attached it, upon the عضد (or upper arm)]; namely, a thong, or the like; (O, K, TA;) such, for instance, as an amulet. (TA.) \_\_ عَضْدُ الدَّابَّةَ \_\_\_, aor. ;, [thus I find it in this instance,] inf. n. in the TA عضور,] He walked by the side [as though by the seast, (L, Msb,) on the right or left, (Msb,) or sometimes on its right and sometimes on its left, not quitting it. (L.) \_\_ غَضَدَ الرَّكَائبَ , (L, K,) aor. 4, inf. n. عَضْد, (L,) He came to the camels, or other beasts, used for riding, from the tracts, or parts, surrounding them, and gathered them together. (L, Ķ. •) — See also 4. عَضَدُ السََّجَرِ , aor. ء , (Ṣ, Mgh, O, &c.,) inf. n. عَضْدُ , (Mgh, Msb,) ‡ He cut, or lopped, the trees (S, Mgh, O, Msb, K\*) with a معضّد، (Ş;) as also استعضد، (Hr, O, K.\*) \_ And غَضَدَ الشَّجَرَة He scattered the leaves from the tree for his camels. (Th, TA.) -رَعُضْدُهُ القَتَبُ O, K,) inf. n. عُضْدُهُ القَتَبُ saddle galled and wounded him; namely, a camel. (O, K.) عُنِيَ (L, K,) a verb like مُغْنِي (K,) He had a complaint of his see [or upper arm]. (L, K.) And in like manner are formed verbs relating to all other members, or parts of the body. (L.) عَضْدُ He (a camel) had the disease termed عَضَد [q. v.]. (Ṣ, O, Ķ.)

2: see 4, in two places.

3: see 1, second sentence.

4. عضد المَطَر , and محضد , The moisture of the rain reached [or penetrated] to the [measure of the] عَضُد [or upper arm]. (L.) عَضُد ; [and app. محصّد أعضد, inf. n. عَضْد ; [and app. محصّد أغضد ; [and app. محصّد الله wise, said of an arrow; (see its part. n. عضد ;)] † He shot, or cast, and it [i. e. the arrow or other missile] went to the right and left (O, K) [or fell on the right, or left, of the butt: see [alone ].

5: see 8.

8. تعاضدوا † They aided, or assisted, one another. (O, Msb, K.)

8. اعتضده He put it, or placed it, (i.e. a thing, S,) upon (في) his عَضْد [or upper arm]: (S, O, K:) [or] he placed it under his arm; as also اعتضد (A.) اعتضد the became strong; or he strengthened himself. (TA.) اعتضد به the asked, begged, or desired, aid, or assistance, of him. (S, A, O, K.)

10. استعضده: see 1, last quarter. \_\_ Also He gathered it; namely, fruit; (O, K;) he cut it off and gathered it from a tree, to eat it. (Hr, O.\*)

عُضْدُ: see عُضْدُ, first sentence: \_\_ and عُضْدُ. عُضُدُ: } see عُضْدُ, first sentence.

عَضُدُ A certain disease in the عَضُدُ [or arms] [see عَضُد [for]] مَضُدُ signifies also the significant significant

K;) as also عضود (TA) and العضد: (S,O:) or signifies what is cut, or lopped, from trees; or the leaves that are made to fall by beating trees, and used as food for camels; as also عضد: (TA:) or the leaves scattered off from a tree for camels. (Th, TA.) — See also عضد, first sentence: — and again, near the middle, in two places.

عَضُد, (S, O, Mab, K,) which is the most common form of the word, (TA,) and ♦ عُضْدٌ, (Ş, O, Msb, K,) of the dial. of Asad, (O, Msb,) and , (AZ, O, Msb, K,) of the dial. of Tihameh, رعَضُدٌ ♦ (AZ, TA,) or of El-Hijáz, (Msb,) and (Th, TA,) and مُضْدُ (S, O, Msb, K,) of the dials. of Temcem and Bekr, (O, Msb,) and عُضْدٌ, (S, O, Meb, K,) and مُضْدٌ, (K,) the last three of which are said to be contractions of the first or second, or variants thereof formed to assimilate them to other words preceding them; (TA;) all masc. and fem.; (L;) or fem. only; (Lh, TA;) or masc. in the dial. of Tihámeh; (AZ, L;) or fem. in the dial. of Tihaineh, and masc. in the dial. of Temeem; (AZ, Msb;) i.q. سَاعَدٌ,  $(\S, L,)$  i. e. [The upper arm, or upper half of the arm, ] from the elbow to the shoulder-blade, (S,) or the part between the elbow and the shoulderblade,  $(L, O, M_{\mathfrak{S}}b, K,)$  of a human being: (L:)[and in a beast, the arm; (see أَبُضُهُ &c.;) in this case like إُعْضَادُ pl. أَعْضَادُ and أَعْضُدُ, (Msb,) or only the latter, (L,) which is used in a poem of Sá'ideh Ibn-Ju-eiyeh as meaning the legs of bees. (TA.) مَلَأُ مِنْ شَحْمِ عَضْدى, in the story of Umm-Zara, means + He filled with fat, not peculiarly my عَضْد, but my whole body; for when becomes fat, the whole body becomes العَضْدُ [in the CK] عَضْدُ [so. (O, L.) \_\_\_[Hence,] is erroneously put for العَضَد signifies also ! An aider, or assistant; (L, K, TA;) and so [app. عَاضِدٌ \* [any of its variants mentioned above, and (TA) and مَضَارَةً (L, TA.) And it is also used for [its pl.] عضاد ; as in the Kur xviii. 49, in which the sing, form is said to be employed for the sake of agreement with the other verses [preceding and following], that they may all end with singulars: (TA:) but one also says, and أعْضَادي [They are my aiders, or assistants]. (O, K, TA.) And one says, فَلَانَ عضدى, meaning + Such a one is my support, or stay. (Mgb.) And خُتَّ فِي عَضُدِهِ + He broke some of the intentions, purposes, or designs, of his aiders, or assistants, (or of the people of his house, TA,) and separated, or dispersed, them from him: (O, K:) or he sought to injure him by diminishing, or impairing, [in number or power,] the people of his house; (Tand O in art. فَتْ;) and in like manner, فَتُ فِي أَعْضَادِهِ. (TA in the present art.) And وَهُدُّ رُكُنِي وَهُدَّ رُكُنِي + He broke my strength, and dispersed, or separated, my aiders, or assistants: (TA in art. فت:) signifies also ! Strength, because the part so called, of a man, is a mean of strength to

[xxviii. 35], means, accord. to Zj, † We will aid thee, or assist thee, by thy brother. (L.) \_\_\_ Also + The side of the armpit; and so عَضُد (L.) And + A side of a road; (O, L; [in this sense written in the TA عَضَارَةُ \* as also أَوْ عَضْدٌ. (L.) + The side, or quarter, from which the wind blows. (L.) + A side; or a lateral, or an outward, or adjacent, part, or portion; a quarter, region, or tract; (O, L, K;) of a house, and of anything: pl. أَعْضَادُ الرَّكَابِّبِ [Hence,] . أَعْضَادُ + The tract, or part, surrounding the camels, or other beasts, used for riding. (L.) One says, lit. Have thou possession of the ! املك أعضاد الإبل tracts adjacent to the camels], meaning direct thou aright the course of the camels, so that they may not wander away to the right and left. (A.) (, Ş, L, K, أَعْضَادُ Also, and مَضَدٌ \* , (£, and أَعْضَادُ which last is a pl. of the two preceding words, as is also عُضُود, (L,) ‡ A raised enclosing border, or such borders, of built work, (S, O, L, K,) &c., (S, L,) of a watering-trough or tank, and of a road, &c., (K,) or of anything, (S, O,) such as of a watering-trough or tank, which are stones, (S,) or broad and thin stones, (L,) set up around the brink; (S, L;) also called extending from the place whence the water -sig عَضْدُ or تَعْفُدُ sig عَضْدُ sig عَضْدُ nifies the two sides of a watering-trough or tank: (IAar, L:) or its side: (O, TA:) and its أَعْضَار are its sides: and the أعضار of a portion of sown land that is separated from the parts adjacent to it by ridges of earth, for irrigation, are its raised borders that confine the water; (A;) اَعْضَادَ الْمَزَارِعِ signifying the [raised] boundaries between the portions of sown land. (En-Nadr, L.) عضد (O, K, in the CK بعضد,) is also syn. with بعضيد, (K,) or مُضيدة (O,) as signifying + A row of palm-trees: (O, K:) the first of these words is mentioned by Hr as occurring in a trad., and is ac, عَضِيدٌ ♦ thus expl.: but others say that it is (TA,) which, accord. to As, signifies a palm-tree having such a [low] trunk that one can reach from it [the fruit or branches]; (S, TA;) and the pl. is عَضْدَانُ: (Ṣ, Ķ:) he adds that when it exceeds the reach of the hand it is called جَبَّارَةً (S, TA.) عُضُدًا شُرُاكِ and النَّعْلِ ــ [and] عِضَادَتَاهَا لا النَّعْلِ ــ of شرَاك signifies + The two branches of the النَّعَلِ the sandal, described voce أَذُن, q. v.;] the two appertenances, of the sandal, that lie upon the foot. (L.) عَضْدًا الرَّحْل + The two pieces of wood that are attached to the fore part of the camel's saddle, (L,) or to the lower portions of its fore part (the وأسط): (Lth, O, L:) or, accord. a mis- طَلَفْتَان a co AZ, the upper portions of the take for the حنوان of the camel's saddle, next [the pieces of wood called] the عُرَاقي below them being the ظُلَفَتَان, which are the lower parts of the . and of the وَاسِط of the حِنْوانِ [See ظُلْفَة. In a similar manner, also, the term is used in relation to a horse's saddle: