hence, as being a cause of inclining,] العَاطفة signifies [also] Relationship [itself]; or the tie, or ties, thereof; syn. الرحم : an epithet in which the as meaning The being destitute [العَطَلُ منْ شَيْءٍ quality of a substantive predominates. (TA.) of a thing; though primarily relating to women's [And] + Affection, or kindness; mercy, pity, or compassion. (MA.)

. see عَطُوفٌ last sentence.

attributes, of the mind, &c.]. (O, K.) _ And مَنْعَطَفٌ see : مَعَاطَفٌ and its pl. مُنْعَطَفٌ see : مَعَاطَفٌ A it signifies also The being destitute of occupation. place of inclining, or bending, of the body; : عَطْفَ see : المَعَاطف and سَهْلُ المَعْطف : see [and a place of flexure, or creasing, of the skin; whence it is said that the pl.] مَعَاطفُ signifies the places, of the body, that sweat. (TA in art. عرض) [And A place of doubling, or folding; or a duplicature, or fold, of a garment, or piece of cloth.]

in three places.

مُعَطَّغَة, applied to bows (قِسِیٌ), is with teshdeed to denote muchness or multiplicity; (S, O, K, TA;) [so that it may signify either Much bent, or, as applied to a number of bows, simply bent : but it is said that] the meaning is, having one of the curved extremities bent towards the other; and so applied to a single bow (قَوْسٌ); as also * عَظُوفٌ (TA.) ____ And in like manner applied to milch camels (لقًام); [meaning ! Made to incline to, or uffect, a young one: for] sometimes, or often, they made a number of she-camels to incline to, عَطَفُوا لا عدَّة ذَوْد) or affect, a single young one, (عَطَفُوا ال مَلَى فَصِيلٍ وَاحِدٍ,) and drew their milk while they were in the condition of doing thus, in order that they might yield it copiously. (S, O, K, **TA.**)

قَوْسَ ___ [Inclined, or bent : &c.]. مَعْطُوف An Arabian bow, (IDrd, S, O, K,*) of which the curved extremity is much bent towards it, and which is used for [shooting at] the butts: (IDrd, O, K :) and * قُوس عَطْغَى signifies the same. (TA.) ___ See also , in two places.

مُنْعَطَف A place of inclining, or bending; (S, O, Msb, K;) [as also * مُعَطَفٌ, pl. زَمَعَاطُفُ, and the مُنْعَطَفُ الوادى you say : عطَافَةً * the place of inclining, or bending, of the valley: (S D, Mşb, K:) and مَعَاطِفَ ♦ الأُوْدِيَة [the places of inclining, or bending, of the valleys]. (K voce (.ڪُسُور

عطل

1. عُطلُت, [in my copy of the Msb said to be of the class of قتل, perhaps a mistranscription for but see what is said below of عَطَلَ as syn. with بَطَلَ, from which it may be inferred that is correct in the sense here following as well as مُطلُت [, aor. : ,] inf. n. ; تعطّلت \$ (O, K;) and) ; عُطُولٌ S, O, K) and) ; (S, O, K;) She had not upon her any women's ornaments; (K, TA;) and wore not any ornature, or decoration : (TA:) or her neck was destitute of nechlaces or the like; (S, O;) as also ! .:

is used [for العَطَلُ And sometimes [for

ornaments. (Ṣ, O.) One says, عَطِلَ مِنَ الهَال He

(a man, O) was, or became, destitute [of property],

and من الأدب [of discipline, or good qualities and

(Er-Rághib, TA.) One says, عَطَلَ الأجير, aor. -

like بَطَل, aor. -, in measure and in meaning [i. e.

The hired man was without occupation; though

it seems that in this sense also, accord. to general

usage, the verb is عَطلُ , aor. -]. (Mşb. [See also 5.])

And عطلت الإبل The camels were without a pas-

tor to tend them. (Msb. [The context there app.

indicates that the verb in this case, likewise, is

with fet-h to the b; but I believe it to be more

correctly معطِل And (...), عَطِلَت And (...) with

kcsr [to the هُرِع], (O,) [i. e.] like فَرِع (Ķ.) signi-

fies also He was, or became, large in the body.

signify the same اعطله ¥ and عطّل الشّيء 2.

[app. in all the senses assigned to the former].

(O.) __'Aïsheh is related, in a trad., to have said

respecting a woman who had died, عَطْلُوهَا, mean-

He divested, رَتَعْطِيلْ, inf. n. عطَّل القَوْسَ [Hence,]

the bow of its string. (TA.) _ [Hence likewise,

the inf. n.] التَّعْطيل (signifies [also] The rendering

vacant, void, or unoccupied, (K, TA,) a place of

abode, and the like. (TA.) And The leaving a thing untended, unminded, or neglected. (K, TA.

in the CK is a mistake for ضياعًا]) One

says of the frontier of a hostile country, عُطْلَ

meaning It was left without any to defend it.

(TA.) And of subjects one says, عُطَّلُوا, mean-

ing They were left without any one to govern them.

(TA.) One says also, عَطَّلْتُ الإبِلَ, inf. n. as

above, I left the camels without a pastor to tend

them. (Mşb.) وَإِذَا العَشَارُ عُطَّلَتْ, in the Kur

lxxxi. 4, means And when the pregnant camels

[ten months gone with young] shall be left without

a pastor, or without being milhed [?]; (Jel;) by

reason of the terrors of the hour; (O;) i. e. by

men's having their minds occupied by the terrors

of the day of resurrection. (TA.) And عُطْلُت

is said of lands of seed-produce as meaning They

were left uncultivated. (TA.) التّعطيلُ ... signifies

also التّغريغ [as meaning The making, or leaving,

vacant from any work, occupation, employment,

or use; free therefrom; unoccupied; or unem-

ployed]. (Ṣ, O, Ҡ.) One says, عَطَّلْتُ الأجيرَ [

made the hired man to be unoccupied. (Msb.)

(بهو .Ş and Ķ in art) عطّل الخَيْلُ منَ الغَزُو And

[He freed the horses from service in warfare;]

he did not go to war upon the horses. (TA in

that art.) _ [Also The assertion of the tenet, or

ing Divest ye her of her ornaments. (S, O.) -

(O, Ķ.)

means The not inflicting the [punishments termed] (Har p. 268 :) accord. to Er-Rághib, العَطَلُ sigupon him to whom they are due. (TA.) nifies the being destitute of ornature, or decoration.

4: see 2, first sentence.

5: see 1, first sentence. ____, said of a man, (S, O,) He remained [or became] without work, or occupation. (S, O, K.) [Said of a man, &c., He, or it, was, or became, inactive, or inert. (See is said of تَعَطَّلَتْ مِنَ الإسْتِقَاء بِهَا _ [(.غُشِي عَلَيْهِ or leathern bucket, meaning It was exempted ولو from, i. e. unused for, the drawing of water therewith]. (TA.) ____ And تعطّل is said of a tent [as

10: see 1, first sentence.

Q. Q. 4. أَعْطَأَلَت الشَّجَرَة The tree had many branches, and was much tangled, or very luxuriant or dense: so accord. to Az. (TA.) See also Q. Q. 4 in arts. and and .

ast sentence. عُطْلٌ see عُطْلٌ

inf. n. of 1 [q. v.]. (Ṣ, O, Ķ.) 🛲 Also عَطَلُ The denuded, or unclad, part, or parts, of the body; syn. جُرْدَة حُسَنَة so in the saying : جُرْدَة A woman beautiful in respect of the [A woman beautiful in respect of the denuded, or unclad, part, or parts, of the body]. (TA.) ____ And The body, or person; syn. (S, O, K, TA;) particularly, as some say, of a human being; (TA;) like طَلَلْ: (S, O, TA:) pl. أَعْطَالُ (K.) And one says, مَا أَحْسَنَ عَطَلَهُ meaning [How beautiful is] his tallness, or justness of stature, and his perfectness [of make]! (S, O.) ___ And The neck. (K.) ___ And Beauty of body. (TA.) = Also A stalk of a raceme of a palmtree; (S, O;) as also عَطِيلٌ * , accord. to IDrd : (O:) or the former, (TA,) and V the latter, accord. to IDrd, and accord. to Az, who says that he heard it from the cultivators of palm-trees (من النَّخليَّين) in El-Ahsà, (O,) the stalk of a raceme of a male palm-tree, (O, TA,) to which Az adds, with which the female palm-tree is fecundated : (O:) or عَطيلٌ * and عَطيلٌ * signify a stalk of a طُلُع [or spadix] of a male palm-tree [with the flowers upon it]. (K, TA.)

is an epithet of which only the fem. (with camel as meaning Goodly, or beautiful: pl. غطارت: (S, O:) which is expl. by A'Obeyd in this sense, and not derived by him : held by ISd to be a possessive epithet: (TA:) or the sing., thus applied, goodly, or beautiful, in body : (K :) or thus as applied to a woman: and, applied to a she-camel, perfect in body and tallness. (TA.) i. e. صَغىً Also, applied to a she-camel, i. q. صَغى [i. e. Abounding in milk; or whose milk lasts throughout the year]. (K.) And, applied to a ewe or she-goat, Abounding much in milk: (K:) or, accord. to Lth, that is known in [the appearance of] her neck to be one abounding in milk. (O.) er leathern bucket], وَلُو And, applied to A وَلُو Having its [thongs called] وَذَم broken, (O, K, تَعَطَّلُتْ (TA,) so that it has become exempted from (تَعْطِيلُ الصُدُودِ And ... [معَطَّل TA,) so that it has become exempted from

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