(هغه وز His testimony was suspected (هوه), or impugned]. (TA in art. غَهَزُت الدَّالِيَّة = (.زور, (قبر رَجُله (Mab,) or مَنْ رَجُله (S,) aor. -, (Ṣ, Mạb, K,) inf. n. غَمْزُ, (Ṣ, Mạb,) + The beast limped, or it halted, with its hind leg; had a slight lameness thereof: (K,*TA:) or he had what resembled عُرْج [or natural lameness] in his gait: (Msb:) or, as IKtt says, غَمَزَت الدَّابَّةُ برجْلها the beast gave an indication of a limping, or halting, or slight lameness, in its hind leg: whence it appears that this signification may be tropical. said of a disease, or of a vice, or fault, of a man, It appeared. (AA, K.) = See

3. [This verb is mentioned by Golius as sun. with ____, a verb for which I find no authority : and Freytag renders it "Vitii arguit," and refers to a passage in Har (p. 427 of the sec. ed.) and المُغامَز (like as is done by Golius) and الهَعايب, as syn., are erroneously put for الهعايب [.المُعايب and

4. أغْمَزْت She (a camel) had fat, (O, K,) or a little fat, (ISd, IKtt, TA,) in her hump. (ISd, IKtt, O, K.) Hence the epithet ♦ عُمُوزُ applied to her. (TA.) = اغمز في فُلَان He blamed, or found fault with, such a one; attributed or imputed to him, or charged him with, or accused him of, a vice, or fault; (S, IKtt, K, TA;) deemed him weak; (TA;) lessened his rank, or dignity: (S; IKtt, K, TA:) he found in him that for which he should be deemed weak: (A, TA:) and اغتمزه he impugned his character; blamed him; censured him; or spoke against him. لاً: فَعَلْتُ شَيْئًا فَأَغْتَهَزَهُ لا فَلَانً , You say فَكُلْتُ أَغُتُهَزَهُ لا فَلَانً , I did a thing, and such a one impugned my character, or found in it that by which my character was impugned. (S, TA.) And عُلْمَة مُنِّى كُلْمَة He heard from me a saying, and deemed it weak: (A, TA:) and in like manner, أَغْمَزُ فِيهَا found in it that for which it was to be deemed weak. (TA.) اغْمُزُنِي الحَرِّ The heat remitted, or abated, to me, so that I became emboldened to encounter it, and went upon the road: غَمْزُني الله (AA, ISk, Ṣ, IĶṭṭ, Ķ, * TA :) Az says الحُرْ, on the authority of AA: (TA:) and AA in this sense, but afterwards doubted, and said, I think that it is with he (a أَغْهُزُ TA in art. غبر , And أَغْهُزُ + He man) became gentle, so that others were emboldened against him. (IKtt, TA.) - And أغْهَنزُ [for which اغْمَزُه is erroneously put in the CK] He acquired cattle such as are termed غَمَز [q. v.]: (O, K, TA:) like أُقْهَزُ. (O.)

5. [This verb is said by Freytag to have a signification belonging to تَغَمَّرُ.]

6. تغامزوا They made signs, one to another, with their eyes, (S, A, K, B,) or with the eyebrow, (A,) or hand, indicating something blame-

used in the Kur lxxxiii. 30. (§, B.)

8: see 4, in three places.

Cattle (i. e. camels, and sheep or goats, TA) of a bad quality. (As, S, O, K.) - And A weak man: (S, O, K:) like قَمَرُ: pl. أَغْمَازُ, like أَفْهَازُ of . (TA.)

A she-camel of which one doubts whether she be fat or not and therefore feels the hump: (A'Obeyd, S, K:) pl. غُمُزُ [or غُمُزُ, or both?]. (TA.) See 4, first sentence.

see the next paragraph, in two places.

A thing for which one's character is غُمَيزَةً to be impugned; for which one is to be blamed, censured, or spoken against; a vice, or fault; (S, A, Mgh, Msb, K;) as also فَصِيرٌ (TA) and (S, A, Mgh, K) or أَغُمَزُهُ (S, A, Mgh, K) or عُمَزُهُ (Mgb:) and weakness in work, and impotence of mind, (TA,) and ignorance: (T, TA:) the pl. of مُغْمَزُهُ is . (Ṣ.) You say, مُعَايِبُ TA,) syn. with مُعَامِزُ غَمِيزٌ اللهِ (Ş, A, Mgh, Msb, K,) and) بَيْسَ فِيهِ غَمِيزَةً مُغْمَزُة \$ (A, Mgh, K,) or مُغْمَزُة \$ (Msb,) ! There is not in him anything for which his character is to be impugned; or for which he is to be blamed; &c.: (S, A, Mgh, Msb, K:) or there is not in it anything for which it is to be coveted: (K:) or ما فيه مَعْمَزُ has both of the above-mentioned significations. (A.) And في In such a woman are many فَلَانَةَ مَغَامِزُ الْ جَبَّةُ vices, or faults. (A.) [See مغيز, below.]

A girl who presses, or squeezes, or kneads, the limbs well with the hand. (A, K,* TA.) عَمَّازَةً عَمَّازَةً عَمَّازَةً عَمَّازَةً عَمَّازَةً عَمَّازَةً عَمَّازَةً عَمَّازَةً عَمَّازةً عَمَّازةً quent signs with the eye, &c.; who has a habit of غَمَّازٌ ـــ (رمز .TA in art رَمَّازَةً .doing so; syn. One who blames, or finds fault with, others, much, or habitually. (TA in art. مهنز.)

[meaning Limping, or halting, &c., and غامز having a limping, or halting, &c.,] is like ظلاع: sometimes used as a possessive noun; and [therefore] one does not say غَامزَة. (O and TA in art.

its primary: مُغْمَزُ should by rule be signification is A place of feeling, to know if an animal be fat: hence, a place of pressing or squeezing a limb &c.: and a place of pinching and pressing a spear, to straighten it]. __ نُكْتُلُةً lit. A nice or إِنَّ أَنَّ فَهُمَزَ لِقَنَاتِهَا وَلَا مَقْرَعَ لِصَفَاتِهَا subtile saying, the spear of which has no place where it requires to be pinched and pressed to straiten it, and the rock of which has no rough place requiring to be beaten, or for the rock of which there is no beating,] means, + that has no crookedness: مقرع is an inf. n., or means "a place of beating," and ois "a rock;" and the above-mentioned use of these two words is borrowed from the phrase قَرَعُ صَفَاتُهُ, meaning flict. (TA). [See also مُغَامِس .

able or faulty. (B.) In this sense it is expl. as | t" he impugned his character; blamed, or censured, him; or spoke against him." (Mgh.) ___ See also غُميزة, in five places.

in two places. عَمِيزَةً

A man (A, TA) suspected (S, A, K) of a vice, or fault. (TA.)

1. غُمْسُهُ, (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. -, (Mṣb, Ķ,) inf. n. غُمْسُ , (Msb, TA,) He immersed, immerged, dipped, plunged, or sunk, him or it, (JK, TA,) syn. مُقَلَهُ, (Ṣ, A, Ķ,) in water, (JK, Ṣ, A, Mṣb, K,) or other fluid; (JK, TA;) as, for instance, a morsel of food in vinegar, and the hand in ..., (A,) and a garment, or piece of cloth, [for الترى in the TA, I read [,الثُّوب,] in water or in dye. (TA.) الْمُتُنُّ عُمُسًا لِللهِ , so in the T and the Tekmileh; [and so in the JK;] but in the [O and] K, الْفُتُسَتُ لَا غَنْسًا (TA;) She (a woman, O, TA) immersed her hand, (K,) or, as in the [O and other] correct lexicons, her hands, (TA,) [in the so as to dye [it or them] uniformly, without تَصُويـر [or figuring], (O, K,) for which last word Sgh [in the TS] writes تصرير, and for meaning the same نَقُش which we find in the A as the word in the KJ. (TA.) __ غَهُسَهُمْ فِي ___ [It (an event) plunged them into trial, or affliction]. (A.) [See also a similar usage of the غَمَسَ حَلِفًا فِي آلِ ـــ [.غَمُوسٌ verb below, voce He took a share in the compact and confederacy of the family of El-'As, and swore to it: for it was their custom to bring, in a wooden bowl, some perfume or blood or ashes, and they inserted their hands into it on the occasion of swearing, one to another, that their compact might be completed by their sharing together in one thing. (TA, from a trad. respecting the Hijreh.) يَغْمِسُ السِّنَانَ حَتَّى يَنْفُذُ ـــ (He thrusts in the spear-head so that it may pass through, or that its extremity may protrude]. (A.) غَمْسَ عَلَيْهِرُ الخبر + He concealed from them the news, or information. (TA.) غُمِسَ النَّجْرُ , (so in a copy of the A,) or غَمُسَ , (so in the JK and O and K,) The star set. (JK, A, O, K.)

signifies The making a drinking to be little in quantity: (O, K, TA:) or, accord. to Kr, a man's watering his camels and then going away. (TA.)

3. [amole, inf. n. amole, He vied, or contended, with him in plunging, or diving, in water:] مُغَامَسَةٌ ــــ (S, TA.) . مُهَاقَلَةٌ is syn. with مُغَامَسَةٌ also signifies ! The throwing one's self into the midst of war or fight, (S, TA,) or of an affair or a great affair or an affliction: (TA:) and the mixing, or engaging, in fight or conflict. (TA.) He plunged, or threw غَامَسَ فِي القِتَالِ ,You say himself, into the midst of fight or conflict; or he rushed headlong into it. (TA.) And غَامَسَهُم ‡ He mixed, or engaged, with them in fight or con-