in look, or countenance; applied to a woman: (S, O, K:) and in like manner applied to a shecamel: (O, K:) or thus applied to a she-camel: and also signifying a company of women. (TA.) - And A malignant serpent. (O, K.) - See also غضب.

in social (كُدِرٌ) in social غُضَابِي in social وَالْهُنَالَقَة intercourse and in comportment. (K. [For in some copies of the K, I read وَالْهُ خَالَقَة, as in other copies.])

The part between the penis and the thigh. (K.)

المَغْضُوبِ [An object of anger]. By مَغْضُوبُ عَلَيْهِ in the Kur [ch. i. last verse], are meant The Jews. (O, TA.) عُغْضُوبُ also signifies Having [the disease called غُضَاب, i. e.] the smallpox. (O, TA.)

1. غُضَارَة , aor. عُضَارَة , inf. n. غُضَارَة , It (anything) was, or became, soft, or tender. (TA. [See also the inf. n. below; and see the part. n., غضير; and And غَضَر , inf. n. غَضَر , He (a man) became rich, wealthy, or abounding in property. (Msb.) You say, غُضْرَ بالهَال, (K, TA,) and in like manner, بِالسَّعَةِ وَالأَهْلِ, aor. :, inf. n. ; غُنِي and غُضِر (TA;) as also غُضَارَةً like غَضَارًا (IKtt, TA;) He (a man, TA) had abundance of the goods, conveniences, or comforts, of life; (K, TA;) [or he was, or became, rich in wealth and family; after having been poor. (K, TA.) . (Ş, Mşb, K,) aor. - , (Mşb, TA,) inf. n. غَضَرَهُ ٱللَّهُ غَضْر, (Msb, K,) God made him to be rich, wealthy, or abounding in property: (Msb:) to enjoy a pleasant life: (S:) or to have abundance of the goods, conveniences, or comforts, of life. (K, TA.) with kesr, said of a place, It had in it red clay or earth : 80 says Az. (O.) عَضَرَ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ مَغْضُرٌ and عُضُرًا inf. n. عُضُرُ [and عُضُرًا likewise, accord. to a verse of Ibn-Ahmar as cited in the O and TA, but accord to the reading of that verse in my copies of the S, it is أَمُغْضَرُ أَ app., if correct, a n. of place]; as also غُضْرٌ; (TA;) He turned aside or away, or deviated, from it, or him; (Ṣ, O, K, TA;) and so تَغْضُرُهُ وَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَنْ صَوْبِي (O, K.) One says, مَغْضُرُ عَلَيْهِ لَمُ لَا عُضُرُ عَلَيْهِ لَمْ (TA.) deviate from my course. (TA.) TA,) aor. -, inf. n. غُضُر (TA,) i. q. غُطُف (K, TA) [app. as meaning He turned against him, مَا غَضُرَ TA.) _ And مَالً for it is added] and مَا غَضُرَ He did not hold back, or refrain, from reviling me. (TA.) = And غَضْرُه, (S, K, TA,) aor. -, inf. n. غضر, (TA,) It, or he, withheld, or prevented, him. (S, K, TA.) One says, أَرَدُتُ أَنْ [I desired to come to thee, and] أَلَيْكُ فَغُضَرَنِي أُمْرُ an affair withheld, or prevented, me. (TA.) He cut off the thing, (K, TA,) غَضْرَ لَهُ مِنْ مَاله ,[for him]. (TA.) You say لَهُ (K.) = And غَضَرُ الجلْدُ He tanned well the skin.

2. حَمَلُ فَهَا غُضَّر He charged, and was not cowardly, and did not fall short of what was requisite. (TA.)

5: see the first paragraph.

8. اُغْتُضُرُ He died being a youth, or young man, in a sound state : (K, TA:) like أُخْتُضُرُ. (TA.) [See also 8 in art. غرض.]

Q. Q. 1. غُضُور He (a man, TA) was angry.

is expl. as meaning He hardly, or مَا نَامَ لغُضْر and ص and ع scarcely, slept; but is said to be with ع has been thus mentioned before [in art. عصر]. (TA.)

غَيْشُ غَضِرً One says also عَضِرً An easy and a plentiful life: (K, TA:) مُضْرُ being here an imitative sequent to عُضْر applied to a man, غَضْرُ النَّاصِيَة applied to a beast غَضْرَةُ النَّاصِيَة (دَابّة), (O, Msb, K,) Blest, fortunate, or abounding in good or advantage or utility. (O, Msb, K.) = See also غَضْرَاء, in two places.

A certain plant. (K, TA.) Hence the prov. أَيُّاكُلُ غَضْرَةً وَيَرْبُضَ حَجْرَةً [He eats ghadrah, and lies down aside]. (TA. [See also 5, 2.])

in six places. = Also Earth, غَضَارَةٌ see غُضُراتًا or land, (أَرْضُ , Ķ,) or a piece, or portion, of clay or earth, (طَيْبَهُ, S, Msb,) good, or fertile, (طَيْبَهُ K,) green, or of a dark or an ashy dust-colour: : جَضُوْلَا عَلَكُهُ : Ş, Mşb, K :) and land in which is clay, or soil, of a good kind, without sand, or without salt earth; (K, TA;) as also غَضِيرَةٌ or مُضَرَّةٌ , accord. to different copies of the K, the latter accord. to the L: (TA:) or, accord. to in the TA غَضْراً، which is a mistranscription,] signifies a place having in it red أَنْبُطَ فُلَانٌ بِنُورُهُ فِي One says, وَأَنْبُطُ فُلَانٌ بِنُورُهُ فِي (S, TA) i. e. Such a one produced the water of his well by digging in land of soft and good earth of which the water was sweet. (TA.) _ And Land in which palm-trees will not grow until it is dug, (K, TA,) the upper part thereof consisting of white [soft stones, like dry pieces of clay, such as are termed] ڪُڏان. (TA.)

i.e. green, أَخْضُر Clay that is cohesive, and غَضَارٌ or of a dark or an ashy dust-colour], (K,) or (O) of a good kind, without sand, or without salt earth; (O, K;) and so الْمُضَارَةُ * (K:) or the latter signifies such clay itself: (Sh, O:) and the former signifies baked clay (Sh, O, K, TA) made of غَضَارَة, (Sh, O,) green, or of a dark or an ashy dust-colour, (أَغْضَرُ O, TA,) which is suspended upon a human being as a preservative from the [evil] eye. (O, K, TA.)

غَضُور Sticky clay, (K, TA,) that adheres to the foot, which will hardly, or in nowise, go into it (AA, O, K.)

He cut off a portion for him from his property. [app. by reason of its compactness]. (TA.) And A species of trees [or plants], (K, TA,) dustcoloured, that grow large: n. un. with 3. (TA.) And (TA) A certain plant, (S, O, TA,) resembling the [or panic grass], (TA,) or of the species of أَسُل [or rushes], not beneficial, nor causing increase in the cattle; (AHn, O;) it is said that the cattle pasturing upon it do not form fat thereby, (O, TA,*) and that it does not dissolve in their stomachs: (O:) n. un. with 3. (AHn, O.)

> عَضِيرٌ Soft, or tender; (TA;) applied to a plant, or herbage; as also مُضِورٌ , and أَغُضِرُ , and أَغُضِرُ , (O, TA;) all in this sense: (TA:) or so the first, applied to anything: (O, K, TA:) or this signifies moist, juicy, or fresh: (AA, O:) and i. q. i. e. green]. (K.) = See

> an inf. n., of غَضْرُ and of غَضُارَةً. (TA.) [Used as a simple subst.,] Ease, comfort, and affluence; easiness of life; ampleness of the conveniences of life, or of the means of subsistence; plenty; (K, TA;) prosperity; (TA;) plenty and prosperity; (S;) a plentiful and pleasant and easy state of life: (TA:) and غَضْوَاناً signifies the same. (Ṣ.) One says, إِنَّهُمْ لَهِي غَضَارَة and مِنَ العَيْشِ, Verily they are in a plentiful and prosperous condition [of life]. (S.) Accord. to As, one should not say meaning ,اباد الله غَضْرَاتُهُمْ لا but , أَبَادَ ٱللهُ خَضْرَاتُهُمْ May God put an end to their prosperity, and their plentiful condition: (S:) but Ahmad Ibn-Obeyd says that both of these phrases mean may God destroy the collective body of them: and another says, their clay of which they were created. (TA. [See also خَضْراً , voce أَخْضُرُ.]) One says also, عَشْرَاءً عَيْشِ and إِنَّهُ لَفِي غَضْرَاءً ﴿ عَيْشِ and اللهِ i. e. Verily he is in a plentiful condition of life. (TA.) Verily he is in an إِنَّهُ لَفِي غَضْرَاءً ♦ منْ خَيْرِ And ample state of prosperity]. (TA.) - And, (O. Ķ,) accord. to Lth, (O,) الغَضَارُةُ is an appellation of The قطاة [or sand-grouse]; (O, K;) but As is called فَعُلَاة is called (Mṣb.) ... الغَضَارِيُّ and the pl. is : الغَضُّرَآءَ ا See also غَضَارُة meaning A certain utensil, IDrd says, I do not think it to be genuine Arabic: (O, TA:) it signifies a large [bowl such as is termed] قصعة [app. from the Pers. غداره:] pl. غُضَائر (Mgh.)

جَرَاد A species of locust; also called the غَضَارِيّ a word of uncertain derivation. (Mab.) mentioned near the end of غَضْراً Also pl. of غَضْراً الله the next preceding paragraph. (Msb.)

The lion. (Ṣgh, K.)

غاضر see غَاضر. 🗪 Also Withholding, or preventing. (TA.) - And A skin well tanned. (AHn, S, O, K.) - And One who occupies himself early in the morning in the accomplishment of the objects of his want, or in his needful affairs.