The fruit of the [q. v., in art. أَنْلُفُل j; likening it to the فُلْفُل tioned before [i. e. to peppercorns]: he who pronounces it, when thus applied, \* فلغل errs; for this signifies the fruit of certain trees of the [kind called] عضاء; and the people of El-Yemen call thus [particularly] the fruit of the [species of عضاء is the فُلْغُلُ المَآه ... (M.) غَاف [q. v.] غَاف [termed name of A certain plant growing in the neighbourhood of water, lank, soft, or smooth, in the leaves, having berries (斗 ) in bunches. (TA.) but] حبَّ الليسر is The same as فَلْغُلُ القُرُودِ ـــ what this is I do not find]. (TA.) فُلْغُلُ .... is What is called [in Pers.] فنجنكشت [i.e. is pl. فَلَافِلُ] ... (TA.) [الفَقْدُ see : فَنْجَنْكُشْتَ of فَلْعُلْ الشُّودَانِ And أَفَلَافِلُ الشُّودَانِ is the name of Certain berries (4), round and smooth, in sheaths, or cases, (غُلُف) and in receptacles (أُبِيات) like the Die, app. in form ]. فَلْفُلْ 🛥 See also فَلَيْلْ last sentence. 🛥 signifies also A sharp, or clever, servant; (T, O, K;) and ♦ فنُغلٌ is said to signify thus likewise by Mullà 'Alee, in his "Námoos," and even more commonly: but this requires consideration. (MF. Τ<u>Α</u>.)

فلفل: see the next preceding paragraph, first sentence : and the same again, in three places.

## n. un. of فَلْفُلُّة ; g. v., former half.

أَفَلُ applied to a sword [or the like], (T, Ş, O, K,) Having breaks, or notches, in its edge; (T, Ş,\* O;\*) or broken, or notched, in its edge; as also الأَفَلُ عَمَالُولُ and مَفْلُولُ was the name of a sword of 'Adee Ibn-Hátim (O, K) Et-Tá-ee. (O.)

مُغَلَّلٌ applied to a نَضَى [app. as meaning an arrow-head] Broken by having hit stones. (Ş.) And, applied to front teeth (تَغُرُّ Serrated. (T.)

مُعَلَّفُنُ مَعْلَقُوْ مَعْلَقُوْ مَعْلَقُوْ مَعْلَقُوْ مَعْلَقُوْ مَعْلَقُوْ مَعْلَقُوْ مَعْلَقُو مَعْلَقُو مَ TA,) [Peppered, i. e.] having فُلُقُل put into it, (T, M, \*TA,) and consequently burning the tongue: (T, TA:) or wine that burns [the tongue] like (Ṣ, O, Ķ, TA.) \_\_\_\_\_ And A garment, or piece of cloth, figured with round forms resembling فُلُقُل [or peppercorns] in roundness and smallness; (T, O, TA;) i. e. (TA) figured with the like of the jor jor cloth of figured bar of the like of the [name] [b. of أَعْدُورَةُ [or zecief bair, [such as we term woolly,] (T, O, Ķ, TA.) like that of the negro. (TA.) \_\_\_\_\_ And A hide worn, or eroded, by the tan, (مَنْبَكُهُ الدَّبَاغُ i, the like of i [or peppercorns] appearing in it. (TA.)

## فلت

أَفْلَتَ intrans. and trans., syn. with أَفْلَتَ ,
q. v. (Mşb.) See also 8.

8. مُفَالَتَهُ به (A, TA,) inf. n. مُفَالَتَهُ به (A, O, TA) and رفلاً (O, K, TA,) He came upon him suddenly, at unawares, or unexpectedly, with it. (A, O,\* K,\* TA.)

4. إَفْ لَرْتْ (T, Ş, O, Mşb, TA,) inf. n. إف لت (T, S, O, TA;) and انفلت (T, S, O, TA;) (T, S, O, TA;) and \* نَلْتَ (S, O, TA;) and ; زَعَلَّت ( s, O, TA; ) ; تَعَلَّت ( s, O, TA; ) ; تَعَلَّت ( s, O, TA; ) ; مُعَلّ فَنْتْ (Mşb;) signify the same ; (T, Ş, O, Mşb, TA;) i. e. He, or it, (a bird, &c., Msb, or a thing, S, O,) escaped; got away; or became, or got, loose, clear, quit, free, or at liberty; (O, Msb, TA;) [or did so] suddenly: (TA:) or signify a thing's تَعَلَّتُ \* and انْعَلَاتْ \* and إفْلَاتْ going forth suddenly : (Mgh :) or انفلت \* signifies he, or it, went forth quickly: (Msb:) and one says افلت منّعى (M, K,) for أَفْلَتَنى (he escaped, &c., from me]; (Sgh, TA in art. ;) and تفلّت \* متّى, and زانفلت \* (M, K ;) all signifying the same. (TA.) [See exs. voce ; also 5. 🚥 افلته; (T, Ş, M, O, Mşb, Ķ;) and both verbs being ; فَلْتٌ , aor. - , inf. n. فَلَتَهُ ♥ trans. as well as intrans. ; (Msb;) He made him, or it, [and he suffered him, or it,] (namely, a man, M, or a bird, &c., Msb,) to escape, or get away, or to become, or get, loose, clear, quit, free, or at liberty; he set him, or it, loose, free, or at

liberty; (T, M, O, Ms, TA;) he saved him, or freed him, from destruction. (T, TA.) [See, again, جرعة.]

5: see 4, in three places. تَغَلَّيْنَا (Mgh,) or مَعَلَيْه (O, K, TA,) He seized, (Mgh, O, K, TA,) or came suddenly, (TA,) upon us, (Mgh,) or upon him. (O, K, TA.) Hence, in a trad. of Umm-Háni, (O, K, TA.) Hence, in a trad. of Umm-Háni, (O, K, TA.) Hence, in a trad. of upon them both to slay them]. (Mgh.) — And upon them both to slay them]. (Mgh.) — And the was desirous of it, or he longed for it; (M, O, K, TA;) as also تَغَلَّتُ إِنَّى اللَّهُ (M, TA.) Hence the saying, تَغَلَّتُ إِنَّ مَصَبَتَكَ أَرَاهُ يَتَعَلَّتُ إِلَى لَكُ أَنْ , namely, a thing. (M, TA.) Hence the saying, تَتَعَلَّتُ إِنَى لَكُ أَنْ أَرَاهُ يَتَعَلَّتُ إِلَى لَكُ أَنْ رَتَعَلَّتَ إِلَى هُذَا وَلَا أَنْ تَتَعَلَّتَ عَنْه لَا أَرَاهُ يَتَعَلَّتَ إِلَى هُذَا وَلَا أَنْ تَتَعَلَّتَ عَنْه to be desirous of thy companionship]. (TA.) And one says, أَنَ الله not of opinion that thou shouldst be desirous of this, nor that thou shouldst be averse from it]. (TA.)

7: see 4, in four places.

8. افتلته He took it quickly, or hastily; namely, a thing: (M, TA:) or he seized it, or carried it off, by force; or took it hastily and openly; or snatched it at unawares. (As, O.) And it is doubly trans. : you say, افْتَلَتَهَا ٱلله نَفْسَهَا [God took away from her suddenly her soul] : and hence, اقْتَلْتَتْ نَغْسَبَا [lit. She had her soul taken away from her suddenly]; (O, TA;) a phrase occurring in a trad., (T, O, TA,) meaning she died suddenly, without disease: (T, TA:) you say, أفْتَلتَ نَغْسَهُ, meaning He died suddenly; (M, TA;) and أُقْتَلتَ نَفْسُهُ (S, TA;) with the in the accus. case and in the nom, case; نفس (TA;) and أَفْتُلتَ alone; meaning he died suddenly. (S, O, K, TA.) [See also أُفْتُنْتُ in art. ; افْتَلَبَهُ الهَوْتُ in the same. ] And أُفْتَيتَ and ; and 🕈 فَلَتَهُ; Death took him array أَفْتُلتَ بأَمُر And \_ (IAar, T, TA.) He was taken suddenly by such a تُحذًا thing, before his preparing for it. (O, K, TA: omitted in the CK.) \_ And أَفْتُلتَ عَلَيْه The affair was decided against him exclusively of him [i.e. without his having any part in the decision]. also أُفْتُلتَ \_ [. فوت . See also 8 in art] (TA.) signifies It (any affair) was done without pausing. (T, TA.) \_\_ And one says, افْتَلَتَ الكَلَامَ, meaning He extemporized the speech ; spoke it without consideration, or thought, or preparation, or without pausing, or hesitating. (S, M, O, K.)

لَيْسَ لَكَ مِنْ هَٰذَا الأَمْرِ Escape : one says, فَلَتْ فَلَتْ There is no escape for thee from this affair, or event, or case. (En-Nadr, T, Ķ, \* TA.\*)

. فَلَتَانْ see : فَلَتْ and فَلَتْ

فَدْتَـة A sudden, or an unexpected, event; or a thing that comes upon one suddenly, or at unawares: and anything done without consideration: (IAth, L, TA:) and an affair, or event, that happens without its being soundly, thoroughly, or well, performed or effected : pl. فَلْتَاتْ it has no broken pl.: (M, TA:) and فَلْتَاتْ

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