BOOK I.]

good is his diving for them !]. (A, TA.) And a He did not dive a] ‡ غَاصَ غَوْصَةً إِلَّا أَخْرَجَ دُرَّةً single diving but he fetched out what was like a pearl, or a large pearl]. (A, TA.) - You say , غَوْصٌ .nf. n , يَغُوصُ .also , غَاصَ عَلَى الشَّىْ , also , He pounced, or came suddenly, or at unawares, upon the thing. (Msb.)

2. غوصه في الما He made him to dive in, or descend beneath, the water; (A;) he immersed, immerged, dipped, plunged, or sunk, him therein. (TA.)

originally an inf. n.] : see مَغَاصٌ, in two places.

A single diving in, or descent beneath, غُوصَة water: see 1, last sentence but one]. (A.)

see the next paragraph, in four places, غَوَاص

فائص One who dives in, or descends beneath, or enters into, water ; as also \* عَوَّاص (which, however, has an intensive signification, or implies the habit of so doing]: (TA:) and \* the latter, (S, A, K,) or both, (Az, TA,) particularly one who dives in the sea for pearls, (S, A, K,) or for pearl-shells, and fetches them out : (Az, TA:) pl. رغَاصَة (A, TA,) of the former, (TA,) and غواص (A, TA,) [also of the former,] and [of the latter] هُوَ مِنْ [Hence the saying,] \_ (TA.) .غَوَّاصُونَ He is of the moulders of إ صَاغَةِ الفِقَرِ وَغَاصَةِ الدُّرَرِ lit., as thus used, ornaments fashioned in the فقر form of the vertebræ of the back, but here meaning choice phrases or sentences; and of the divers for, and producers of, (expressions like) pearls, or large pearls]. (A, TA.) \_ [Hence likewise,] also signifies t One who exercises art, غَواص \* craft, cunning, or skill, in ordering the means of also غَائص And مَا And غَائص also signifies One who pounces, or comes suddenly, or at unawares, upon a thing; (JK, S, Msb;) as also, (JK, Msb,) but in an intensive sense, (Msb,) غَاصَةً JK, Mşb:) pl. of the former: غَوَّاصٌ (Msb.)

مَغَاص A place where one dives in, or descends beneath, water; (Lth, A, K;) as also \* غَنوص : (Lth, Mgh:) or \* the latter signifies particularly a place [where one dives and] whence pearls are fetched out. (JK, Mgh.\*) You say also, المذر This is the diving-place for pearls. مَغَاصُ اللَّؤُلُو (A.) \_\_ Also The upper part of the \_\_ [or shank, &c.]. (JK, Sgh, K.)

## غوط

غَوْطٌ aor. (إيغُوطٌ , (S, Mşb, TA,) inf. n. (S, Msb, K,) It entered, or sank, (S, Msb, K, TA,) into (في) a thing; (Ş, K, TA;) as, for instance, the foot into sand; (S, TA;) and a man into mud, (TA,) or into water; (Msb;) and into a valley; (TA, in this art. and in art. غيط; in the former expl. by إَنْغُهَسَ (; إِنْغُهَسَ) and أَطَ aor. يَغيطُ Bk. I.

(A, TA.) And أَحْسَنَ غَوْصَهُ عَلَيْهً (K,) signifies the same : (ج, المَا أَحْسَنَ غَوْصَهُ عَلَيْها A wide, depressed piece of ground or land, as above, The plaited thongs of the she-camel clave to her belly, and so entered, or sank, therein. The غَاطَتِ الأَنْسَاعُ فِي دَفِّ النَّاقَةِ And (TA.) plaited thongs caused their impressions to be visible in the side of the she-camel. (TA.) \_\_\_ It (a place) sank, or became depressed, in the ground. (ISh.) And It (anything) descended, or sloped downwards, in the ground. (TA.) - Also, aor. and inf. n. as above, He dug, excavated, or hollowed out. (TA: and in some copies of the K, الغَوْط is expl. by الحَفر; but the reading given in the TA, in that instance, is غط غط عظ .) = غط غط عظ Be thou with the جَمَاعَة [i.e. the mass, or main body], (IAar, O, K,) who are termed the غاط, (O,) [be

> 2. أَنَعْوِيطٌ, inf. n. تَغْوِيطٌ, He gobbled [food]: (Ibn-Abbad, O, K :\*) or gobbled largely, or in large mouthfuls : (K, \* TA :) from غَوْطُ meaning signifies also The تَغُويطُ TA.) = And تُعُويطُ making a well deep. (K. [See also 4.])

> thou with them, not with the factious,] when فترن

[i. e. factions, &c.,] come. (IAar, O, K.)

4. أغوط He made deep a well. (Fr, O, TA. [See also 2.])

5. I He voided excrement, or ordure. (S, Msb, K, TA. [In the CK, أنَّدى is put by mistake for ابدى.])

6. تَغَاوَطًا فِي المام. They two vied, or contended, each with the other, in plunging, or diving, in the water. (K,\* TA.)

7. lit (a branch, or twig, or the like,) bent. (0, K.)

الجَهَاعَةُ signifies also الغَاطُ = . غَائُطٌ see : غَاطُ [meaning The mass, or main body, of the people]. (O, K.) One says, مَا في الغَاط مَثْلُهُ (There is not in the mass, or main body, of the people, the lihe of him]. (O, TA.)

A hollom, cavity, pit, or the like, dug, or excavated, in the ground ; syn. حُفْرَة. (So in the K, accord. to the TA, on the authority of AA: but in some copies of the K, الغُوط in this instance is expl. by الحفر: see 1, last sentence.) See also [Crumbled bread mois- تَرِيدٌ And i. g. نَرِيدٌ [Crumbled bread moistened with broth]. (O: in the K تَريدَة.)

latter half, غَائط see : غَيْط

A [low, or depressed, place, or hollow, غوطة such as is called] وَهُدَة, in the ground. (ISh, K.) [See also أغائط [See also]

غوطة A place comprising water and herbage : whence غُوطَة دَمَشْقَ (Har pp. 130, et seq.,) i. e. the city, or district, of Damascus, (K,) which is a place abounding with water and trees. (S.)

A deep well. (TA,) بَتْرْغُوبِطُهُ

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K:) both also signify he, or it, became hidden, (ISh, S, O, Msb, K,) but not much depressed, and (As, and K in art. (As.) in the ground. (As.) in some instances having acclivities [bordering it]; You say also, غَاطَتُ أَنْسَاعُ النَّاقَة, aor. and inf. n. (ISh;) sometimes, as they assert, a league (فَرْسَخ) in extent, and having in it meadows; (AHn;) and \* غَاطٌ and \* غُوْطٌ signify the same; (O, K;) or the last is more depressed than the ±: (IDrd, O :) and غائط is also applied to a valley : (TA :) the pl. [of pauc.] is أُغُوَاط (S, Msb, K,) or this is pl. of فَوْطٌ (IB,) and [of mult.] بْغَوْطٌ or this is pl. of (S, Msb, K,) which is pl. of both these sings., (IB,) and غُوطٌ (S, Msb, K) and غُوطٌ (K.) .... Hence, ‡ A place in which one satisfies a want of nature; the custom being to do so in a depressed place, where one is concealed. (S,\* Msb,\* TA.) In the Kur [iv. 46, or v. 9], accord. to an extraordinary reading, it is written \* غَيْط , [a form now commonly used, and signifying a garden, but there meaning a privy place,] the original form of which may be غَيْوط, and then مُنَيّو (and then it being contracted; or, accord. to Abu-l-Hasan, the & may be originally , these two letters being in this instance interchangeable. ضَرَبَ You say, أَتَى الغَائِط (Ş, TA,) and الغَائط, (TA,) ‡ He satisfied a want of nature; (S, TA;) voided excrement, or ordure. (TA.) \_ And hence, (S, TA,) ‡ Human excrement, or ordure: (S, K, TA:) because they used to cast it away in a غائط: or because they used to go thither to satisfy a want of nature. (TA.)

## غوغ

Q. Q. 2 if belonging to this art., or R. Q. 2 if as] تَغَاغَى عَلَيْهِ الغَوْغَاءَ . غو .stas تَغَاغَى عَلَيْهِ الغَوْغَاءَ though originally رَكَبُوهُ i. q. (تَغَوْغَى i. e. The mixed multitude, or the low, base, vile, &c., of men, bore, or pressed, or crowded, (as though mounting,) upon him]. (TA in art. غو.)

q. v.], (IDrd, K, TA,) a species خَاعْ of sweet-smelling plants, (TA,) i. e. the فودَنْتج, (IDrd, K, TA,) an arabicized word from [the Pers. يودينه: (TA:) [accord. to the TK, the plant called in Turkish يار يوز, which is marjoram : ] the n. un.] is said by Lth to mean a certain plant resembling the هَرْنَوَى a word of which both the orthography and the application are disputed]. (TA.)

see what here precedes : = and see also غَاغَة the paragraph here following.

and خَوْغَاً، as will be shown by غَوْغاً، [i. e. غَوْغاً، and المَوْغَاً، عَوْغاً، what follows; mentioned in this art. in the Mab and K; and in the S, and again in the K and TA, in art. غو;] masc. and fem., [being] perfectly and imperfectly decl., (S and TA in art. غو,) in the former case like ، قَهْقَامٌ, the s being substituted for , and in the latter case like عُوراً, (S,) Locusts after the growth of their wings, (AO, T, Msb, K,) i.e. (AO, T, Msb) after the state in which they are called زبي or زبي; (AO, T, S, Msb;) before or rather] سِرْوَة which earlier state they are called

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