عص

عُصُعُمُ and عُصُمُ : see عُصُمُ and عُصُومُ

(S, Mgh, O, Msb, K) and معمد (O, Msb) and معمد (IAar, Mgh, O, K) and معمد (IAar, K, TA) and معمد and معمد (IAar, K, TA) and معمد (IAar, O, K) and معمد (L, TA) The [caudal bone called the] معمد [q. v.] of the tail; (Zj in his "Khalk el-Insán," S, Mgh, O, Msb, K;) which is felt by him who feels for it; (Zj ubi suprà;) i. e., the [os coccygis, or] tail-bone; (S;) the small bone between the two

[or tail, or fat of the tail,] of the sheep; (Mgh;) [i.e.,] flesh-meat in the interior of that part: (IAth, TA:) this is what the doctors of practical law mean by this word in speaking of sales: (Mgh:) pl. as above. (IAth, TA.) — Also

man (IF, O) compact and strong in make. (IF, O, K.) — Also, (Ibn-'Abbad, K,) or العُمْنِيُّنَّ (O, L, TA,) + A man (Ibn-'Abbad, L,) unpropitious, or mean, or hard, (L, K, TA,) having little, or no, good, or goodness. (Ibn-

Abbad, O, L, K, TA.) مُصْعُصُدُ Pain of the عُصْعُصُدُ. (O, K.)

ره ره عصعص see :عصعوص

عصب

1. بَصْف, aor. =, (K,) inf. n. بُصْف, (S, A, Mgh, O, K,) He tristed [a thing], or round [it] round: (A, K, TA:) this is the primary signification: (TA:) and he folded [it]; (A, K;) or he folded [it] tightly: (S, O, TA:) and he bound [it], or tied [it]: (A, Mgh, K, TA:) denotes the binding, or tying, a thing with another thing, lengthwise, or [more commonly] around. (O.) See also 2, first sentence. [And see .] __ He twisted, or spun, thread. (K,. TA.) And He put together thread, and bound it, previously to dyeing it. (TA.) _______ الكَبْشُ, (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, Ķ,*) aor. as above, (Ķ,) and so the inf. n., (S, Msb, K,) He bound, or tied, (tightly, TA) the testicles of the ram, in order that they might fall, without his extracting them: (S, O, Msb, K:) and in like manner one says of a goat, (K,) and of other beasts. (TA.) ____ النَّاقَةُ, (O, Mab, K,*) aor. as above, (K,) and so the inf. m., (Msb, K, TA,) and also; (TA;) and اعتصبها (O, K;) He bound the thighs of the she-camel, (Msb, K, TA,) or the lower parts of her nostrils, (TA,) with a cord, you and attached to you; by his commands and

(Msb, TA,) in order that she might yield her milk copiously: (Msb, K, TA:) and (O) غَصَبَ [He bound the thigh of the she-camel] فَحَذَ النَّاقَة for that purpose. (Ş, O.) [See عُصُوبُ Hence one says, أعْطَى عَلَى العَصْبِ # He gave by means of force. (TA.) And بِنُورٌ بِالعِصَابِ + Such a one as I am will not give by means of force. (A, TA.) _ عَصَبَتْ فَرْجَهَا _ She (a woman) bound her vulva with a bandage. (Msb.) __ غَصَبَ الشَّجُرَة together the branches of the tree (S, O, K, TA) that were straggling, (K, TA,) by means of a rope, (TA,) and then beat it, (S, O, K, TA,) in order that its leaves might fall. (S, O, TA.) [Golius assigns this signification also to عصت عصت as on the authority of the S, in which I do not find it.] El-Ḥajjáj said, (S, TA,) when preaching to the people at El-Koofeh, (TA,) لَأُعُصِبْنَكُمْ (TA) [I will assuredly السَّلَهَة (Ş) or عَصْبَ السَّلَمِ draw you together and beat you as one does the is a tree of the سَلُهَة selem or the sclemeh]. kind called عضاه, having thorns, and its leaves are the قُرَظ with which hides are tanned: [but see قَوْظ:] the removal of the leaves with the hand being difficult on account of the many thorns, its branches are drawn together and bound tightly with a rope; then the beater pulls them towards him, and beats them with his staff; whereupon the leaves become scattered for the cattle and for him who desires to gather them. (TA.) Or this is done, (S, O, TA,) accord. to A'Obeyd, (S, O,) only (TA) when they desire to cut down the selemeh, that they may get at the stock. (S, O, TA.) [Hence,] one says, غُلَانٌ لاَ تُعْصَبُ سَلَمَاتُهُ [Such a one will not have his selemens bound round with a rope, and beaten]: a prov., applied to a strong, mighty man, not to be subdued nor abased. (A, TA.) And one says also of winds, فِيهُ دُرُوجِهَا فِيهِ أَنْكُ دُرُوجِهَا فِيهِ + [They compress the branches of the trees, as though they bound them round, in their passage among them]: and such winds are termed , inf. n. عُصَبُ القَوْمَ O.) And عُصَبُ القَوْمَ aor. بِ , inf. n. عُص, + It (an affair, or event,) drew the people together, and became severe to them. (Az, TA.) الزُجَاجَة بِضَبَّةٍ مِنْ فِضَّة He (a smith) repaired the crach of the glass vessel by putting round it a band of silver. (O, TA.) He made disgrace to عُصَبَ بِرَأْسِ قُوْمِهِ العَارَ befall his people [as though he bound it upon the head of their chief or upon the head of each of them]. (O.) It is related in a trad. respecting the battle of Bedr, that 'Otbeh the son of Rabee'ah said, ,Return ye إِرْجِعُوا وَلَا تُقَاتِلُوا وَٱعْصِبُوهَا بِرَأْسِي and fight not; and bind it upon my head]; meaning attach and attribute to me the disgrace that will befall you for relinquishing the battle and inclining to peace. (IAth, TA.) And it is said in another trad., جُومُوا بِهَا عَصَبَكُمْ بِهِ + Fulfil ye the obligations with which He (meaning God) has bound you; or which He has imposed upon

prohibitions. (TA.) الشَّيْء and عَلَى and عَلَى, aor. به inf. n. عَصَاب and عَصْب , He grasped the thing with his hand. (K, TÁ.) A poet, cited by IAar, says,

[And we were, O Kureysh, when we grasped our opponents, such that our grasping brought fresh meaning our grasping those whom we opposed with the swords. (TA.) __ And بَصْف, aor. , inf. n. عُصْب, He clung, or hept, to a thing. (K.) One says, عُصَبُ الهَاء He kept to, or by, the water. (IAar, TA.) And عَصَبَ الرَّجُلُ The man remained, or stayed, in his house, or tent, not quitting it. (O, TA.) _ And He went round, encompassed, or surrounded, a thing. (K.) It is said in a trad., of the angel Gabriel, The dust قَدْ عَصَبَ رَأْسَهُ الغُبَارُ ,on the day of Bedr had overspread, [or surrounded,] and clung to, his head: or, as some relate it, قَدْ عَصْرَ ثُنْيَّتُهُ and if this be not a mistake, the latter; الغَبَارُ verb is syn. with the former: - and o being often interchangeable: (L, TA:) the latter phrase means, as also with , the dust had stuck to his two central incisors. (TA in art.) And Ibn Ahmar says,

إِذْ عَصَبَ النَّاسَ شَهَالٌ وَقُوْ

being for وَقُوْم i. e. When north wind and cold environ me. (L, TA.) And one says also, The dust encompassed, or sur- عُصَبَ الغُبَارُ بِالجَبَلِ عصبوا به rounded, the mountain. (L, TA.) And They encompassed, or surrounded, him: (S, A, Mgh, O, TA:) and they encompassed, or surrounded, him, looking at him: (S, O:) and, (Msb, K,) as also عُصبوا, (K,) aor. of the former, (Msb, K,) and inf. n. , (Msb,) and aor. of the latter =, (K,) they assembled around him (Msb, K) for fight or defence. (Msb. For another explanation of and and , and , أَحَاطُوا بِهِ i. q. عَصَبُ القَوْمُ بِالنَّسَبِ And [app. meaning The people, or party, included, or comprehended, the relations, or kinsmen; for is often used for [زَوُو النَّسَبِ]. (Mṣb.) And The camels surrounded, or en- عَصَبْتِ الإبِلُ بِالهَاء circled, the water. (Ṣ, O.) __ عَصَبُ الرِّيقُ بِغِيهِ (Ṣ, O, Ķ,* TA,) aor. ج , inf. n. غَصْبُ; (Ķ, TA;) and غصب, aor. =; (TA;) The saliva became dry in his mouth. (S, O, K, * TA.) And عَصْبُ (Ṣ, O, TA) The saliva by its drying الرَّيقُ فَاهُ made his mouth dry: and the saliva adhered to his mouth. (TA.) Aboo-Mohammad El-Fak'asee

يَعْصِبُ فَاهُ الرِّيقُ أَيَّ عَصْبِ عَصْبَ الجُبَابِ بِشِفَاهِ الوَطْبِ

[The saliva makes his mouth dry, with what a drying! as the drying of the spume of camels' milk on the lips of the shin]. (S, O.) And and, aor. -, inf. n. His mouth, with