Habeeb asserts it to be, syn. with عُنْتُ, and of the measure نَعْلَلُ, with the daugmentative. (IJ, TA.)

i. q. [سَان and] اَسَان: so in the saying وَ أَعْسَالِ مِنْ أَبِيهِ [He is of a semblance and of characteristics and natural dispositions which are those of his father]. (O, K.)

كَعْسِيَكُ A light sleep: but this is a vulgar [post-classical] word. (TA.)

i. q. Life [q. v., i. e. The habitation of bees, whether it be a manufactured hive or a hollow in the trunk of a tree or in a rock, in which they deposit their honey]. (K.) [See also lime.]

أَعُسُلُ Made [or preserved] with مُعُسُّلُ [i. e. honey]: applied as an epithet in this sense to رُنْجَبِيلِ [or ginger]. (Ṣ, TA.)

talk or discourse. (TA.) And جَارِيَةٌ مُعْسُولَةُ الكُلامِ † A girl, or young woman, sweet in speech, beautiful in expression, pleasing in the modulation of the voice. (TA.) And مُعْسُولُ المُواعِيد † Veracious, or faithful, in promises. (TA.)

عسلج

Q. 1. غَسْنَجَت الشَّجَرَة The tree put forth its مُسْلَبِح, or soft and green rods or twigs or shoots [&c.: see عُسْلُوجُ]. (Ş, K.)

غسلج: see عُسلُوج, in four places.

applied to food (مُعَام), i. q. رَفْعَام), i. q. رُفْعَام) [applied to food (مُعَام), i. q. رُفْعَام [applied to food (مُعَام), i. q. مُعَامًا [applied to food (John-'Abbad, O, Value of the plant of

see the following paragraph.

A branch, or twig, or shoot : (Msb :) or a branch, or twig, or shoot, that is a year old: (Lth, O:) or a rod, or twig, or shoot, of recent growth: (TA:) or any plant that comes forth green, twisting, or wreathing, and soft, before it assumes other colours: (AHn, O:) or, as also أعسلم (S, O, K,) and العسلام (O,) a soft and green rod or twig or shoot (S, O, K) of a tree, and of a grape-vine, when it first grows forth: (S, O:) or all signify a branch, or twig, or shoot, until a year old: (M, TA:) or signifies a soft, or tender, branch or twig or shoot: (TA:) the pl. of عَسَالُوخ : (Msb:) and this is said to signify a certain [sort of] white thing, that comes forth in the one [meaning either spring or summer], and stretches along like the عَيْزُرَان [or kind of cane called rattan], soft, or supple, and bending: (O:) it is [also] said to signify the عُرُوق of thereof [meaning the sprouts نجوم from the roots (see art. نجير)] that shoot forth in the year: and certain things that spread upon the surface of the earth, like عرق [or roots], and are green: or a certain plant upon the banks of rivers, bending and inclining by reason of softness, or tenderness, or luxuriance: and, as used by the vulgar, rods, or twigs, or shoots, of recent growth.

(L.) — Also † A boy, or young man, hot-headed, and light, or active, in spirit. (IAar, O.) And and light, or active, in spirit. (IAar, O.) And soft, or tender, girl or young woman. (O, K, TA.) And أَوَامُ عَسُلُوبُهُ النّاكُ † A soft, or tender, figure, or person: (O, K:) the latter word, used in this sense by El-Ajjáj, said to be a contraction of this sense of youthfulness. (TA.)

عسهر

1. عُسَمْ, Ror. عُسَمْ, (Mṣb, K̩,) inf. n. عُسَمْ, (Ṣ,* Mṣb, K̄,*) It (a man's hand, and his foot,) was, or became, distorted, (S,* Msb, K,) [or, accord. to the K, app. said of a man, meaning he was, or became, distorted in his hand, and his foot, and thus in the TK,] in consequence of rigidity in the nrist, and ankle. (Ṣ, Mạb, K. See also مُسَوَّة below.]) عُسَوْ, aor. عَرَ (Ṣ, Mạb, K,) inf. n. مُسَوْ, (Ṣ, Mạb,) He coveted. (Ṣ, Mạb, K.) [It is trans. by means of في.] One says, يُو يَعْسَرُ فيه [He will not covet it]. (S.) And أَمْوُ لاَ يُعْسَمُ فِيه A thing, or an affair, the contending with which for the mastery, and the mastering of which, will not be coveted. (S, K.) _ Also, inf. n. عَسَم and عَسَوم He gained, or earned; or he sought sustenance; syn. ڪُسُبُ; (K, TA;) for himself; or for his family, or household: (TA:) accord. to Fr, ii. e. the gaining, or الاختساب signifies العُسْمُ earning; or the seeking sustenance]; (S;) [and] so signifies الاغتسام (TA.) ... الأغتسام so signifies (S, K,) aor. , (S,) He strove, laboured, or toiled; or he exerted himself, or put himself to labour; in the affair. (Ṣ, Ķ.*) _ And عُسُمُ , (Ķ,) or عُسُمُ He plunged into the midst , وَسُطُ القُومِ (,\$) بِنَفْسِه of the people, or party, so that he mixed with them, not caring whether it were in battle or not: (S, K, TA:) or, accord. to some, it is peculiarly in war, or battle; one says, عَسَى, aor. , inf. n. , meaning he went at random, heedlessly, or in a headlong manner, without consideration, into war, or battle, and threw himself into the midst of it, not caring. (TA.) عُسَهُتْ عَيْنَهُ His eye shed tears (زَرُفَتْ [in the CK] ذَرُفَتْ): and (some say, TA) had foul matter in its inner angle : أُغْسَهُتُ * [in the CK غُهُضُتُ]); as also أَغْسِصُتُ (or had its lids closed, one upon the other. (K, TA.)

4. اعسريك He, or it, rendered his hand rigid [and app. distorted: see 1, first sentence]. (K.)

He gave to him. (TA.) See also 1, last sentence.

8. الْعُنْسُانُ I gave him what he coveted from me. (Ṣ, TA.) And الإعْنَسَانُ signifies الإعْنَسَانُ [expl. above]: see 1. (TA.) Also The sheep's, or goats', bringing forth, and the pastor's coming and putting to every one of them her young one.

(Ṣ, Ķ.) [Accord. to the TK, one says, الثَّاءُ, (using الثَّاءُ), (using الثَّاءُ, as is sometimes done, in the sense of the coll. gen. n. الثَّاءُ, or the former may be a misprint for the latter,) meaning The sheep, or goats, brought forth, &c.] — And The taking and wearing an old and worn-out sandal, or boot. (K.)
[Accord. to the TK, one says, اعتسر النُعُل, meaning He took the sandal, or the boot, in an old and worn-out state, and wore it.]

[mentioned above as an inf. n.] signifies A rigidity in the wrist, and ankle; in consequence of which the hand, and foot, became distorted: (S, K:) or, as some say, a rigidity in a man's wrist: (TA:) or a distortion in the hand, or arm, in consequence of a rigidity in the wrist, or in the elbows. (Mgh.) See also

One who gains, or earns, much for his family, or household. (TA.)

One who toils, or works laboriously, or who seeks gain or the means of subsistence, for his family, or household; as also باعث : pl. [of the former, and perhaps of the latter also,] مسلم. (K.)

And A she-camel that has many young ones. (K.)

see the next preceding paragraph.

Having a distortion of the hand, and of the foot, in consequence of rigidity in the nerist, and ankle; applied to a man: and so in applied to a woman. (S, Msb, K. [See also ____.])

And An ass slender in the legs. (TA.)

syn. عَشَرُ ; (Ṣ, TA;) as also وَعَسَرُ ; or this latter signifies coveting, or covetousness; and مُشَرُ, with ش, is a dial. var. of it. (TA in this art. and in art. عَسَد.) So the former signifies in the saying مَا لَكُ فِي بَنِي فُلَانِ مَعْسَد [There is not for thee, in the sons of such a one, anything that is, or is to be, coveted]. (Ṣ.) [Freytag has written this word مُعْسَر as from the K, in which I do not find it; and has expl. it as signifying desire.]

عسو

1. أيعسو, aor. أيعسو, inf. n. أيعسو and ألعود, The wood, or stick, was, or became, dry and hard: (As, Ṣ:) and النبات (Kh, Ṣ, K,) inf. ns. as above, (K, TA,) the plant was, or became, thick, or coarse, or rough, (Kh, Ṣ, K,) and dry, (K,) and hard; (TA;) as also رقم (Kh, Ṣ, TA, [in the CK, in art. وورب erroneously written ورب المناسخ, erroneously written ورب المناسخ, aor. والمناسخ, inf. n. أعسو (El-Ahmar, Ṣ, Mab, TA) and أعسو, (Mṣb,) His hand became thick, or coarse, or rough, from work. (El-Ahmar, Ṣ, Mab, TA.) المناسخ, said of an old man, aor. والمناسخ, (Aṣ, Ṣ, Mṣb, K,) inf. n. والمناسخ, (Kṣ, Ṣ,) or أعسو, (Mṣb,) or both, and أعسو and إلى المناسخ, (Kṣ, Ṣ,) inf. n. المناسخ, (Kṣ,) inf. n. المن