grief or anxiety and the like. (L.) - See also غَبْرْ
: عَبْرةً : see : =ُ and see also later half.
: غَبْرَاتهر: : see [For other meanings, see the masc., أُأْبْر.]
غُبْرَان Two ripe dates upon one base; pl. غَبْارِيـنُ: (K, TA:) so says A'Obeyd: or two, or three, full-gronn unripe dates upon one base; and it has no pl. of its own radical letters: or, accord. to AHn, several small green dates that come forth upon one base. (TA.)

- A certain small bird of the passerine kind, ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{TA}$ ) dust-coloured: ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{TA}$ :) so says AḤ̂́t in the "Book of Birds:" pl.'غَبَإِير: ( O :) it is the same as is mentioned in an earlier part of this art. in the K by the name of ${ }^{\text {, }}$ which is a mistranscription. (TA.)

غُبرُون: see what next precedes.
ر غُبْارْ
 ( L :) or the first, dust raised and spreading: ( $\mathrm{L}:$ :) or rhat 'remains of dust raised and spreading: (B, TA:) and the second, the moving to and fro of dust. (L.) —You say طَلَبْ فُلَنْنُ فَهتا简 not cleave his dust;] i. e., he did not ocertake
 $+\boldsymbol{H e}$ is not to be outgone, outstripped, or got be-

 upon it; meaning, it (a phrase or the like) is clear, or perspicuous, or free from obscurity; like
 places.)

> غَبْير A sort of dates. (K, TA.)
 - Also A certain plant [or tree], (K,) well known, (S,) growing in the plains; (TA;) [the service-tree, or sorb: or its fruit : so called in the present day: as is also the "inula undulata:"] and so $\$$ : colour of its leaves; the fruit of which, when it appears, becomes intensely red: (TA:) or the former is the tree, and the latter is the fruit: or the converse is the case: ( K :) the sing. and pl. are alike: all this says AḤn, in his "Book of Plants." (TA.) $=$ Also A kind of beverage,
 made by the Abyssinians, (S.) from ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{j}$ [or
 $\mathrm{Msb}, \mathbf{K}$ :) or wine [or cider] made from the wellknown fruit of the same name [the service-apple].

 $\dot{\vec{A}}$ roid ye the beverage called ; for it is like the nine that is commonly known of all men: there is no distinction to be made between the two drinks (Mgh, TA) with respect to prohibition. (TA.) In another trad., it is called غَبْرَآلة السَّكَرْ ;
to distinguish it from a kind of dates, or dried dates. (Mgh.)

عُبرٌ
"rex Remaining; lasting; continuing: (Az, Ş, IAmb, Mgh :) this is the sense in which it is used by the Arabs: (Az:) or it is the meaning most commonly obtaining among them: (IAmb:)

 [A people remaining, \&c.]. (TA.) And غُبرَ النّاسِبِّ
 He is the relic of the sons of such a one. (TA.) And الغَايِرْ مِنَ اللّهِلْ What remains of the
 division of the night. (Mgh.) And العَشْرُ الغَوْايْرُ بـنْ تَهْرٍ رَمْضَانَ The remaining, or last, ton nights of the month of Ramadan. (TA.) And [May God cut off the last, and rhat remains, of him, or it : or may God extirpate him]. (TA.) See also away; going away: past: syn. مَا ; (Az, S. IAmb, Mgh;) or (K (K:) so accord. to some of the lexicologists: ( Az :) or so used sometimes, as, for instance, by the poet El-Apshà: (IAmb:) thus it bears two contr. significations.
 passest a way to-morron, but thy fame remaineth for ever]. (TA.) $=$ [Future time. See an ex. in the first of the verses cited voce ${ }^{\circ}$ "ح. The meaning of "remaining" seems equally appropriate in that verse: bat is often used by grammarians in the last of the senses expl. above.]
غُبرْ غ غَوْرٌ : see
 state of existence]; (K, TA;) i. e. الآلمـرة [the latter, or last, state]. (TA.)

Dust-coloured; of a colour like dust: (S:)
 (K, TA;) because of his [dusty] colour: like

 earth; (S, IAth, Mṣb, K;) because of its dusty colour; or because of the dust that is upon it: (TA:) opposed to 10 sky," or "heaven." (IAth.) - And you say,
 [i. e.] he came upon the earth, or ground; and so (M, TA:) or the latter means, he returned without his having obtained, or attained, anything: (T, TA:) or he returned without his having been able to accomplish the object of his nant. (El-Aḥmar, TA.) And تَرَكَ
 of nothing: (M, TA:) accord. to Zeyd IbnKethweh, it is said by one who has contended in an altercation with another and overcome him so as to become master of all that was in his hands: in all the copies of the $\underset{G}{K}$, [probably in consequence of an omission by an early transcriber,] it
is expl. as meaning he returned disappointed, or unsuccessful; and so تركه على غَبْرَّا الظلهر (TA.)
 IB, $\mathbf{K}, \mathrm{TA}$;) [to which is strangely added in one of my copies of the $\mathbf{S}$ and the guests; ; so called because of their cleaving to the dust: (IB, TA:) and غَبْرَا النُّاسِ likewise means the poor of manhind: or, as some say, the former means strangers from their homes: (TA:) or strangers, (K,) or persons, (TA,) who assemble together for [the drinking of] beverage, or wine, mithout mutual acquaintance: (T, TA :) or persons who contribute equally to the expenses which they have to incur in journeys: all of these meanings have been assigned to it in explaining a verse of Tarafeh: [see EM p. 85 :] and it is also expl. in the $\mathbf{A}$ as meaning persons of whom one knows not to what family, or tribe, they belong: (TA:) and [it is said that] إْنُ غَبْرَا robber. (T in art. ينىي) + Land abounding with coverts of the hind termed [q. F.$]$ : (TA:) and land abounding with trees; (K;) or so (أرْ ; (TA ;) as also ท (K.) Also + Herbage in plain, or soft, land. (Sgh, K.) [This is said in the TA to be more probably with $ث$; but I do not find any
 species of plant. (S. [App. that called q. v.]) is becoming obliterated, or effaced: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K}:$ )
 (K, TA ;) becoming effaced. (TA.) - سْنةٍ غَبْرَا year of drought ; (IAth, K ;) a year in which is
 because of the dustiness of the tracts of the horizon therein from paucity [or want] of rain, and of the ground from there being no herbage. (IAth.) _ And بُوعُ أُغبَر + Severs hunger or famine. (TA.)
مغْبرٌ : see first sentence.
3
مُغبرَ A camel the interior of whose foot is in a withering state. (Aṣ, TA.)
مُ A party of men praising, or glorifying,
 the voice in reciting [the $K u r-\alpha n]$ \& $c$. : (Lth, $\mathbf{K}$, TA:) accord. to Zj , (TA,) so called because of their exciting men to be desirous of the غَإِرة, which means the بَآَيَّ [or lasting, or everlasting, state of existence], ( $\mathbf{K}, \mathbf{T A}$ ) and to be undesirous of the evanescent, which is the present, state. (TA.) [See 2.]
مِغْبَر A palm-tree ( spread mith dust. ( A Ḥ, K.$)=$ And A shecamel that abounds nith milh after the abounding therenoth of those that have brought forth with her. (K.)
 the more approved term. (TA.)

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