i. e. It exhaled its scent, قَتُرُ but correctly ,فَتُرَ smell, or odour]. (TA.) عَرَمَ فُلَانًا عِينَ (K, TA,) inf. n. عُوامَة, (TA,) He treated such a one with illnature, and exceeding perverseness or crossness or repugnance. (K, TA.) عُرَمُ الْعُظْمُ (S, K,) عُرَمُ الْعُظْمُ عَرِمُ الْعُظْمُ عَلَمُ (S,) aor. 2 and _, inf. n. عُرَمُ (S,) and K;) are like عَرَقهُ and تعرّقه; (Ṣ;) [i. e.] both signify He stripped off the flesh from the bone [with his fore teeth, eating it]. (K.) _ And in like manner, (S,) عَرْمَت الإبلُ الشَّجَر The camels [cropped the trees; or] obtained [pasture] from the trees. (Ṣ, Ķ.) _ And عُـرَمُ أُمَّـهُ (Ķ, TA,) inf. n. عُرَمُ (TA,) He (a child) suched the breast of his mother; (K, TA;) and so مَدِّى أُمَّه اعترم لا تَدْى أُمَّه (TA.)

2. تعرير The act of mixing. (K.) One says, He mixed it with it. (TK.)

3. مُعَارِمَة The contending in an altercation, disputing, or litigating; and occasioning ii. e. conflict, or discord, or the like,) with another; syn. مُفَاتَنَةُ and مُفَاتَنَةُ (TA.)

4. اعرمه He brought upon him, meaning he induced him to do, a deed [of an evil nature] that he had not committed. (Ham p. 707.)

5. تعرّم العَظْمَ : see 1, latter half.

8. اعْتَرَامُ الغتَن The being, or becoming, hard to be borne, severe, or distressing, said of فتُن [i. e. trials, or conflicts and factions, &c.]. (TA.) said of a mare, She ment at random, heedlessly, or in a headlong manner, not obeying guidance; and deviated from the right course. (Ham p. 277.) — And, said of a mother, She sought one who would such her breast: or she sucked the milk from her own breasts and spirted it forth from her: a poet says.

لَا تَلْغُبُنَّ كَأُمِّ الغُلَا مِ إِلَّا تَجِدُ عَارِمًا لَا تَعْتَرِمُ

[in my original زلاتلفين; for which I have substituted what I think to be the right reading: i. e. Do not thou become wearied like the mother of the boy if she find not a sucker of her breast, seeking for such: or] he means, if she finds not one who will suck her, she contrives, and milks her own breasts, and sometimes she sucks it [i.e. the milk] and spirts it forth from her mouth: accord. to IAar, this is said to him who imposes upon himself the task of doing that which is no part of his business: or, accord. to Az, the meaning is, be not thou like him who censures, or satirizes, himself, when he finds not whom he may censure, or satirize. (TA.) _ See also 1, last sentence.

Grease, or gravy; i. e. the dripping that exudes from flesh-meat and from fat. (K.) And The remains of the cooking-pot: (K, TA:) or the dirt of the cooking-pot; as also عُرَامُ (TA.)

The quality, in anything, of being of two colours: a leopard has this quality: (Th, TA:) | (IAar, TA.)

inf. n. عَرْمُة, accord. to the copies of the K i. q. or, as also عَرْمُة, blackness mixed with whiteness, in anything: or the quality of being speckled with blackness and whiteness, without largeness of every speckle: and a whiteness in the lip of the sheep or goat: (K:) or thus the latter word: (S, TA:) and likewise the quality of being speckled with black, in the ear thereof. (TA.) Also (i. e. عُرَم The quality, in a collection of small cattle, of con-عَرْمَة sisting of sheep and goats. (S.) == See also

> : see عُرم , in two places. عمر Also A dam ; syn. مُسَنّاة: (Ṣ, TA:) [or rather dams, agreeably with what here follows:] a pl. [or coll. gen. n.] (K) having no sing. [or n. un.]: (S, K:) or its sing. [or n. un.] is ♦ عُرِمُةً (Ṣ, Mṣb, K̩,) which signifies, (Kr, K, TA,) as also مَرْمَدُ (Kr, TA,) a dam (مُسَنَّاةً, Kr, or مُسَنَّاةً, Kr that is raised across a valley, or torrent-bed: (K:) or signifies [dams such as are termed] أُحْبَاس [pl. of] constructed in valleys, or torrent-beds, (AHn, K TA,) in the middle parts of these: (AHn, TA:) in each of which senses it is said to be used in the Kur xxxiv. 15: (TA:) or it there signifies a torrent of which the rush is not to be withstood: (Msb:) and a violent rain, (K, TA,) that is not to be endured: thus, accord. to some, in the Kur: (TA:) and the male of the [species of rat called] جرد , (K, TA,) which is the جُرد, so, Az says, is there meant accord to some: (TA:) and, (K, TA,) as some say, in that instance, (TA,) it is the name of a certain valley (K, TA) in El-Yemen: so says Az. (TA.)

> عُرُمُةُ: see عُرُمُ and see also عُرُمُة. Also A helmet of iron. (TA.)

A quantity of reaped corn or grain, collected together, (S, Msb, K,) trodden out, (S, K,) to be winnowed, (S,) not yet winnowed, (K,) or that is trodden out, then winnowed: (Msb:) said by some to called only عُرْمَة; but correctly مَرْمَةُ, as is shown by its having for its pl. [or rather coll. gen. n.] مُرَمَّة, as in an ex. cited by J [in the S]; مَرَمَّة being anomalous: (IB, TA:) and مُرَمَّة (IB, TA:) signifies the same; (Msb;) or عُرْمَة signifies heaps of reaped wheat and of barley. (TA.) ___ And A place in which sand is collected: (S, K:) pl. عرمات. (IB, TA.) _ And it is said to signify [app. meaning A heap of dung بَخْتُوةٌ مِنْ دَمَالِ such as is termed دمال, q. v.]. (TA.) _ See also عرم. = Also Flesh-meat. (Fr, K, TA: omitted in the CK.) One says, إِنَّ جَزُورَكُمُ لَطَيَّبُ العَرَمَةِ Verily your slaughtered camel is savoury in respect of the meat. (Fr, TA.) __ And The odour of cooked flesh-meat. (K.) == Also a pl. of عَارِمْ

عُرِمَةُ: see عُرِمَةُ. ـــ[It is also said, by Golius, on the authority of Meyd, to signify A vineyard.] is a dial. var. of أَمَا وَٱلله (IAar, K, one : حَرْمَى وَٱلله [TA,) as also : مَا وَالله والله) one says, عَرْمَى وَاللَّهِ لَأَفْعَلَنَّ كَذَا [Verily, or now surely, by God, I will indeed do such a thing].

aرام, [mentioned in the first sentence of this art. as an inf. n.,] (S, Mgh, Msb, K,) when used as [a simple subst.] denoting a quality of a boy, or child, (S, Mgh,) or of a man, (K,) signifies Evilness of disposition, or illnature, and exceeding perverseness or crossness or repugnance; (S, Msb, K;) and vehemence, and strength; (Mgh, TA;) and sharpness; (Msb;) and annoyance, or molestation: (K:) [and] the quality of quitting the right course, and exorbitance. (Ham p. 277.) _ Hence, in a trad. of 'Omar, metaphorically used as meaning + Sharpness and strength of [the beverage termed] نَبين made of raisins. (Mgh.) __ And Numerousness of an army, (S, K,) and sharpness, and vehemence, thereof. (K.) _ Also Ignorance. (Fr, TA.) = And The عَرَاق [app. meaning fleshmeat] of a bone: and likewise [i. e., app., portions that are cropped by camels] of trees. (S, K. أَعْرُمُ لا مِنْ One says ([.عَرْقُ voce عُرَاقُ More evil in disposition than a كُلْبِ عَلَى عُرَامِ dog over a piece of flesh-meat of a bone]. (TA.) Or, accord. to Az, العُرَامُ signifies, (TA,) or it signifies also, (K,) What falls of the bark of the [thorn-tree called] عُوْسَج : (K, TA:) but others explain it in a general manner, saying that عُرَامُ explain it in a signifies the bark of the tree. (TA.) ___ عُرُمُ See also

A calamity, or misfortune: (K, TA:) because of its hardness, or pressure. (TA.) See also أُعْرُمُ, last two sentences.

is [app. a rel. n. signifying Of, or relating to, ignorance; being] said by Fr to be from signifying "ignorance." (TA.) عُرَامُر

and [♦]عَرِم (S, Meb, K,) applied to a boy, or child, (S,) or to a man, (K,) Evil in disposition, or illnatured, and very perverse or cross or repugnant; (S, Msb, K; *) and sharp: (Msb:) or vehement, or strong: (K:) and, applied to a boy, or child, insolent and unthankful, or ungrateful: or bad, corrupt, or wicked: the former epithet, applied to a man, signifies also abominable, or evil: (TA:) and so its fem. pl. عارمات, (S, TA,) applied by a rajiz as an epithet to creeping [ticks, or similar insects, such as are is said عُرِمُر اللهِ اللهِ [pl. of إُنْبَرُ [pl. of عُرِمُر اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ ا (Msb, TA) by IAar (TA) to signify ignorant: (Msb, TA:) عَرْمَةُ is pl. of عَارِه, and is applied as an epithet to boys, like عُقَقُهُ [pl. of عُلَق]. (TA.)
— [Hence,] سَانٌ عَارِمُ A vehement tongue. (TA. [See an ex. voce يَوْمُ عَارِمُ And يَوْمُ عَارِمُ A day vehemently cold: (TA:) or a day cold in the utmost degree: (K, TA:) and in like manner [the pl. in this sense is الكَيْلُ عَارِمُ [a night vehemently cold: &c.]: and fies the vehemently-cold nights. (TA.) = Also [Sucking the breast; or] a sucker of the breast: so in a verse cited above: see 8. (TA.) حَارِمُ see expl. voce هُوَ بِعَارِمِ عَقْلٍ

Hard, strong, or vehement; (K, TA;) applied to anything. (TA.) __ And Numerous; applied to an army; (S, K, TA;) or, as some

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