wards it, seeking to light himself thereby, (K, TA,) and hoping to obtain thereby guidance and good. (TA.) _ And عَشَا عَن النّار He turned away and ment from the light of the fire. (TA.) _ And aie عَشُوتُ عَنه I went, or turned, from him, or it, to another: whence, it is said, the saying in the [And وَمَنْ يَعْشُ عَنْ ذِكْرِ ٱلرَّحْمٰنِ إِلَّهِ [And such as turns from the admonition of the Compassionate]. (S. See another explanation of this saying in what follows.) [This and other meanings expl. below are app. from what here next follows.] __ غشى aor. يَعْشَى (Ṣ, Mṣb, K,) dual (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ,) مَشًا ، not يَعْشَوَانِ, (Ṣ,) inf. n. يَعْشَيَانِ He was, or became, weak-sighted: (Msb:) or he did not see by night, but saw by day: (S:) or he had bad sight by night and by day: or he was, or became, blind: [said of a man, and of a beast of the equine kind, and of a camel, and of a bird: (see مُشًا, below:)] and عُشًا, aor. مِعْشًا, signifies the same: (إلى بَعْشُ عَنْ لِكُرِ ٱلرَّحْمٰنِ بَعْشُ عَنْ لِكُرِ ٱلرَّحْمٰنِ بَعْشُ عَنْ لِكُرِ ٱلرَّحْمٰنِ the Kur xliii. 35, thus read by some, means + And such as is blind to the admonition of the Compassionate, i. e., to the Kur-án; but مَنْ يَعْشُ, as others read, + such as feigns himself blind: (Ksh and Bd: *) [see also 6: and see another explanation of the latter reading, above: or] عُشَا signifies also he (a man, TA) did as does the أعشى [q. v.]. (K, TA.) One says also, يعشو , aor. يعشو , aor. (thus in my original, but the pret is app. عشى, and the aor. يَعْشَى,] meaning He lacked strength of sight to perceive the thing. (TA.) And in measure and in meaning عَنْ حَقَّه [i. e. † He was, or became, blind to his right, or due]. (TA.) And يَعْشَى إِلَّا بَعْدَ مَا يَعْشُو is one of their sayings, meaning [app. He will not become weak-sighted except] after his eating the [eveningmeal called the] عَشَاد : (TA:) [for it is said that] the eating of food in the night occasions weakness of sight more than [do] other things. (Har p. 52. is there written in one instance for العشاء]) . means He wronged him , عَشَى عُلَيْهِ ___ treated him wrongfully, injuriously, unjustly, or tyrannically: (K, TA:) mentioned by ISd. (TA.)

2: see 1, former half, in two places. One says, عَشِّ إِبِلَكَ وَلَا تَغْتَرُّ Meyd, TA,) or عُشِّ وَلَا تَغْتَرُّ [a prov., meaning Pasture thy camels by night, and be not negligent, or be not made to desire what is vain, or false]. (S. [See Freytag's Arab. -Prov., ii. 92.]) And عَشَيْتُ الإبِلَ عَنِ الوِرْدِ I pastured the camels with the [evening-pasture called] so that they might come to the water having, satisfied themselves with food: and in like manner one says, مُنْدَيْثُهَا عَنْهُ (A and TA in art. and عَشَّ رُويْدًا And عَشَّ رُويْدًا Pasture thou the camels in the evening (عُشيّا) gently: and in like manner one says, ضَعِّ رُوَيْدًا. (A, TA.) And hence, عَنْ الأَمْرِ, K) للهُ اللهُ acted gently, or deliberately, in the affair: (A and TA in art. غَدُا: (Ṣ;) as also بُعْدَا: (Ṣ;) as also بُغْدَا: (Ṣ;) as also بُغْدَا: (Ṣ;) as also بُغْدَا: (Ṣ;) as also بُغْدَا: (Ṣ;) as also بُغْدُا: (Ṣ;) as also بُغْدُا: (Ṣ;) as also بُغْدُا:

afar. and repaired, or betook himself, to it, or to- in the present art.:) and in like manner, عُنْهُ. (A and TA in the former art., and S* in the present art.) = See also the next paragraph. [Hence,] تَعْشيَةٌ, inf. n. تَعْشيَةٌ, He kindled a fire for the birds in order that they might become dim-sighted (نتَعْشَى) and consequently be captured.

> 4: see 1, former half. __ [Hence, app.,] also signifies + He gave. (K.) = And اعشاه He (God) rendered him أَعْشَى [i.e. weak-sighted, &c.: and in like manner one says اعشاه : see 2, last sentence; and see also Har p. 52].

> 5: see 1, first quarter, in two places. One says also, تعشّی به He fed himself with it [in the evening, or] in the time called the عشاً: and [in like is said of camels [as meaning تَتَعَشَّاهُ [as meaning they feed themselves with it, or pasture upon it, in the evening]. (TA.) And when one says to thee, تُعَشَّر [Eat thou the evening-meal], thou (TA, مَا بِي مِنْ تَعَشِّ sayest, مَا بِي مِنْ تَعَشِّ [I have no desire for eating the evening-meal; see 5 ما بی عَشَاء and not ;غدو (Ş,) or not ما بی عَشَاء تعشَّاهُ See also 6. 🕳 And جي مِنْ عَشَّاهِ signifies also He gave him an عَشُوة, i.e. a firebrand]. (TA.)

> 6. تعاشى He feigned himself تعاشى [i. e. meakas used by Bḍ in xliii. تعشّی sighted, &c.; and so تعشّی 35]. (S, TA.) _ And [hence] \$\\$ He feigned himself ignorant, (K, TA,) عَنْ كُذًا [of such a thing], as though he did not see it; like تُعَامَى. (TA.)

> عشاً. He journeyed in the time of the اعتشى .8 [or nightfall]: (K, TA:) like اهتجر meaning "he journeyed in the time of the مُاجِرَة." (TA.) == See also 1, latter half.

10. استعشاه He found him to be deviating from the right course, or acting wrongfully, injuriously, unjustly, or tyrannically, (وَجَدُهُ جَائِرًا, K, TA, in in في حَتَّى أَصْحَابِهِ (,حَاثِرًا some copies of the K respect of the right, or due, of his companions]. He guided himself استعشى نَارًا TA.) by means of a fire. (K.)

of milk which is drunk at (قَدَح) of milk which the time when the sheep, or goats, return from the pasture in the evening or afternoon, or after that time. (K.)

عَشَاءٌ see عَشْيُ

inf. n. of عَشْى : (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ:) [used as a simple subst., Weakness of sight: or sightlessness by night with ability to see by day: or] badness of sight by night and by day; as also وَمُشَاوُةٌ لا : (K:) it is in human beings, and beasts of the equine kind (دُواب), and camels, and birds; as is said in the M: (TA:) or it is darkness that happens to the eye: (Er-Rághib, TA:) or blindness; (K, TA;) i. e. absolute destitution of sight. (TA.)

applied to a he-camel, and عَشِية applied to a she-camel, That exceeds the other camels in the each after the manner of the possessive epithet, having no verb. (TA. [And is said to have a similar meaning.]) = See also أَغَشَى.

Darkness, (K, TA,) in [any part of] the night and in the سَعَر [or period a little before daybreak]; (TA;) as also اعَشُواً إِنْ (K:) or the first of the darkness of the night: (Az, TA:) or the period between the beginning and [the end of] the [first] quarter of the night: (AZ, S, K:) thus in the saying, مَضَى مِنَ اللَّيْلِ عَشُوَةً [A period between the beginning &c. of the night passed]: and one says also, أَخَذْتُ عَلَيْهِمْ بِالعَشْوَة, meaning [I laid hold upon them] in the blackness of night: (AZ, Ṣ:) the dim. is ♦ عُشَيَّةُ (Az, TA.) In the saying جَاء عَشُوهُ, meaning عَشَاءً [i. e. He came at nightfall], it [is an adv. n. which] may not be used otherwise than thus: you may not say, as [العَشْوَةُ .app] العشوة ـــ (TA.) .مَضَتْ عَشْوَةُ as mean-الغَدُّوةُ .app الغدوة like العَشَاءَ ing الغداء, is vulgar. (TA.) = Also The renturing upon, or embarking in, an affair that is not clear; as also ♦ عَشُوةُ and عَشُوةٌ (S, K:) , عُشُوَةً and عَشُوةً and أَوْطَأَتَنِي عَشُوَّةً meaning [Thou hast made me to venture upon, or embarh in,] a confused and dubious affair: this is when you tell him of a thing by means of which you have made him to fall into perplexity or trial. (Ṣ.) _ خَبَّاطُ عَشُوَاتِ _ occurring in a trad., see expl. in art. خيط.

عَشُوَةً : see عَشُوَةً . = Also, (Ş, K, TA,) and مَنْوَةً , (K, TA,) A fire which one sees by night from afar, and to which, or towards which, he repairs, or betakes himself, seeking to light himself thereby: (K, TA:) or (TA) a firebrand (تُعُلُقًا (مِنْ نَارِ). (Ṣ, TA.)

عُشُوَة see عُشُوة : == and see also

A state of perplexity, and of having little guidance: so in the saying, إِنَّهُمْ لَغِي عَشُوكِي أَمْرِهِمْ [or, perhaps, من أمرهم, i. e. Verily they are in a state of perplexity, &c., in respect of their ease, or affair]. (TA.)

Of, or relating to, the [time called] (Ṣ.) a. v.]. (Ṣ.)

A species of dates: (IDrd, K, TA:) or of palm-trees, (K, TA,) of such as are late in bearing. (TA.)

like , عُشْوَانُ (Ş, K, TA,) originally , عُشْيَانُ (,TA, غُدُّوَانُ q. v.] which is originally غُدِّيَانُ A man (S) eating the [evening-meal, or eveningrepast, i. e. what is called the] عَشَاء ; (S, K, TA;) as also بُعاشِ ♦ (TA.)

The meal, or repast, (S, Msb, K,) of the عَشَىً or nightfall], (Ṣ,* Mṣb,) or of the عِشَاءَ [or late part of the evening, &c.]; (S,* K, TA;) [i. e. supper, in a general sense;] opposed to

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