erroneously put for عُرِنَةُ accord. to IB, as is made firm: (S, TA:) pl. أُعْرِنَةُ. (TA.) ___ signifying مرّبع, it is used in commendation: Fr says that when a man is one who prostrates, or throws down, his antagonists much, or often, abominable, wicked, or crafty, [with whom one cannot cope,] it is said that he is عُرْنَةٌ لَا يُطَاقُ. (TA.) _ Also A man coarse, rough, or rude, and niggardly. (TA.) - And One who serves houses, or tents. (TA.) Also The roots of the مَرَنَتُن, (AA, S, TA, in the K, erroneously, of the عرنين, TA,) which is a plant used for tanning. (S in art. ظمنخ) ___ And The wood of the (S, K,) a species of tree, (S, TA,) having the form of the c'in [or plane-tree], (TA,) with which skins for water or milk are tanned, (S, K,) and from which is cut the wood of the beaters and washers and whiteners of clothes, which is buried: accord. to ISk, [but the same is also said of the عُوسَج it is a species of tree resembling the [or box-thorn], except that it is bigger than it, full and luxuriant in the branch, and not having tall stems: (TA:) or it is called بعرن با which is a coll. gen. n.,] and عُرْنَة is the n. un. (AA, T in art. ظهنز.) And [it is also expl. as signifying] The piece of wood of the beaters and washers and whiteners of clothes upon which the beating is performed with that which is called the (IKh, TA.)

The first part or portion of anything. (S, Msb, K.) - And hence, (Msb,) [particularly, the first [or upper] part [i. e. the bridge] of the nose, beneath the place where the eyebrows come together; the place of what is termed: (S. Msb. TA:) or the head of the nose: (TA:) or the hard part of the bone of the nose: (K:) or it signifies, (K,) or is sometimes applied to, (Msb,) the nose, (Msb, K,) altogether: (K:) pl. عَرَانِينَ. (TA.) One says, هُمْ شُمُّ العَرَانين [They are high in respect of the noses, or of the bridges thereof; often meaning + they are haughty, or disdainful]. (S, Msb.) And one of the learned has used it metaphorically, saying,

وَأَصْبَحَ الدَّهْرُ ذُو العربينِ قَدْ جُدِعًا

[lit. And nosed fortune became mutilated in the nose; by nosed being app. meant + haughty, or disdainful; and by mutilated in the nose, + marred, or abased]. (TA.) Hence also, عُرَانِينُ السَّعَاب The first of the rains of the clouds. (TA.) -And ‡ A noble chief: (K, TA:) عُرَانينُ signifies the chiefs, (S, TA,) and nobles, (TA,) of a people, or party, (S,) or of the people, or of men. (TA.)

A piece of wood, or stick, which is inserted in the partition between the nostrils of a camel (S, K) of the species called بنتي (S. [See also مُشَاشً And (hence, as being likened thereto, TA) The wooden thing [app. meaning the pin, or axis,] of the sheave of a pulley, (S, K, TA,) by which the -information thing in which is the pin whereon the sheave turns]

that conjoins the spear-head and the shaft. (TA.) also the following paragraph. And A horn. (K.) = Also Trees occupying an extended, or oblong, tract. (TA.) ___ And Roads: in this sense a pl. having no singular. (TA.) See also عَرَنُ, former half. 🕳 Also Distance, or remoteness, (S, K,) of a house, or dwelling, or abode. (S.) - And [hence,] (Ş) A distant, or دَارٌ عَارِنَةٌ ال TA) and وَأَرْ عَرَانٌ remote, house or dwelling or abode; (S, TA;) and دِيَارٌ عَرَانٌ and پيارٌ عَرَانٌ distant, or remote, being an inf. n. used عَرَانٌ (K, TA;) عَرَانٌ as an epithet [and therefore applicable to a pl. and to a fem. as well as a masc. sing.]: ISd says, it is not in my opinion a pl., as the lexicologists hold it to be. (TA.) = Also Fight, or conflict. (K.)

عَرِنْ see : عَرُونْ

A collection of trees, (S, Msb, K, TA,) tangled, or luxuriant, or abundant and dense; a thicket, wood, or forest: (TA:) this is the primary signification; (S, Msb, TA;) whether there be in it a lion or not. (TA.) And [particularly] A collection of thorn-trees, (K, TA,) and of such as are called عضاه; whether there be a lion therein or not. (TA.) — And [hence], as also وعَرِينَةٌ ♦ The covert, or place of resort, of the lion, (S. Msb, K,) and of the hyena, as also مرَانٌ , and of the wolf, and of the serpent: and the former signifies also the burrow of the [lizard called] بَضْ: pl. عُرُنُ . (K, TA.) _ And (hence, TA) signifies also ! An open, or a wide, space, in front, or extending from the sides, of a house, [in this case meaning a yard,] and of a town, as, for instance, in this latter case, of Mekkeh, occurring in this sense in a trad., likened to the place of resort of the lion, because of its resistibility. (TA.) - And (hence also, TA) # Eminence, or nobility; and might, strength, or resistibility. (K, TA.) = Also Such as is dry and broken of the [trees called] عضاه (K.) = And Flesh: (S, K:) so it is said to signify. (S.) __ And The prey of the lion, or the like. (K.) And The cry of the [dove called] فَاحْتُهُ: (K, TA:) so in the T in art. (TA.) .عزهل

see the next preceding paragraph.

The crests, or upper parts, of waves rising high; as in the phrase, مَا ذُو عُرَانِيَة, (S TA,) meaning water having many and high waves or billows or surges; (TA;) used by 'Adee Ibn-Zeyd in describing the flood of Noah: (S:) or the middle, and main body, or deepest part, of the sea: and the flow, or extending, of a torrent. (K.)

A seller of the wood called عَرْان . (TA.)

عَارِنْ see its fem., with ، voce عَارِنْ, last sentence but one, in two places. == العَارِنُ The lion : (K:) [app. a possessive epithet, meaning العرين: but he is said to be thus called] because of his abominable nature, and his strength. (TA.)

معرن A spear having its head nailed [to the And A nail; (S, K, TA;) accord. to El-Hejeree, | shaft] with the nail called عُرَان. (S, K.) == See

> A camel having the wooden thing called مُعْرُونَ [q. v.] put into his nose. (TA.) = Also, applied to a سَقَاد [or skin for water or milk], Tanned with the wood called ; (S, K, TA;) and so مَعَرَّنُ (TA.) And, so applied, Tanned with the tree called عَرَن. (TA.)

1. عَرَاهُ , (Ṣ, Mgh, Msb, K,) aor. يَعْرُوهُ , (Ṣ, Msb, K,) inf. n. غُرُو ; (Ṣ, Mṣb ;) and أ ; (Mṣb, K;) He came to him, (S, Mgh, K,) syn. oii, (S, Mgh,) and أَنَّهُ بِهِ (Ṣ,) or غُشية , (Ķ,) or he repaired to him, syn. قَصَدَهُ, (Msb,) seeking (S, Mgh, K) his beneficence, or bounty, (Mgh, K,) or for the purpose of seeking his gift, or aid: (Msb:) or both signify [simply] he, or it, came to him; syn. osi-: (Ham pp. 24 and 109:) or عُرُوتُهُ, also, signifies [simply] I came to him; syn. غَشِيتُهُ; and so عَرَيْتُهُ (K in art. غَشِيتُهُ) and عروةً شديدةً and عَرَى الرجل عربة شُديدَةً, one says, [app. He came to the man, or upon him, with a vehement coming; for it seems that الرَّجُلُ is are inf. ns. of عُرْوَة and عُرْيَة are inf. ns. of un.]: (TA, immediately after what here next precedes:) and بعرو, aor. يعرو, also signifies [simply] he sought [&c.]: and hence the saying of Lebeed in a verse cited in art. ثار [q. v., conj. 8]: (Ṣ, * TA:) the pass. part. n. is مُعْرُونُ (S, Msb.) One says also, تَعْتَرِيهِ لا and تُعْتَرِيهِ i. e. Such a one, guests come to him; syn. تَغْشَاهُ. (S, TA.) This affair, اعْتَرَاني لا and عَرَانِي هٰذَا الأَمْرُ And or event, came upon me; syn. غَشينَى. (Ş.) And The affair, or , يُعْرُوه , (Msb, TA,) aor. يُعْرُوه الأَمْرُ event, came upon him (غُشية), (TA,) and befell him; (Msb, TA;) as also اعتراه و (Msb.) And and اعتراه The hard, or difficult, affair, or event, befell him. (Mgh.) And signifies the same. (Ksh in xlviii. 25.) [And in like manner اعتراهٔ said of a malady, and of diabolical possession, &c., It befell, or betided, him; attacked him; or occurred, or was incident or incidental, to him.] And عَرَاهُ البُودُ The cold smote him. (TA.) See also 2. عرى He (a man, S) was, or became, affected with what is termed the age [q. v.] of fever: (S, K, TA:) and El-Fárábee has mentioned, in the "Deewan el-Adab," among verbs of the class of فُعَلُ, aor. from :الْعُرُوانُهُ (Ḥar p. 406:) ISd says that the verb mostly used is the former, and its part. n. is عُعْرُوً : but some say that the verb [i.e. عُرِيَت, imperfectly written in my copy of the TA, but cleared from doubt by its being there added that the part. n. is مُعْرُونُهُ,] is said of a fever, as meaning it came with a shivering,

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