(S, TA. [For بِذُنْبِه, Golius appears to have read (O,) or cast, (K,) her offspring before its maturity. (O, K.) — And اعجل said of palm-

4. اعجله, (S, Mgh, Msb, TA,) inf. n. إعجال; (TA;) and المجلله, inf. n. تُعْجِيلٌ; (Ş, O, TA;) and استعجله (S;) and استعجله (K, TA;) He incited, excited, urged, instigated, induced, or made, him to haste, hasten, make haste, speed, or be quick; (S, Mgh, Msb, K, TA;) and commanded, or bade, him, to haste, &c. (K.) One says, أُعْجَلَني فَعَجِلْتُ لَهُ [He incited me, &c., to haste, &c., and I hasted, &c., to him]. (O, TA.) وَيَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ ٢ And it is said in the Kur [xiii. 7], ♦ And they incite thee to haste بٱلسَّيَّتَة قَبْلُ ٱلْحَسنَة with that which is evil before that which is good]: and [in xxii. 46 and xxix. 53,] ♦ وَيَسْتُعُجِلُونَكَ [And they incite thee to haste with the punishment]: (TA:) and استعجل لا بنفسه signifies He hastened himself. (MA.) __ is the last of the hastened himself. signifies also [He incited him to haste, &c., by going before him: and hence it is expl. as meaning also] سَبَقَه [i.e. he preceded him, or it; he had, got, or took, precedence of him, or it; he was, or became, beforehand with him, or it; or he anticipated him, or it]; as also عمله; and i signifies I went استعجله الله (K:) or استعجله before him, or preceded him, (S, O, TA,) and so in-رأعَجِلْتُمْ لا أَمْرَ رَبَّكُم and أَمْرَ رَبُّكُم cited him to haste: (TA:) and in the Kur [vii. 149], means أُسَبَقُتُمُ [i. e. Have ye anticipated the command of your Lord?]: (S, O:) or have ye left [the fulfilment of] the command of your Lord incomplete? (Ksh, Bd;) being made to imply, (Ksh,) or as though it were made to imply, (Bd,) the meaning of سَبَق , wherefore it is made trans. like this latter verb; (Kslı, Bd;) the phrase meaning أُعَجِلْتُمْ in , وَمَا أَعْجَلَكَ عَنْ قَوْمِكَ (Ksh.) عَنْ أَمْرٍ رَبِّكُمْ the Kur [xx. 85, lit. And what caused thee to كيف hasten from thy party?], means [virtually] i. e. how is it that thou camest before thy party?]. (O.) __ One says also, اعجل الشيء He did the thing hastily, or hurriedly, before its time]. (O and K in art. غرض.) And [He made it, or did it, hastily, or hurriedly, or he hurried it, before, or so as to prevent, its becoming mature]. (S and K* in art. عَجْلُتُ ﴿ And أَعْجَلْتُهُ عَنِ ٱسْتِلَالِ سَيْفِهِ i. e. ♦ عَجْلُتُهُ [I was quich, or beforehand, with him, and] I flurried him, so that he could not draw his sword: رَأَى صَيْدًا فَرَكِبٌ فَرَسُهُ وَأُعْجِلَ ,whence the saying He saw an animal of the فَنْ حَرْبَته أَوْ سُوطه chase, and he mounted his horse, or mare, and was incited by haste so as to be prevented from taking his dart or his whip]: and the saying, هلاك الهال i. e. The perish- مُنْعَهُ meaning مُنْعَهُ ing of the cattle, or property, prevented, or precluded, him from paying it], namely, the زُكَاة [or poor-rate]; which is an instance of the extension of the signification. (Mgh.) __ أَعْجَلُتْ said of the pregnant, (O,) or of a she-camel, (K,) [as

(O,) or cast, (K,) her offspring before its maturity. (O, K.) — And اعجل said of palmtrees, (نَخْل), They had ripe fruit before its full time. (Mgh.) — And, said of a camel, He leaped [up] when the rider had mounted him and had not yet become firmly seated upon him. (TA.) [See

5, as intrans.: see 1, first sentence. ___ Hence, The heat came speedily, or quickly. (Mgh.) And تعبّل النّهَنُ [The price was, or became, given in ready money, or promptly, or quickly, or in advance]. (Msb in art. نف.) _ And تعبّل الشّيء The thing came before its time. (W p. 83.) = الكِرَآءِ كُذَا (Ş, تعبّل مِنَ الكِرَآءِ كُذَا Mgh, O) He took, or received, in ready money, or promptly, or quickly, [or in advance,] of the hire, such a sum. (Mgh.) And تعجّل الهَالَ He took, or received, promptly, or quickly, [or in advance,] the property. (Msb.) _ : تَعَجَّلْتُ الشَّيْء I constrained myself to do the thing in haste. (Ham p. 28.) __ And عَاجَلْتُ عَرَاجَهُ I constrained him to hasten [the payment of] his [tax called] خراج. (TA.) __ See also 4, first sentence. _ And see 2, near the end.

I desired, or required, or demanded, his hasting, or speeding, or being quick. (S, O.) And الشيء He desired, or required, or demanded, the thing's being speedy, or quick, not waiting patiently until its time, or full time. (Ham p. 665.) See also 4, in six places.

عُجَالَةُ see عُجَالَةً.

A calf the young one of the عَجْلٌ, (Aboo-Kheyreh, S, Mgh, O, Msb, K,) [both domestic and wild, which latter is a bovine antelope, from the time when his mother brings him forth (Aboo-Kheyreh, Mgh, TA) until a month old; (Aboo-Kheyreh, Mgh, Msb, TA;) after which [accord. to some] he is called بَرْغَز, when about two months old; and then he is called : فَرْقَدْ (Aboo-Kheyreh, TA:) or he is thus called while in the first year, then بنيع , (Ş and Şgh and K in art. سلغ,) or, correctly, accord to IB, he is called while in the first year تَبِيع and تَبِيع, (TA in that art.,) then سَالِغُ then رَبَاعٍ then رَبَاعٍ then رَبَاعٍ then جَذَعْ and so on : (\$ and \$gh and K ibid.:) the fem. is with 5: (Abu-l-Jarráh, S, O, Msb:) pl. of the masc. عَجُلَة (Mgh, Msh) and عُجُولُ (Msb, TA) and, of pauc., عُجُولُ and أعُجَالٌ; (IB, TA;) [and of the fem. إُعُجَالٌ as a pl., [Mtr says,] I have not heard it: (Mgh:) and عَجُولُ signifies the same as عَجْلٌ; (S, Mgh, O, K;) fem. with ة; (TA;) and pl. عَجَاجِيلُ. (Ş, Mglı, O, K.)

cluded, him from paying it], namely, the أَخَانُ [q. v.], poor-rate]; which is an instance of the extension of the signification. (Mgh.) — عُجُلُهُ said of the pregnant, (O,) or of a she-camel, (K,) [as though for اعجات وكُدها,] She brought forth, after, a thing before its proper time, or season;

and as proceeding from the desire of the soul; wherefore it is generally discommended in the Kur-án, so that it is said to be from the Devil. (TA.) It is said in the Kur [xxi. 38], عُلِقَ meaning, it is said, Man is composed of haste; (O;) so says Fr, and in like manner says Aboo-Is-hak; (T, TA;) to denote the excess of this attribute in him: (T, O, TA:) or, accord. to Th, (TA,) the phrase is inverted, the meaning being, haste is created from man; (Msb, TA;) but IJ disapproves this explanation, and also another which will be mentioned in what signifies also Food that is hastily prepared, and brought, before the [meal has become matured. (TA.) [See also عَجَالٌ .] = Also Clay, or earth; syn. طينُ: (IAar, O, K:) or black mud, or black fetid mud; syn. عَنْدُ: and العَمْلَةُ has both of these meanings, i. e. طين and خاند : (O, K:) the former of these two significations of عُجُلٌ is said by AO to be of the dial. of Himyer; and IAar says that it is what is meant in the phrase in the Kur [xxi. 38] cited above; but Ibn-Arafeh disapproves this; (O, TA;) and so does Az; and Er-Raghib says that some expl. it as meaning in this instance stinking black mud, but that their saying is nought. (TA.) = See also عُجِلَة, in four places.

see the next paragraph, in two places.

(Mṣb, K) عَاجِلٌ ♦ (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, K) عَجِلٌ and ♦ عُجُولٌ (Ṣ, O, Ķ) and عُجُولٌ (Ṣ, O) and (Ş, Mgh, O, Mşb, K) عُجِيلٌ * (K) and عُجِيلٌ * Hasting, hastening, making haste, or speeding; [thus more properly the first and second, and often the last; the rest generally signifying] hasty, speedy, quick, or expeditious: (S, Mgh, O, Msb, * K:) pls., (K, TA,) all of رُعُجُلُان (TA,) and (K, TA;) the عُجَالَى and عُجَالَى first and last of which pls., as pls. of عَجْلَى [fem. of عَجُلَانُ], are applied to women (S, O, TA) also: (TA:) عُجِلٌ has no broken pl., nor has عُجُلٌ ♥ : (Sb, TA:) ISk says that, for the dim. as formed from عُجِيلُانُ ♦, they use عُجِيلًا مُن غَمِلُان; though they also form it regularly, saying variety; but the former is the better. (O, TA.)

عُجَالَة see عُلَاجُد.

إلَّهُ fem. of الله [q. v.]. (Abu-l-Jarráh, Ṣ, O, Mṣb.) Also A water-skin, or skin for water and for milk; syn. الله : (Ṣ, O, K:) pl. الله and الله : (Ṣ, O.) And A [water-wheel such as is called] دُولُا الله : (IAar, O, K: [see also الله : [see also it [see also it]]] : [see also it [see also it]] : [see also it [see also it

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