dates and [the preparation of curd called] i: (TA:) it is a post-classical word: (K:) [J says,] I think it to be post-classical: (S:) it is of the dial. of Syria. (TA.)

the wind: (S, A, O, K:) or dust raised by the wind: (TA:) and smoke: (S, A, O, K:) since is a more special term [signifying a portion, or cloud, of dust: and of smoke]: (S, O:) and this latter signifies [also] a dust that buries in it everything; as also i. (TA.) Also Low, vile, base, mean, or ignoble, people; (Sh, O, K, TA;) lacking intellect, or understanding; (Sh, O;) in whom is no good: [a coll. gen. n.; for] i i i for j i i whom is no good: [a coll. gen. n.; for] i i the O]. (TA.) And, applied to a single person, Foolish; stupid; unsound, or deficient, in intellect, or understanding. (K.)

غَجَاجَة : see the next preceding paragraph, first sentence. [Hence,] one says, غُلَان يَلُفُ عَجَاجَتَه (Such a one folds his cloud of dust] meaning, makes a hostile, or predatory, incursion, or attack, upon the sons of such a one. (S, O, K.\*) And بَتَدَ عَجَاجَتَه (O, K) He laid, or allayed, his from that in which he was engaged. (O, K.) Also Many great camels : (S, O, K :) so accord. to Fr, (S, O,) as mentioned by A'Obeyd: (S:) but Sh says, I know not the word in this sense. (TA.) — See also the next preceding paragraph, second sentence.

Vociferous, clamorous, sounding much, or noisy; an epithet applied to anything that has a voice, or sound, or noise, (Ş, O, K,) as a bow and the wind [&c.]; (Ṣ, O;) as also \* مُحْعَاتُهُ (K,) this latter mentioned by Lh as applied in this sense to a man: (Ṣ:) and the former, applied to a stallion [camel], vociferous, or noisy, in his braying: and, applied to a river, sounding: (Ṣ, O:) or, thus applied, containing much water; as though it vociferated by reason of the abundance thereof and of the sound of its copious pouring. (IDrd, TA.) [See a tropical ex. of it voce مُحْتَاتُ and that raises the dust. (Ṣ, O, K.)

غابج (S, K,) or عَالَج (L,) A cry by which a she-camel is chidden. (S, L, K.) [But the former belongs to art. جوج , q. v.]

فَاجَ [part. n. of 1], applied to a road, [app. because a crowded road is usually noisy,] means Full. (Ṣ, O, Ķ.) [Compare عُباع applied to a river.]

horse, Generous, or excellent, and advanced in age: (O, K:) or, accord. to IF, that runs vehemently. (O.)

isee عَجّاج, last sentence.

بيت معجّاج A wind that raises the dust : (IAar, TA :) [the pl.] بياح مَعَاجِيج (Ṣ, O, Ķ) signifies the contr. of مَهَاوِينَ. (Ṣ, O.)



1. مَجْبَ مِنْهُ, (Ş, O, Mşb, K,) [and مَجِبَ مِنْهُ, as shown by what follows,] aor. -, inf. n. بغبب ; (Msb, TA;) and منه بتعجب ب and بستعجب ب منه, (S, O, Msb, K,) which two are syn. each with the other, (S, O, K,) and with the first also; (S, K;) all signify He wondered at it; i.e. he deemed it strange, extraordinary, or improbable, said of a thing occurring, or presenting itself, to him; (K, TA;) on account of his being little accustomed to it: (TA:) or the first signifies [as above, i. e.] he deemed it strange, extraordinary, or improbable : and V is of two kinds; one is [the wondering] at a thing which one commends, and it means the accounting (a thing) good or goodly, or approving [it], and expressing one's approval of a thing; and the other is at a thing that one dislikes, and it means the deeming [a thing] strange, extraordinary, or improbable, and discommending [it]: (Msb:) or, accord. to some of the grammarians, it signifies the mind's becoming affected, or acted upon, by some excessive quality in the thing by which it is so affected; [so that it may be rendered the becoming affected with monder;] as when one says مَا أَشْجَعَهُ ("how courageous is he !"] and أَسْعَعْ بِهِمْ وَأَبْصِرْ how clearly shall they hear ! and how clearly shall they see !"]: (Msb, MF, TA:) or it is [the wondering] at a thing of which the cause, or reason, is hidden, and not known: or it is when one sees a thing that pleases him, and thinks that he has not seen the like of it: (L, TA :) [therefore مَنْهُ مَنْهُ may be rendered he wondered at it, and he admired it :] accord. to some, it peculiarly relates to what is deemed good or goodly, or approved; [though this is inconsistent with the application the verb of فعن التَّعَجْبِ the verb of wonder;] and the subst. derived from it is i relates to what is good or استعجب \* goodly or approved, and to what is otherwise; and the subst. is \* عَجْبُ [which is also the inf. n. of أغبجت]: or accord. to the A and L, signifies he wondered at a thing intensely; or became affected with intense wonder. (TA.) \_\_\_ [عَجَبًا لَهٰذَا] \_\_\_ , a phrase of common occurrence, (mentioned in the K voce رَيْبٌ, &c.,) is for أَعْجَبُ عَجَبًا لِهٰذَا I wonder greatly, lit. with wondering, at this. See also an ex. voce 🛶 last sentence but two.] - Of the words in the Kur xxxvii. 12, there are two readings, : بَلْ عَجِبْتُ ويسخرون and عَجِبْتَ وَيَسْخَرُونُ accord. to the former, the meaning is, Nay, thou wonderest at their conduct, or deemest it extraordinary, [O Mohammad,] and they mock : respecting the latter reading, [which may be rendered Nay, I wonder, &c.,] it is observed that when attributed to God has a meaning different from that which it has when attributed to men: IAth says that, when attributed to God, it is used in a tropical manner, as the causes of things are not hidden from Him: or, accord. to IAmb, the verb here meams I have recompensed them for their wondering at the truth, or their deeming it strange or improbable: and in like

manner it is said [in the Kur viii. 30], يَهْكُرُونَ [lit. "They plot and God plotteth"], وَيَعْكُرُ ٱلله meaning, "God recompenseth them for their plotting." (L, TA.) \_\_ It is also said that when attributed to God [sometimes] means The being well pleased, content, or satisfied. (K, TA.) غَجبَ رَبَّكَ منْ قَوْم بُقَادُونَ ,The saying, in a trad. means Thy Lord wonders إلى الجَنَّة في السَّلَاسِل at a people who will be led to Paradise in chains [because of their deeming themselves unworthy thereof]; the verb \_\_\_\_ being here used in a tropical sense: or the meaning is, thy Lord is well pleased with, and will reward, a people &c. : and there are other trads. of the same kind. (L, TA.) \_ عَجِبَ إِلَيْهِ means He loved, or liked, him, or it. (L, TA.) [See a verse cited voce غجيب; from which it seems to signify lit. He, or it, was an object of love to him.] = تَجْبَتُ inf. n. غَجَبَ: said of a she-camel, She was, or became, such as is termed . (TA.)

2. تغجيب inf. n. تغجيب He caused him to wonder, (Ş, O, K, TA,) بالشي [by the thing]. (TA. [See also 4.])

4. It (a thing, or an affair, or event, TA) induced, or excited, him to wonder. (K, TA. [See also 2.]) In the following saying of Ibn-Keys-er-Rukeiyát,

the meaning is, [She saw upon my head some hoariness, which I did not hide; and she said to me, " Is this Ibn-Keys?" somewhat of hoariness] causing her to have wonder. (TA.) \_\_\_ And It (a thing, or an affair, or event, TA) induced in him monder, or admiration, and pleasure, or joy: (K:) or it excited his admiration, or approval: (Msb:) or it pleased, or rejoiced, him. (TA.) This thing أَعْجَبَنِي هَٰذَا الشَّيْءِ لِحُسْنِهِ You say, أَعْجَبَنِي هُذَا الشَّيْء has excited my admiration, or approval, or has pleased me, for its goodness, or goodliness, or beauty]. (Ş, O.) And أَعْجَبْني حُسْنَه [Its goodness, or goodliness, or beauty, excited my admiration, &c.]. (Msb.) - And أُعْجَبَ به He was excited to monder, or admiration, and pleasure. or joy, by it; he admired it, and was pleased with it, or rejoiced by it. (K.) You say, نفسه بنفسه, (S, O, Msb.) inf. n. إعجاب, [which is often used as syn. with عجب, the corresponding subst.,] (O,) [He admired himself, (lit. was excited to admiration by himself,) was pleased with himself, or was self-conceited, or vain; or] he exalted, and magnified, himself; was haughty, and proud. (Mşb.) \_\_ [غببه] فا أغببه إرأيه \_\_ [! generally signifies How wonderful is it [How greatly does he admire his opinion or judgment ! or how greatly is he pleased with it ! or how conceited, or vain, or proud, is he of it !] is anomalous [in two respects], (S, O, K,) not to be taken as an example to be imitated; (S, O;)

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