(TA,) as also is, (S, TA;) which last signiand become strong, with a tribe; originating was absent from this reconciliation, (TA,) says, fies also beasts, and birds, (S, TA,) as well as men, (S,) seehers of, or seeking, the means of subsistence; (S, TA;) and its pl. is عُوَاف. (TA.) العُفِي and الْعَافِيَةِ and مُوَ حَثِيرُ العُفَاةِ One says, [He is one who has many guests, &c.]. (S, TA.) __ And A seeker of herbaye. (K, TA. [In the CK, الزائدُ is erroneously put for الزائدُ .]) ... And A comer to water: (K, TA:) and عَافِيَةُ الهَامَ الهَامَ the comers to the nater. (S, TA.)

a subst. from عَافَاهُ ٱللهُ, q. v., (Ṣ, Mṣb,) and from الاعفاد [inf. n. of 4, q. v.], (TA,) signifying Health, or soundness, and safety, or security: (TK:) [or, as it may be best rendered, health and safety, considered as proceeding from God; i.e.] God's defence of a man (S, K) from diseases and from trial: (K:) or freedom from evil. (KL.) See also 1, former half. === [Also fem. of all (q. v.), and used as a pl.]

a word occurring in the saying of 'Omar أَعْفَى لَعَمْرِي مَا البَرَاذِينُ بِأَعْفَى مِنَ Abd-El-'Azeez, لَعَمْرِي مَا البَرَاذِينُ i. e. [By my الفَرَس فِيهَا كَانَ مِنْ مَؤُونَة وَحَرْس life, or by my religion, the hackneys] are not more easy in respect of sustenance [and guardianship than the horse, or mare, of good breed : see فَرَس]. (Mgh.)

مُعْرِمٌ, thus correctly, like مُكْرِمٌ, as in the M, in the K said to be like , (TA,) One nho associates with another without seehing to obtain his bounty. (K, TA.) You say, أَصْطَحَبْنَا وَكَلَانَا [We associated, each of us doing so without seeking to obtain the other's bounty]: and hence the saying of Ibn-Mukbil,

فَإِنَّكَ لَا تَبْلُو ٱمْرَأَ دُونَ صُحْبَةٍ وَحَتَّى تَعِيشًا مُعْفِيَيْنِ وَتَجْهَدًا

[For verily thou wilt not test a man before companionship, and until ye live associating without either's seeking to obtain the other's bounty, and toil in so living]. (TA.)

A camel left unridden. (K and TA in

see 1 : عَنْى inf. n. مَعْفِيه aor. مَغَيْتُ الشَّعَرَ : see 1 (latter half) in art. see.

عق 1. مَقَّ (Mşb, Ķ, TA,) aor. -, (TA,) inf. n. مَقّ, (Mgh, O, Msb, TA,) He clave, split, slit, ripped, or rent; (Mgh, O, Msb, K, TA;) and he cut. (Mgh, O, TA.) You say, عَتَّى تُوْبَهُ He slit, ripped, or rent, his garment. (Msb.) And [His amulet was cut] عُقَتْ تَعِيمَتُهُ فِي بَنِي فَلَانِ Bk. I.

from the fact that as long as the boy was an infant, his mother hung upon him amulets to preserve him from the evil eye; and when he became full-grown, they were cut off from him: whence the saying of a poet,

عق --- عفه

[A country in which the attaining to the prime of manhood cut off my amulet, and the first land of which the dust touched my skin]. (TA.) __ And [hence,] مَعَنَّبٌ البُرْنَ (, aor. and inf. n. as above, The wind drew forth a shower of fine rain from the action of clouds containing water]; as عُقَّت السَّحَابَة though it rent them. (TA.) And The cloud poured forth its water; [as though it were rent;] and ! [means the same]; (TA;) and 1 اعتقت (likewise]. (O.) _ And (, K, بَعَنِ الْمَوْلُودِ or (,Ş, Mşb, بَعَقَّ عَنُ وَلَدِهِ aor. - (Ş, Mşb, TA) and -, (TA,) inf. n. عَقْ , (Ş, Mşb,) He slaughtered as a sacrifice (Ş, Mşb, K, TA) for his child, (S, Msb.) or for the new-born child, (K,) a sheep or goat, (T, Msb, TA,) [generally the latter,] on the seventh day after the birth. (T, S, Msb, TA.) And He shaved the [hair termed] عقيقة [q.v.] (S, TA) of his child, (S,) or of the new-born child. (TA.) _ And عَقْ بِالسَّهْرِ He shot the arrow towards the shy; and that arrow was called عقيقة ; (S, O, K;) and it was the arrow of self-excuse : they used to do thus in the Time of Ignorance [on the occasion of a demand for blood-revenge]; and if the arrow returned smeared with blood, they were not content save with the retaliation of slaughter; but if it returned clean, they stroked their beards, and made reconciliation on the condition of the bloodwit; the stroking of the beards being a sign of reconciliation: the arrow, however, as IAar says, did not [ever] return otherwise than clean: (S, O:) the origin was this: a man of the tribe was slain, and the slayer was prosecuted for his blood; whereupon a company of the chief men [of the family of the slaver] collected themselves together to the heirs [who claimed satisfaction for the blood] of the slain, and offered the bloodwit, asking forgiveness for the blood; and if the heir [who claimed satisfaction and who acted for himself and his coheirs] was a strong man, impatient of injury, he refused to take the bloodwit; but if weak, he consulted the people of his tribe, and then said to the petitioners, "We have, between us and our Creator, a sign denoting command and prohibition: we take an arrow, and set it on a bow, and shoot it towards the sky; and if it return to us smeared with blood, we are forbidden to take the bloodwit, and are not content save with the retaliation of slaughter; but if it return clean, as it went up, we are commanded to take the bloodwit:" so they made reconciliation; for this arrow never returned otherwise than clean; and thus they had an excuse in the opinion of the ignorant of them. (L, TA.) A poet (S, O, TA) off among the sons of such a one]; said of a boy of the family of the slain, said by some to be of

and (S,* K,) both signifying guests, &c., when he has attained to the prime of manhood, Hudheyl, by IB to be El-As'ar El-Joafee, who

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[They shot an arrow towards the shy; then they said, "Make ye reconciliation:" would that I were among the party when they stroked the beards]: (S, O, TA:) or, as some relate it, the first word is عَقُوا, with fet-h to the عَقُوا; which belongs to the class of unsound verbs [i. e. to art. (S, One says also, أيمق والدَه (S, O.) ... One says also, (S, O.) O, K,) or أَبَاه, (Msb,) aor. -, (S, O, Msb,) inf. n. (Ş, O, Mşb, K) and مُعَقَّة (Ş, O, K) and , (TA,) He was undutiful, disobedient, refractory, or ill-mannered, to his parent, or father; contr. of , ; (K;) he broke his compact of obedience to his parent, or father; (TA;) he disobeyed his father; and failed, or neglected, to behave to him in a good, or comely, manner. (Msb.) قَطَعَهَا like (TA, and Ham p. 93,) like رَعَقٌ الرَّحْمَر And [i. e. He severed the tie, or ties, of relationship, by unkind behaviour to his hindred]. (Ham ib.) And alone], aor. -, inf. n. عُقُوقٌ, [He was undutiful, &c.; or he acted undutifully, &c.; or] he contravened, or opposed, him whom he was under an obligation to obey. (Har p. 158.) عُقُوقُ Undutiful treatment, &c., of the two [Undutiful treatment, &c., parents] is said in a trad. to be one of the great sins. (O.) And it is said in a prov., العُقُوقُ Undutiful treatment of a parent is [Undutiful treatment of a parent is one of the two sorts of being bereft of a child]: or, as some relate it, العُقُوقُ تُكُلُ مَنْ لَمْ يَتُكَلُ . dutiful treatment of a parent is (like) the bereavement of him who is not (really) bereft of his child]: i.e. he whom his children have treated undutifully (مَنْ عَقْهُ وَلَدُهُ) is as though he were bereft of his children although they are living. (O.) See also 3: and 4.] --- Hence, from عُقُوقُ الوَالِدَيْن, the verb is metaphorically used in the مَثَلُكُمٌ وَمَثَلُ عَائشَةَ مَثَلُ العَيْنِ, saying, in a trad., مَثَلُكُمٌ فِي الْزَأْسِ تُؤْذِي صَاحِبَهَا وَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُ أَنْ يَعْقَبَا إِلَّا The similitude of you and of 1 باَلَذى هُوَ خَيْرٌ لَبَا 'Aïsheh is that of the eye in the head, when it hurts its owner, and he cannot treat it severely save with that which is good for it : app. meaning that her severity was for the good of the objects thereof]. (TA.) عمَّى, intrans., said of lightning: see 7. said of a mare, and of an ass : see 4. inf. n. عَقَّى, means The buchet came up full from the well; and some of the Arabs say as having تَعْقَيَة for its inf. n.; but it is [said to be] originally مَعَقَّعَت (, the third ق being changed into " [which is then in this case supfrom تَظَنَّبُ it firom تَظَنَّبُتُ firom (it is, however, mentioned in the TA in art. also, and there expl. as meaning it rose in the well turning round: and from what here follows, it appears to mean it rose sniftly, cleaving the air :] a poet, cited by IAar, says, of a bucket,

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