BOOK I.]

sultry] heat. (TA.) _ عَدٍّ applied to a man, (S, O,) Tough, strong, (AZ, S, O, TA,) and compact. (AZ, TA.) أَنْتَنَزَرَ إِزْرَةَ عَكْ وَكَ 📥 (AZ, TA.), أَنْتَنزَرَ إِزْرَةَ عَكْ وَكَ Ķ,) and * إَزْرَةَ عَكَى وَتَى or (,8), بازَرَةَ عَكَى (0, Ķ,) He wore a waist-wrapper so that he made its two ends to hang down and drew together the rest of it [round his waist]. (S, O, K.)

(Lth, S, O, K) and V عكَّة (Lth, S, K) and to be struck (S, O, K, TA) with the whip. (TA.) ,عكَاكْ ♦ and عكيكْ ♦ (K) and عكَدْ ♦ and بعكَكْ ♦ (S, O, K,) which last is also a pl., (K,) said to be pl. of axe, (O,) [Sultriness; i.e.] vehemence of heat (Lth, S, O, K) in summer (Lth) [with moisture (see the first sentence of this art.) and] with stillness of the wind: (K:) it may be with the south or southerly wind (الجَنُوب) and the east or easterly wind (الصبا). (TA.) Hence the say-إذًا طَلَعَ السِّهَاكُ ذَهَبَ ,ing of the rhyming-proser rises aurorally, السماك When العكَاكُ * وَقَلَّ اللَّكَاكُ the sultriness goes, or rather has gone, (see السَهَاكُ, and another ex. of العكَاك there cited,) and the pressing, or crowding, at, or to, the water becomes ittle]. (O.) _ See also عَكْ And see غُمَّة in two places.

see عَكَة: see عَكَة. ___ Also A sand heated by the sun; (T, S, O, K;) and so ¥ عَكَمَة (K:) pl. of the former عكَاك. (TA.) __ And The access of a fever, on the occasion of the first tremour, or shivering, thereof; as also مَكَمَة لله. (K.) _ And , (Ṣ, O,) A colour that مَكْقَةُ العَشَار (Ķ,) or مُكَمَّةُ overspreads she-camels when they have conceived, (S, O, K,) like the كَلَف of the woman. (K.) And The receptacles, (S, K,) or [correctly] one of the receptacles, (O,) for clarified butter, (S, O, K,) smaller than the قربة; (K;) said by ISk to be like the شَكُوة [i.e. it is a shin of a sucking kid, (see شَكُوَة, and (, وَطُبْ, in which clarified butter is put : (S, O:) or, accord. to IAth, a round receptacle of shins, for clarified butter and honey, but more particularly for clarified butter : (TA :) pl. عُكَكْ and عُكَكْ. (S, O, K.) One says of a woman, سَمِنَتْ حَتَّى صَارَتْ She became fat so that she was like the فَأَنْعُكُمْ skin of clarified butter]. (El-Jurjánee, TA.)

isst sentence. عَكْ see : عَكَّى

or meal of what has been سَوِيق The مَوَيق parched, or perhaps of what has been dried in the sun,] of the مُعَل [or fruit of the Theban palm]. (0, K.)

عَكَّة see عَكَد

in two places. عَكَمَة see عَكَاك

. عَكَّة , in three places : and also عَكَّة.

inadvertently said by J [and in the O] ، عَكُوْكُ to be of the measure فَعَلَّعُ, whereas it is of the measure مُطَوَّد (IB, TA,) Fat and (S, O, L, K,) and to a camel: (K:) fem. it was contradictory, or repugnant, to it. See an Bk I.

short, with toughness: (S, O:) or short, compact | with 5, (S, O, L, K,) applied to a she-camel. (S, and strong, (K, TA,) of middling make: (TA:) or fat: (K, TA:) or tough and strong. (TA.) - And A place rugged and hard: (S, O:) or [simply] hard : or soft, or plain. (K.)

غكو كان Plump, fat, and short. (Ibn-Abbad, O.)

A horse that runs a little and then requires ____ And A man contentious, disputatious, or litigious; (O, K;) difficult to be managed. (O.)

Camels confined, or hept within إبل مُعْكُوكَة bounds. (S, O.)

quasi-pl. ns. of أَعْكُبُ and عَكَابٌ quasi-pl. ns. of عَكُبُ J and IM and others. (TA.) See art. عنكب.

عكد

تَكَدْ (O, K,) aor. -, (K,) inf. n. تَكَدّنى 1. [q. v. infrà], (TK,) It (an affair) was, or became, possible, or practicable, to me. (O, K.) مَكُدُ فَصُدُ مَعْدَ مُ He had recourse, betook himself, or repaired, إليه to him for refuge, or protection; (O, K;) as also عَكَدَ O, K; omitted in the TA;) and عَكَدَ ♦ اليه ikewise; (TA;) so عَقَدَ (O, TA,) and عَقَدَ الله (O, TA,) so too عكد به; (TA;) which last signifies (O, K) also (TA) he stuck to him, or it. (O, K, TA.) See also 8. [And see 10.] عَكِدَ 📻 (S, O, L, K,) aor. -, (L, K,) inf. n. مُكَدُّ; (L,) said of a [lizard of the species termed]; فَبَبٌ (Ş, O, L, K;) and in like manner said of a camel; as also said [عُكدت] said (K;) or in like manner (ز) ; استعكد of a she-camel; and استعكد * said of a boy; (O;) He became fat, (S, O, L, K,) and hard in his flesh. (L.)

4: see the preceding paragraph.

8. اعتكده He (a man, O) kept, or clave, to it, (O, K,) namely, a thing; (O;) like لمَكَدُهُ لا الله (O, K,) (TA.)

10. Ima He (a bird) drew close, or betook himself, to a thing, in fear of the birds of prey. (O, K.) And استعكد بِحَجْرٍ, or استعكد بِحَجْرٍ), of prey. (O, K.) He (a [lizard of the species termed] فَسَبَ betook himself, or repaired, for refuge, or protection, to a stone, or to trees, in fear of the eagle or the hawk. (T, M, O, TA.) __ And, said of water, It collected. (TA.) - See also 1, in two places.

see also what here : مَعْكُور see also what here follows.

فكد, (so accord. to the O and my MS. copy of the K,) or اعكد (so accord. to the L and the copy of the K followed in the TA,) [in the CK ,] The middle of a thing. (O, L. K.) ____ See also عَكَدَة.

غكد Fat, (Ṣ, O, L, Ķ,) and hard in his flesh; (L;) applied to a [lizard of the species termed]

0, L.)

The [rump-bone called] عُصْعُص [IAar, O, K) and قَحْقُم; both of which signify the same thing. (IAar, O. [But they are differently expl. by different authors.]) See also عَكَدَة, in two places. The pl. is عُكَدٌ. (L.) - And The hole, or burrow, of the [lizard called] . (O. K.*) And Power, or strength. (O, K.)

The root of the tongue; (S, O, L, K;) عَكَدَة as also مُكْدَة and أَعَدَدُة ; (L;) i. e. the thick part thereof: (TA in art. art.) or the main part thereof: or the middle thereof. (L.) ___ And تُعُكُرَةً ♦ The root of the tail; (O, L;) as also [q. v.]. (L.) The pl. is أَعَكُدُ for rather this is a coll. gen. n. of which عَكَدَة is the n. un.]. (L.) __Also The base of the heart, (O, L, K, TA,) between the two lungs. (L, TA.) - And A feather with which bread is marked with points, like dots. (O, K.)

A place to which one has recourse, or betakes himself, for refuge, or protection. (O, K.)

Possible, or practicable. (K. [Omitted in the O and in the TA, except in as far as it is implied by what here follows.]) One says, أُمَّر مَعْكُودكَ O, TA,) and) ,مَعْكُودُكَ أَنْ تَفْعَلَ كَذَا (O,) meaning The utmost that is possible, or practicable, to thee is thy doing such a thing: (O, TA:) and عَكْدُكَ لا هُذَا الأُمْرُ The utmost that is possible, or practicable, to thee is this affair. (TA.) 🛲 Also Remaining, staying, dwelling, or abiding, and keeping close. (0, K.) And Imprisoned, or confined. (Yaakoob, O, K.) ___ And, applied to food, Unfailing, constant, or permanent; (O, K, TA;) and prepared. (TA.)

[A place in which water collects : مستَعْكَد مَاء see 10]. (TA.)

عكر

1. عَكَر , aor. - (S, O, Msb) and - , (Mgh, Msb,) inf. n. مَعْكَرُ (Ş, O) and عُكُورٌ (O) [and مَعْكَرُ , occurring in the Ham p. 200], He, or it, (a thing, Msb,) turned, or inclined; (S, O, Msb;) turned bach; returned : (Mgh, Msb :) and * انعكر (likewise] signifies he, or it, turned or inclined; or became turned or inclined. (0.) عَكَرَ بِهِ بَعِيرَة _____ His camel turned with him towards his family, and overcame him; like عَجَرَبِه [q. v.]; (S, O;) overcame him, and turned back. (Mşb.) عَكَرُ ـــ (Mşb.) and ; عَكُورٌ and عَكُرٌ . , inf. n. عَكُورٌ and ; against the فَرَّمِنْ قِرْنِهِ تُمَرْ عَكَرَ عَلَيْهِ بِالرَّمْجِ You say (ج.) You say فَرَّمِنْ [He fled from his adversary, or wheeled about midely from him, then] turned back against him with the spear : (A, TA :) and اعتكر [likewise] signifies he turned bach [against his adversary] after fleeing, or wheeling about widely [from him]. (IDrd, O.) [Hence, عَكَرَ عَلَيْه + It (a saying) contradicted it, namely, another saying;

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