See also 2，in two places．－And He affected， or endeavoured to acquire，generosity ：and also he affected，or made a show of，generosity ：（KL：） you say تنظتى［app．as signifying the same：but more properly the former verb has the former of these two significations：and $\geqslant$ the latter verb has the latter of the same two significations］： both from المُرٌوةٍ（S，K，TA．）

6：see the next preceding sentence，in two
 They appealed to the lanyer for the notifying of the decision of the lan．（S，TA．）

10． 1 sought，or de－ manded，of the lanyer，a notification of the deci－ sion of the law respecting a question．（ $\mathrm{T},{ }^{*} \mathrm{~S}$ ，＊ Msb，TA．）And in like manner the verb is used in the Kur iv．126，and xxxvii．149．（TA．）
 which some copies of the $\mathbb{K}$ have ${ }_{\mathrm{g}}^{\mathrm{f}} \mathrm{f}$ ，a mis－ transcription，as may be seen from a statement
 TA．）
 the CK，or or（T，）or （Mgb：）it is a subst．［signifying $A$ youth，or young man；or one in the prime of life］：and an epithet［signifying youthful；or in the prime of life］：（TA：）［as an epithet，similar to restricted in application to a human being ：］or it signifies，（Mgh，）or signifies also，（Msb，）a strong youth or young man：（Mgh，Mẹb：）it is said that in the Kur xviii． 59 and 61，it is applied by Moses to Joshus the son of Nun，because he
 $\mathrm{K}:$ ）－and it also means $\ddagger A$ slave；（ $\mathrm{T}, \mathrm{M}$ ， Mgh，Mab，TA；）even if an old man ；metapho－ rically used in this sense；（Mgh，Msb，TA；）and in like manner，$\dagger$ ö́tَ means $\ddagger$ a female slave，（ T ， M，Mgh，Mşb，TA，）and a female servant ：（TA：） the Prophet is related to have said，Let not any
 and فُتَّا $: ~(\mathrm{~T}, \mathrm{Mgh}:$ ）and Generous，honour able，liberal，or bountiful：（S，K ：）［mostly used as an epithet in which the quality of a subst．pre－ dominates；meaning a generous man：］a possessor
 ［There is no one endowed with generosity but，or other than，（meaning like，）＇Alee］：（TA：）＿－the dual of نَتْوَانِ（K，TA；）the former occurring in the Kur xii．36：（TA：）the pl．of is is pauc．，（Msb，）not mentioned in the $K$ ，though occurring in the Kur xviii． 9 \＆12，（TA，）instead of which they did not say ： （ $M, K$, ）［also a pl．of pauc．，］mentioned by $L \dot{h}$ ， （M，）and（of mult．，Mgb）فِتْبَانُ（T，S，M，Mgh，
 K：）the pl．of $\downarrow$ 號 is the dim．of is $\dagger^{3}$ ； （T．）［It is disputed whether the last radical letter
of this and other words mentioned in the present


 morning and the evening，or the early part of the morning and the late part of the evening，or the
 （Har p．377．）And you say，الْ نَّان i．e．$\ddagger$ I remained，stayed，or abode，with him during a first part of a day．（TA．）

群㐿 fem．of graph，in three places．
（T，S，M，Mgh，Msp，K）and ing（M， K，TA，［but the latter is mentioned by few，］and
 S．）and as such used in the place of［the inf．n．］ ［i．e．The giving an answer，or a reply，stating the decision of the lan，respecting a question］：（T：） ［or rather，as commonly used，a notification of the decision of the law，in，or respecting，a par－ ticular case；］a notification，or an explanation， of a case，given by a lanyer；（ $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{K}$ ；）or an ansner，or a reply，to a question relating to a dubious judicial decision：（Er－Rághib，TA：） ［fancifully said in the Mgh and Msb to be derived from الْتَتى ：］the pl．is and said to be allowable，（M8b，TA，）and another pl． is

## 萑：see the next preceding paragraph．

？ as an inf．n．］Youth，or youthfulness；or the prime
 a subst．from فُتَتُ（M：）or the latter is used in relation to human beings；and the former，to camels［and the like］，and also， metaphorically，to human beings ：（ $\mathrm{T}:$ ）one says， ［Children had，or have，been born to him in the youthfulness，or prime，of his age］．（S．）

Eُ i．e．because of its smallness，（ $Z, T A,)^{3}$ الفتّ sig．
 rendered $\ddagger$ The cup，or borl，of the rogues］； （IAar，T，Z，K，TA；）［a cup，or bowl，］with which wine is measured；（TA ；）tropically thus called．（Z，TA．）

E．Youthful；or in the prime of life；（Lth，
 Mgh，Msb；）applied to a camel，（ T, ）or to a beast，（S，Mgh，Msb，）or to anything［i．e．to a beast and to a human being］；（M，K；）or it is
 being］，but is sometimes applied to a camel ：（M：） ［this last statement，however，requires confirma－ tion，which I have not been able to find：the epithet is generally known as applied only to a camel or the like ：］the fem．is ${ }^{\text {en }}$ ；（Lth，T，M，

（TA：）and the pl．is \％ifin（T，S，Mgh，Mşb，TA） and 俭．（M，K，TA．［The former pl．，though the more common，is not mentioned in the $M$ nor in the K．］）
 One says，مَالَ إلَى الهِّلِلِ وَالنُتُوَة［He inclined to ignorant，or foolish，or silly，and youthful，con－ duct］．（S in art．صبو）．－And Generosity，honour－ ableness，liberality，or bountifulness：（S，K，TA ：） used as meaning thus in［treatices on］the law； but not occurring in the Sunneh nor in the Scrip－ ture［i．e．the Kur－an］：the earliest mentioner thereof was Jag̣far Eg̣－Ṣadik，（TA．）

## ．

أَأْ［as meaning Less，and least，in
 （Ham p．207．）
［an irreg．］dim．of أفَبْتَة［which is a pl．of ；


مُ：$A$ jurisconsult who notifies the decisions of the lars，in，or respecting，cases submitted to him，for the guidance of the
 measure of capacity，called the Ibn－Huboyreh．（As，T，M，K．）

## H

 （ T, ）He scattered the dates of his بُّلً［or recep－ tacle made of palm－leaves］．（T，O，${ }^{\mathbf{K}}$ ）－And ，فُ （TA，）He abated，or allayed，the heat of the hot water by means of the cold：from Yaakoob．（M， TA．）［See also نَّ نَ．］
 the TK used in its proper sense as signifying It broke，or became broken ：but for this I find no authority］．（T，O，K．）So in the saying，انغـ） ［The man became broken in spirit，or languid，from anxiety，or solicitude，that befell him］．（T，O．）

8．${ }^{2}{ }^{2}$ تُ a one have not been overcome，or subdued，hitherto， or ever．（A．A，O，K．＊）
a $A$ certain plant，the grain of which is made into bread，（S，M，O，K，）and eaten，（S，M，O，） in the time of drought，or dearth：（ $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{M}, \mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}:$ ） in some of the copies of the $K,{ }_{K}, \underline{2}$ is put for
 or thick，resembling the bread that is baked in hot ashes［which is generally made in the form of thick round cakes］：（ $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{O}$ ：）a grain resembling ［the species of millet called］：تَّ．mhich is made into bread，and eaten ：（IAar，$T$ ：）it is a wild grain，which the Arabs of the desert take，in the

