namely, the Seventh]; (TA;) and is in the גֹוֹץ; (S;) i. e., it is the greater of the two stars called الغميصاء IAth:) it is called : الذَّرَاعُ المَقْبُوضَةُ because of its smallness and its littleness of light غَبُص from فَمُص from (شعري), from العَيْن: (TA:) [or the reason of its being so called is this:] the Arabs assert that the شعريان are the sisters of سُهُيْل [or Canopus]; (IDrd, S;) and that they [three] were together; but that الشَّعْرَى descended into the south, and سهيل (which is Sirius] followed it; (IDrd;) اليَهَانيَّةُ this latter, they say, crossed the Milky way, and was therefore named الغميصاء; and الغميصاء remained in her place, weeping for the loss of the two others until her eye became affected with غَمُص : (IDrd, K :*) they also assert that thou when she rises as though she desired العبور to cross [the Milky Way] (كَأَنَّهَا تَسْتَعْبُرُ); but thou seest not [as yet in any part of Arabial, she having wept until she has become affected with غَمُص. (Ş.)

Having, in his eye, what is termed غَمُصْ, q. v.: (Mgh, K:) or disordered in the eye; whose eyes are dim, or watery; like أُعْمَشُ (L and TA in art. غَمْضَا :) fem. غَمْضَا : and pl. (TA.)

He is censured, or blamed, or reproached, (S, K,) with respect to his religion, (S, A, K,) and with respect to his grounds of pretension to respect. (A.) It is said in a trad., meaning, Except one إِلَّا مَغُمُوسٌ عَلَيْهِ النَّفَاقُ censured, &c., with respect to his religion; accused, or suspected, of hypocrisy. (TA.)

ا أَنَا مُسْتَغْيِضٌ مِنْ هٰذَا الخَبرِ وَمُتَوَهِّرُ [I am suspicious of this information, and opining;] is said by one when a piece of information rejoices him but he fears that it may not be true; or when he fears it and yet it rejoices him. (TA.)

1. غُمَض and غُمَض and أَعُمَض and inf. n. of each غُمُوض, It (a thing) was, or became, unperceived, unapparent, hidden, or concealed. (TA.) __ فَهُضَ الحَقُّ n. aor. and inf. n. as above; and غَمُضْ; The way of attaining, or obtaining, the right, or due, was, or became, unapparent, or زغُهُوضَةً . inf. n غَهُضَ الكَلَامُ لللهِ hidden. (Msb.) (S, Sgh, K;) and غَمُوفٌ, aor. -, inf. n. غُمُوفٌ (IB, K; [but IB seems to express a doubt of the correctness of the latter form of the verb in this case;]) The speech, or language, was unapparent to the mind, not plain or perspicuous, obscure, recondite, or abstruse. (S, IB, Sgh, K.) The affair was not easy to غَمُضَ عَلَيْه الأُمْرِ him; (L, TA;*) and you say also, غَمَضَ الأُمْرُ inf. n. فيه غُمُوض and فيه غُمُوض [In it is a want of easiness]: but, Lh says, they scarcely ever, or

and غَيَافَة ; The place was, or became, low, or depressed; (S, K;) [because a place that is so is غَمَضَ الخَلْخَالُ في ___ unseen from a distance.] inf. n. غُمُوضٌ, The anklet was, or became, depressed in the leg; lit., choked therein. (A,TA.) aor. ءُ مُنَضَتِ الدَّارُ لِـ , aor. عُمَضَتِ الدَّارُ ـ house was not upon a common thoroughfare-road or street. (Lth, L.) _____ اللَّهُ فِي اللَّهُ مِن السَّيْفُ فِي اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن (Ibn-'Abbad, A, K,) aor.:, (Ibn-'Abbad,) The sword became hidden in the flesh. (Ibn-'Abbad, K.) ... فَمَضَ فِي الأُرْضِ ... (Lḥ, A, K̩,) in [some of] the copies of the K, في الأُمْر, which is a mistake, (TA,) aor. - and - , (K,) inf. n. وغُمُوفُ (A,) He went away in, or into, the land, or country: (Lh:) or he went away and disappeared therein: (A, L:) or he went away and journeyed therein. (K.) _ And غَهُضٌ, aor. - , also signifies It (a thing) was, or became, small. (IKtt.) See also 4, under عنه, in four places.

2. عَبْضِ الْكَلَامُ (Ṣ, Ķ,) inf. n. تُغْمِيضٌ الْكَلَامُ (Ṣ,) He made the speech, or language, unapparent to the mind, not plain or perspicuous, obscure, recondite, or abstruse. (Ş, K, TA.) __ غَبِّض حُدِّ الشيف, (A, TA,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) He made the edge of the sword thin [so that it might become hidden in the flesh when one smote with it]; (A, TA;) as also الْغُبُثُهُ (K.) = See also 4, in twelve places.

4. اغْمِضْ عَيْنَيُّهِ ___ . 800 عَلْ السَّيْفِ إِلَا السَّيْفِ . (Mgh,) or العَيْنَ (Mşb,) inf. n. إغْمَاضْ; (Ş (Mşb,) and ♦ غَمُّضُهُا (Mgh,) or غُمُّضُهُا (Mşb,) inf. n. زَغُمينُ (Ş, Mab;) He shut, or closed, (Mgh, Msb,) [his eyes, or] his eyelids, (Mgh,) or [the eye, or] the eyelids. (Msb.) _ [Hence,] تُ شُمُّتُ اللهِ (Ā, TĀ,) and المُّمُّتُ (TĀ,) أَمَا أَغُمُثُتُ have not slept ; (TA ;) and مَا ٱغْتَبَغْتُ (signifies the same]; (JK;) and so إِمَّا ٱكْتَحَلَّتُ إِغْمَاضًا (S, K,) [two inf. ns. of 2,] and أَضَافًا *, and ♦ عَمَافًا به with damm, (Ş, Şgh, K,) [and app. * غُمُضًا *, and مُمُوضًا *, and مُمُنَّا اللهِ , and IB says that غُمُوسٌ and غُمُوسٌ and غُمُانٌ are inf. ns. of a verb not used: (TA:) and مَا ذَقْتُ غُمَانًا \ and أَمُنَا \ , [in a copy of the A أَمُنَا لا , and أَمُنَا لا I have not tasted sleep. (JK.) [And hence,] ; The lightning ceased to gleam إلبَرْقُ as though sleeping. (TA.) - You say also, , He shut, or closed, غَمْضُهُ با and اغْمِضَ طَرْفَهُ عَنَّى his eye, or eyes, at, or upon, or against, me: and and ♦غَيّْض عَلَيْه, he shut, or closed, his eyes at, or upon, or against, him, or it. (TA.) __ And [hence,] عُلَيْه and اغهض عَنْهُ, ‡ [He shut his eyes at it, or upon it, or against it], namely a thing that he had heard: a metonymical phrase, denoting patience. (TA.) And اغيض عُنْهُ # He connived at it; feigned himself neglectful of it; passed it by; (A, Mgh, Msb, TA;) as also never, say عُمْضَ (TA.) _ فيه غُمُضَ (TA.) مَمْضَ المَكَانُ _ (TA.) عَمْضَ المَكَانُ للهَ (TA.) عَمْضَ المَكَانُ و (TA.) عَمْضَ المَكَانُ عَنْهُ إِنْ المُكَانُ عَنْهُ المُكَانُ عَنْهُ إِنْ المُكَانُ عَنْهُ المُعَانُ عَنْهُ المُعَانُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى المُكَانُ عَنْهُ المُكَانُ عَنْهُ المُكَانُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَلَى المُكَانُ عَنْهُ المُعَلِّمُ المُعَلِينَ عَلَيْهُ المُعَلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعَلِمُ المُعَلِمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِمِي المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلِمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُعِلَمُ المُ

aor. ، inf. n. غُمُونَ and غُمُونَة , inf. n. غُمُونَة ; namely a thing that he had heard ; عَبِّضُ ♦ عَيْنَيَّه and an evil action: (A, TA:) and he feigned himself blind to it. (TA.) And (Ş, TA,) الشَّرَآءِ (Ş, K,) or الشَّرَآءِ (Ş, TA,) ## He acted, or affected to act, in an easy, or a facile, manner towards him, (تَسَاهَلَ عَلَيْه) in غَــُـضُ ♦ selling, (Ṣ, Ķ,) or buying; (Ṣ;) as also أُغْمِضُ لِي فِيهَا And (K.) . -ِ . aor. وَعُنْهُ بعُتَنِي, (Ş, A, K, TA,) in [some of] the copies of the Ķ like إنْهُوْس, [i. e. ♥ اضْرب, but the former is the right reading, (TA,) [though the latter is perhaps allowable, as will presently be seen,] meaning, (A, TA,) or as though it meant, (S, K, TA,) ! Give thou to me more of what thou hast sold to me, on account of its badness; or [so in the A, but in the S and K "and,"] lower thou to me the price thereof; (S, A, K, TA;) as also اغمض فِي البَيْعِ And (.K, TA) .غَيِّضٌ ۗ لِي فِيهِ He demanded that another should give him more of the thing sold; and that he should lower the price [thereof]; and he complied with his demand. (IAth.) And اغهض في السُّلْعَة #He demanded a lowering of the price of the commodity, on account of its badness. (TA.) It is said in the ,وَلَسُتُمْ بِآخِذِيهِ إِلَّا أَنْ تُغْمِضُوا فِيهِ ,[Kur [ii. 270] (S, A, * K,) or, accord. to one reading, أَنْفُهُ ضُوا اللهِ (TA,) i.e. ! When ye do not take it unless ye alower the price; (Lth, Zj, * K;) meaning, عُلُى [Hence also,] __ [Hence also,] Such a one خَهَّضَ الْأُمْرِ executed, performed, or accomplished, this affair; or kept, or applied himself, constantly, or perseveringly, to it; (مَضَى عَلَيْهِ) [as though he shut his eyes at it;] knowing what was in it. (O, K.) رَتُغُمِيضٌ .And أَغُمِيضٌ , (Ş, A, K,) inf. n. أَغُمِيضٌ (K,) The she-camel, being driven away (دُدُت), as in the K, and in some copies of the S, or ذينتَ as in other copies of the S, and in the A, as is said in the TA,) from the watering-trough, (S, K,) rushed upon the driver, (الذَّائد, [in the CK, erroneously, الزائد,]) closing her eyes, and came also signifies تَغْمِيضُ 🕈 (Ş, A, K.) تُغْمِيضُ The embarking [in an affair], or undertaking [it], $blindly. \quad (TA.)$ — [Hence also,] أُغْهَضَت الهَفَازَةُ إ عليه إ [The desert concealed them;] they did not appear in the desert, (A, TA,) being concealed by the mirage, and in the depressed parts; (TA;) as though it closed its eyelids upon them. (A, TA.) اغمض النَّظَرُ لللهِ He considered, or judged, well, and gave a good opinion: (M, TA:) and he gave a right opinion : (A :) غَمْضُ فِي النَّظُرِ or + he considered, or judged, minutely. (IKtt.) The eye despised such a أُغْمَضَت العَيْنُ فُلَانًا ــــ one: (K, TA:) or you say أُغْهَضَتُهُ عَينى meaning I despised him: _ and likewise meaning I vied, or contended, in running with him, (مَاضُوتُه) and outstripped him, after he had outstripped me: means اغهض فُلَانٌ فُلَانًا or (¿Ibn-'Abbad, O Such a one vied, or contended, in running with