" A man (L) having a hoarse, harsh, or gruff, voice. (L, K.) - And A man speaking, or talking: or talkative. (TA.) - And is the name of $A$ river in Paradise. ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{K}$. )

## فست


 sought, for, or after, it; inquired, or sought information, respecting it; searched into, inquired into, investigated, scrutinized, or examined, it; \&cc.]; (IDrd, O, K, TA ;) namely, a thing; (IDrd, O;) or news, or a story; (TA;) as also أفتهعث ا). ( $0, \mathbf{K}_{\text {. }}$ )
8: see what immediately precedes.
 tion, or appertenance, called] $]$ (S, O, K) of the stomach of a ruminant animal, also termed the

 And one says, بَرْ [i. e. belly]. (IF, O.)

 like other verbs signifying faults, and that it is the correct form, and not as it is written in the $K$ [and $O$ ], is indicated by the forms of the inf. n. فَعَه and the epithet (MF;) as also ${ }^{\dagger}$, (TA;) He had the fore parts of his feet near together, and his heels wide apart, [i. e. he turned in his toes, and turned out his heels,] in his gait: (S, K:) or ${ }^{\dagger}$ " of the legs wide apart, [or having the legs bowed outvards,] in a man, and in a beast (دَآَئ) : (Mgh, $\mathbf{L}$ :) [or the having the shanks wide apart: (see :(:)] or the having the thighs wide apart: [see also 1 in art. فَ: ${ }^{\text {:] }}$, inf. n.
 is the inf. n. un.]; the later inf. $n$. mentioned by Lh. (L.) - And (accord. to the K,) or , (accord. to MF,) He magnified himself, or behaved proudly. (K.)

2: see the preceding paragraph : and see also 5 .
4. المسع مَلْوبتَتُ He parted the hind legs of his milch camel; i. e., made an opening, or intervening space, between them; ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$;) in order that he might milk her. ( $\mathbf{(}, \mathbf{O}.)=$ also signifies He refrained, or desisted, or dren, back; syn.
 meaning He turned, or turned away or back, from it, or him; syn. أْنَّنَّ. (0, K.)
5. تَغَّ signifies The parting of one's legs, or making an opening between them, (AA, S , O, K,) when sitting; as also ${ }^{\dagger}$ تَغَشُ
 [His shanks are parted]. (S., O.) See also 1.

7 : see the first paragraph.
The mode of malking of him tho is


בَ an inf. n.: (S, L, TA :) see 1.
Having the fore parts of the feet near together, and the heels wide apart : (S, O, $\mathbf{K}$ :) or having the middle of the legs wide apart: (Mgh, $L$ :) fem. فَهْ C : the former applied to a man [\&c.]; and the latter, to a beast (广) [\&c.]: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{Mgh}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{L}:$ ) or having the thighs wide apart: or having the legs wide apart: or having curved,


## فتصس

 from his hand, with his tongue and his mouth; such as water \&cc.: (Lth, T, O, K :) or he licked $u p$ a thing with his tongue, from his hand. ( O : but only the inf. $n$. is mentioned.) - And السَّلْتَ, aor. as above, ( 0, ) and so the inf. n., ( 0, K,) He rubbed [the ears off] the TA,) a particular species of barley, (TA,) so that the ann, or beard, [thereof] became removed ( O , K, TA) and scattered. (TA.)
4. الفسme (a man) abraded by degrees, lit., thing after thing. (TA.)
Q. Q. 2. تَفَيْتَن He carried himself in an elegant and a proud and self-conceited manner, with an affected inclining of his body from side to


## لحسش

 and ${ }^{\text {and }}$, (TA, It (a thing, or an affair, or anything, TA, or any evil thing, S) was, or became, exceasive, immoderate, enormous, exorbitant, beyond measure, (S, O, TA, ) or overmuch; ( $\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$, TA;) as also "تغاحش: (S, TA:) it (a thing) ras or became, foul, evil, bad, abominable, or unseemly; [gross, immodest, leved, or obscene;] as also خَتَشَ, aor. $\mathrm{s}: ~(\mathrm{M} s \mathrm{~b}:)$ [or excessively, or beyond measure,
 or an affair,) increased by degrees (تَزَآتَ ( ness, evilness, badness, \&c. (A.) And فَعْسَ The woman became foul, or ugly, and old. (IAar.) - See also 4, in two places.

2: see 4, in two places.
 and $\mathbb{K}$ in that art.,) [He vied with him, or strove to surpass him, in foul, unseemly, gross, or obscene, speech or language : and he held such discourse
with him:] the inf. $n$. is syn. with offici. ( $T$ and K in that art.)


 the latter is correctly a simple subst. [used as an inf. n. of this verb], (TA,) He uttered ${ }^{\text {فُقْتُ, (S, }}$ A, Mgh, Msb, K,) i. e., foul, evil, bad, abominable, unseemly, [gross, immodest, lerod, or obscene,]

 or (S. (S,
 manifested, discovered, or revealed, or he made a shorv of, such speech or language. ( $\mathrm{O}, *$ K,* TA.)
 speech or language against him]; ( $\mathbf{S}$;) and in like
 تلغتّش nas, or became, niggardly, tenacious, or avaricious. (Mg. ${ }^{\text {b }}$ )

## 5 : see 4, in two places : - and see 10.

6 : see 1 , in two places : - and see 4.
10. استغسنهُare [He deemed it foul, evil, bad, abominable, unseemly, immodest, lewd, or obscene: or excessively, or beyond measure, foul, \&c.]. (Mgh
 thing foul, evil, \&c.: or excessively, or beyond measure, foul, \&c. ' (TA.)
(S, O, \&cc.) See also 4. - Excess, exorbitance, or transgression of the proper bounds or limits; ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{TA}$;) [in anything; (see 1;) and particularly] in speech or language; (TA ;) and in reply: ( $\mathrm{A},{ }^{*} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K},{ }^{*} \mathrm{TA}:$ ) foul, evil, bad, abominable, or unseemly; [gross, immodest, lend, or obscene; ] speech or language;

 also

 ( $\$$, ) excessive, immoderate, enormous, exorbitant, beyond measure, exceeding the proper bounds or limits, (S, O, Mṣ, TA,) or overmuch : ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$, TA:) anything not agreeable with truth, and with rule or measure: (TA:) foul, evil, bad, abominable, or unseemly ; [gross, immodest, lenod, or obscene; ] applied to a thing or an affair, (Mgh, M $s \mathrm{~b}$, ) and to speech or language. (TA.) It is said in a trad., He was asked respecting the blood of fleas, [whether it rendered a garment
 it is not excessive, or beyond measure, there is no harm in it. (TA.) - A man who transgresses the proper bounds or limits [in anything: and particularly] in speech or language, (TA,) and in reply: (K,* TA:) who is foul, evil, bad, abominable, or unseemly; [gross, immodest, lend, or obscene ; in speech or language, ( $\mathrm{Mgb}, \mathrm{TA}$ ) and


