nally مُذَرَّبُوا, in the CK [مُذرُّوا]). (O, K, TA.) [penem suum] extraxit, et extra vulvam semen [See also what here follows.] - And Men evil in dispositions: (O, K, TA:) sing. [app. in the former sense as well as in this] * عَزِقٌ * (TA:) or this latter signifies, (K,) or signifies also, (TA,) like ♦ مُتَعَزِقٌ, difficult in disposition : (K, TA :) or hard, and niggardly, and difficult in disposition. (Lth, TA.)

see the next paragraph. _ Accord. to IAar, The مرّ, i.e. handle, of the [implement called] محرات [q.v.]. (L, voce محرات)

The implement with which the earth, or معْزُقَةً land, is cloven, or furrowed; (S, O, Msb, K;) [a kind of hoe,] resembling the قَدُوم, or larger than this; as also معزق (S, O, K:) accord. to IDrd, the implement with which the earth, or land, is cloven, or furrowed; whether it be a فأس [meaning hoe], or a مَنْ [i. e. spade], or a مَنْ [i. e. ploughshare]: and he says, it is a بيلة [from the Pers. بَيْلُه meaning a kind of mattoch or hoe] which is curved [in its blade]: and some say that it is [particularly] a فَأْس [i. e. hoe] with two extremities to its [iron] head: (TA:) [it is applied in the present day to a hind of hoe with a broad blade:] pl. مُعَازِقُ. (O, TA.) _ And, (K,) accord. to IAar, (O,) The forked, or pronged, implement with which wheat is winnowed. (O, K; and L and TA voce مفرّاة.)

Land cloven, or furroned, (Ş, TA,) with the معزقة, (Ṣ,) for sowing, or cultivating. (TA.)

رده غزق see متعزق.

IF says that there is no word with and and that is of well-founded authority. (O.)

1. عَزْلُهُ, (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. -, (Mṣb, Ķ,) inf. n. عُزْل, (Msb, TA,) He put it, or set it, apart, away, or aside; removed it; or separated it; (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, Ķ;) i.e., a thing; عَنْ غَيْره [from another thing, or from other things]. (Msb.) ___ And hence, He removed, deposed, or displaced, him, namely, an agent, or a deputy, from his office, or exercise of authority. (Msb.) Or عَزْلُهُ He removed, deposed, or displaced, him [from the agency, or administration, or government]. (Ṣ, O, TA.) And عزله ∀ ,(K, TA,) inf. n. عَزُلُهُ (K, TA.) signifies the same as عَزُلُهُ. [In like manner also اعزل is said by Freytag to signify Semovit, followed by عن, as on the authority of the K; in which I do not find it.] And عُزلَ He was, or became, removed, deposed, or displaced, [from his office, &c.,] (S, O, Msb,) used as quasi-pass. of عَزْلَهُ; in which sense انعزل العامة is [said to be] not used, because in it [i. e. عَزَلُهُ] no عَزُلَ ــ (Msb.) عَزُلَ ــ labour, or exertion, is implied. said of the مجامع means Paulo ante emissionem,

emisit. (Az, * Msb, TA. *) You say, وعَزَلَ عَنْهَا (S, O, K,) the pronoun referring to the man's female slave, (S, O,) inf. n. عُزل, (Az, Mgh, O, TA,) [vaguely expl. as] meaning He did not desire her [having] offspring; as also اعْتَزَلُهَا اللهُ اعْتَزَلُهَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ (K:) the motive being that the woman might not conceive. (Az, TA.) عزلَ = , aor. -, (TA,) inf. n. عَزَلّ (Mgh, TA,) He (a horse) had his tail inclining to one side, (Mgh, TA,) by habit, not naturally: (TA:) when it inclines to the right side, the Arabs deem it unlucky. (Z, TA.) [See also عَزَلُ below.]

- 2: see the preceding paragraph.
- 5: see 8, in four places.
- 8. تعازلوا They went apart, away, or aside; removed; or separated themselves; each from other, or one party from another. (K, TA.)

7: see 1: and see also the paragraph here following, in two places.

both signify the same, (S اعتزله 8. اعتزله and اعتزله O, TA,) i.e. He went apart, away, or aside; removed; or separated himself; from him, or it: (: TA :) عنه and اعتزل عُنْهُ (TA :) عنول بعر عنه (O, TA :) or تَعَزَّلْتُهُمْ and اعْتَزَلْتُ النَّاسَ I ment apart, away, or aside; removed; or separated myself; from men, or the people; [withdrew from association, or communion, with them; seceded from them; and left, forsook, or quitted, them: and both verbs are sometimes used intransitively: (Msb:) [i.e.] تعزّل and اعتزل [used alone sometimes] signify he went apart, away, or uside; &c.; as also انعزل ا: (K, TA: [the last omitted in this place in the CK; but mentioned afterwards, voce -mean انعزل ♦ عَن النَّاس ,and they said ([: تعازلوا ing he went apart, or aside, from men, or the people: (Msb:) and one says, of a pastor, يَعْتَزلُ [He goes apart, بِمَاشِيَتِهِ وَيَرْعَاهَا بِمَغْزِلِ ♦ مِنَ النَّاسِ or aside, with his cattle, and pastures them in a place remote, or separate, from men, or the people]. in the Kur ,وَإِنْ لَمْ تُؤْمِنُوا لِيْ فَآعْتَزِلُونِ ,in the Kur [xliv. 20], means, accord. to Ibn-'Arafeh, [And if ye believe me not,] leave me on equal terms, not being against me nor for me. (O.) [And you say, He withdrew himself from him to another: see Ḥar p. 245.] And اعْتَزُلُها, expl. above, as syn. with عَزَلَ عَنْهَا see 1. And يَعْتَزِلُ He withholds himself, or keeps aloof, from nar, or battle]: said of him who has no weapon. (TA.)

What is brought to the treasury of the state in advance, not weighed, nor picked so as to have the bad put forth from it, to the time of the falling-due of the instalment: (O, K, TA:) [for the second of the last three words of the explanation, which are correctly إِلَى مَحِلِّ النَّجْمِرِ, the O has محل; the CK, محل; and my MS. copy of the K, محل, without any vowel-sign and without the sheddeh:] from Ibn-Abbad; (O;) and thus in the L. (TA.)

see the next paragraph.

inf. n. of عَزلَ inf. n. of عَزلَ [q. v.]. (TA.) _ Also The state, or condition, of not having with one any neapon; and so اعْزُلُ * (K, TA: [the latter, by reason of an ambiguity in the K, misunderin the sense عزال stood by Freytag as syn. with in which this is expl. in the CK:]) they are two and بَخَلُ and شُغْلُ and شُغْلُ and بَخَلُ and بخل. (TA.) __ And A deficiency in one of the app. meaning, in the crest of one of the two hip-bones]. (IAar, O, K.) _ And The hinder part of an ass: so in the saying, اقْرَعْ عَزَلَ حَمَارِكَ [Strike thou the hinder part of thy ass]: (O, K:) said to the driver of the ass. (O.)

in three places. عَزْلُ see عَزْلُ

a subst. (S, Msb) signifying A going apart, away, or aside; removal, or separation of oneself; (S,* L, Msb,* K;) [a withdrawing of oneself from association or communion; or secession: and it seems to be sometimes used in a sense similar to that of الْعُزَّلَةُ عِبَارَةً (for] one says, اعْتَكَافُ that of meaning Retirement, or self-seclusion, is a mode of religious service]. (S, L, TA.)

[app. meaning the crest of العَزَلَةُ the hip-bone]. (K.)

a subst. signify- أُعْزَلُ [originally fem. of عُزْلاً] ing The lower mouth [or spout or outlet] of the [leathern water-bag called] مُزَادُة; (S, Mgh, O, Msb;) the part where the water pours forth from the رَاوِية [a word here, as in many other instances, used as syn. with مَزَادُة,] and the like of this, (K, TA,) such [for instance] as the قرية, in the bottom thereof, where the water contained in it is drawn forth : Kh says that to every مزادة there are عَزْلاَوان [dual of عَزْلاً], in the bottom thereof: but it is said in the M that the sight is thus called because it is in one of the خُصْبَان [meaning the not in its middle; مزادة two lower corners] of the مزادة nor is it like its mouth, in which it receives the water: (TA:) [the mouth, by means of which this kind of water-bag is filled, is in the middle of the upper edge; and the عزلاً, in every instance that I remember to have seen, is in the hinder of the two lower corners, and is tied round with a thong: (see مَزَادَةُ in art. وَزيد.)] the pl. is عَزَال (Ṣ, Mgh, O, Msb, K, * written with the article العَزَالِي, and in the K [improperly] also (Ş, O, عُزَالَي without the article,) and عُزَالَي Mişb, K) is allowable; (S, O;) and العَزَائِلُ ♦ occurs in a trad. for العَزَالي; these two words being like الشَّائِك and الشَّائِك. (TA.) __ [Hence,] El-Kumeyt says, [describing clouds (سَحَاب),]

مَرَثُهُ الجَنُوبُ فَلَمَّا ٱكْفَهَرُ رُ حَلَّتُ عَزَاليَهُ الشَّهَأَلُ

+ [The south wind drew them forth; and when they became black and dense and accumulated, the north wind loosed their spouts; i. e. caused the rain to pour forth]. (S, O.) And one says of a cloud (سَحَابَة), (Mgh, TA,) when it discharges

Digitized by GOGIC