or joins, in a contract, a compact, a covenant, an agreement, a league, a treaty, or an engagement: (K, TA:) a confederate. (TA.) One says, ǵ [He is bound by nature to generosity and to meanness]: (S, $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$ :) the former is said of him who is by nature generous; and the latter, of him who is by nature mean.
 and tés, (A,) applied to rob, (S, M, A, ) and honey, ( $\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{O}$,) and the like, (S, M, A,) Thich, or thickened, or inspissated. (S, M, A, О.')
 mind is firmly settled or determined; or to nhich one holds, adheres, or cleaves, with the heart, or mind; a belief, or firm belief or persuasion; a creed; an article of belief; a religious tenet; i. e.]
 connection with which it is mentioned in the

 an inf. $n$. used in the sense of a pass. part. n.; 'pl. [.أْتُتَارَاتٌ [He has a good belief]; meaning he has an free from doubt. (Msb.) [See also ígége:.]

* A she-camel that has confessed herself to have conceived; ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$;) or that has closed her vulva upon the sperma of the stallion; ( $\mathrm{L} ;$ ) for she then tnists her tail as if tying it in a knot, and it is thereby known that she has conceived: ( S , O, L:) and a she-camel twisting her tail as if tying it in a knot, ( L ,) or that has so twisted her tail, ( O, ) on the occasion of her conceiving; ( O , L ;) in order that it may be known that she has conceived: ( $\mathrm{O}:$ ) pl. عُوَاقِ. (L.) And A shegazelle having the end of her tail twisted [as if tied in a knot]: or bending her neck in lying down: or raising her head in fear for herself and her young one. (L.) And A gazelle putting. his reck upon his rump, $(\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{L}$,$) having bent it to$ sleep: ( $\mathrm{L}:$ ) or having bent his neck ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{TA}$ ) to sleep: (TA :) or having put his neck upon his rump: ( $\mathbf{K}:$ ) pl. as above. ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{L}$.$) - And one$ says, his neck by reason of pride. ( $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{L}$.$) _ عَ$ is also applied as an epithet to [q. v.] meaning That of which the water has gone, and which is thoroughly cooked. (AHát, TA voce ín.) $=$ Also The [space called the] [q. v.] of a well; (S, M, O, K;) and what is around it, (مَ) S. S, M, TA,) i. e. what is around the : : in the K [and O], i. e. what is around the nell; but the former is the right. (TA.)


## "عْنُقَا

 raceme, or bunch, ( $\mathbf{M g h}$ voce $\mathcal{j}$, (S., O, L, Msb, K, ) and the like, (Msb,) as of dates, (Mgh ubi suprà, and ISh in art. ثـمـرت) of the TA, ) and of [the fruit of ] the 5 , and مُ, ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$, ) and the like : ( $\mathrm{K}:$ ) pl. (S, O, L, \&c.)
 and any other animal, (L.) having a twisted tail [as though it were tied in a knot]: ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{L}, \mathbf{K}:$ )
 a twisted tail as though it were knotted or tied in
 dog; ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathbf{O}, \mathbf{L}, \mathbf{K}$;) a well-known name thereof; ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{L}$;) because of his tail's being twisted as though it were tied in a knot. (S, L.) - And A crooked tail. (L.) _ And A stallion [app. of the camels] that raises his tail; which he does by reason of sprightliness. (L.) And A he-goat having a tnist, or a hnot, in his horn. (L.) For one of its meanings as an epithet applied to a
 man having an impediment in his tongue; unable to speak freely; tonguc-tied. (S,* O,* L, K.*) And ${ }^{\prime}$ A mean man, of difficult, or stubborn, disposition. (ISk, O, L.) —And [the fem.]信
:تْ The place of the a thing: (Msb:) pl. مَعْاقُ. (S, O: in which this is similarly explained.) ${ }_{\xi}^{\circ}$ The place of a cord, or rope, where it is tied, knit, or tied in a knot or knots. (L.) [Hence,]
 of me, in the place of the tying of the naistvrapper], meaning he is near to me in station, standing, or grade: (S, O, L, K : ) and in like
 an adverbial phrase having a special application, but used as one not having such an application. (L.) And A joint, an articulation, or a place of juncture between two bones. ( L . [See also ${ }^{:}$
 Thee by the properties wherein consists the title of thy throne to glory, or by the places wherein those properties are [as it were] hnit together, properly meaning by the glory of thy throne, is a phrase used in prayer, of which, IAth says, the party of Aboo-Haneefeh disapprove. (L.) For another meaning of the pl.,

- OR [Tied in many knots]. One says㡿 the latter word being with teshdeed to denote muchness, or multiplicity. (S, O, L.) And [hence] applied to language, ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}$, ) as meaning Rendered obscure: (S, O, L:) or [simply] obscure. (K.) - See also And And see A sort of $3 \dot{3}$, of the manufacture of Hejer. (L.)
[Tying a number of knots or many knots :
 hence,] An enchanter. ( $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$.)

مِعْعٌ : see
-ُعْقُورُ A cord, or rope, tied, knit, complicated into a knot or knots, or tied firmly, fast, or

saying occurring in a trad., means Good fortune cleaves to the forelocks of horses as though it were tied to them. (L.) - Also A sale, or bargain, and a contract, a compact, or the like, concluded, settled, confirmed, or ratified. (L.) - لَّهِ [i. e. He has not any settled, or determined, opinion or judgment].
 [arched, or vaulted, or] having arches, like those




 doing, a thing in the future. (KT.)
*) asserted by some to be the only word in the language of the measure يَنْعْيل except (O,) Honey thickened, or inspissated, ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{L}, \mathbf{K}$, ) by means of fire: ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$ :) and (as some say, L) food, or mheat, ( C, ) made thick with honey. ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}$.

## عتر


 wounded him ; (S, Mgh, O, Mşb, K ; ) [and so,
 the latter signifies he wounded him much; for it is said that] تَعْتَهُ signifies more than (S, O :) you say of a lion, and of a lynx, and of a leopard, and of a wolf, بُغْرُ النَّانَ [He wounds


 (L,) inf. n. تَتْقَ ; (TA; ) [or the latter has an intensive signification, or applies to many objects; see above;] He hocked, houghed, or hamstrunu, (عَرْقَبَ,) him, or her, namely, a beast; (TA;) he laid bare his [or her] (namely, a camel's) عُرقّوبه [or hock-tendon]; such being the meaning of عغر with the Arabs; (Az, TA;) he struck, (S, IAth, Mgh, Msb, ) or cut, (TA,) his, (a camel's, S, IAth, O, M\&b, or a horse's, $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{O}$, or a sheep's or goat's, IAth,) or her, (a camel's, L, Mgh,) legs, بالسَّ with the sword, (S, IAth, Mgh, O, Mṣ, TA,) while the beast was standing; (IAth;) he cut one of his, or her, (a camel's,) legs, previously to stabbing the animal, that it might not run away when being stabbed, but might fall down, and so be within his power; he moned [his or] her (a camel's) legs nith the srord; (IKtt, TA ;) he made a mark, or wound, like a notch, in his, or her, (a horse's, or a camel's,) legs. (K.) [See عَعٌ, below.] - Hence, (Az, TA,) him, namely, a camel ; slaughtered him by stabbing: (Az, Msb, TA:) because the slaughterer of the camel first lays bare its عُرْقُوب [or hocktendon; or hocks it; or strikes or cuts its lege,

