ع

The eighteenth letter of the alphabet : called عُيْنُ. It is [one of the letters termed مُجْبُورَة, or vocal, i.e. pronounced with the voice, not with the breath only; and] of the letters termed [or faucial]; these being and and and and ¿ [and 1]; the lowest of which in its place of utterance is ; wherefore Kh [in the composition of his lexicon entitled "Kitáb el-'Evn"] and several other lexicographers [after him] began their books with [words having] this letter [in their roots], giving the next place to -, the next to s, the next to j. and the next to j. (L, TA.) It is substituted for . [in what is termed the of Temeem]; as in غُنْ for أَنْ and for عَبْق as in عُتْى for عُتَّى and for عُتَّى and for غُتَى in عُتَى as in غُلَامُ for غُلَامُ. (MF, TA.) It is never consociated with z in any word of which the letters are all radicals; unless it be a word compounded of two words, as حَيُّ عَلَى from حَيُّعَلَ (Kh, TA.) = [As a numeral, it denotes Seventy.]

عَبِّ, aor. ², (Ṣ, Mgh, O, Mṣb,) inf. n. عَبِّ (S, Mgh, O, Msb, K,) He (a man, Msb) drank water without taking breath: (O, Msb, TA; and T in art. غنث: [this is the sense in which it is generally used: ]) or he drank water without sipping or suching in (مِنْ غَيْرِ مَصِّ): (Ṣ, O:) thus, (Ṣ, O, Msb,) in the manner termed عُبُّ , (S, O,) i. e. من غير مُصّ, (Msb,) the pigeon drinks water, like horses and similar beasts; (S, O, Msb;) whereas other birds take it sip after sip: (Msb:) or he drank water at once, without interrupting the smallowing: AA says, the pigeon drinks thus; differing from the other birds; for these drink by little and little: (Mgh:) [in like manner also] Esh-Sháfi'ee says, the pigeon is a bird that drinks in the manner termed 🚅, and cooes; for it does not drink like other birds, by little and little: (TA:) and it is said in a trad. that the livercomplaint (الكُبَاد) is occasioned by drinking in the manner termed عُبُّة: (Ṣ, O, TA:) or عُبُّة signifies [simply] the drinking water: or the gulping, or swallowing down: or the doing so uninterruptedly: (K, TA:) or the drinking water himself. (IAar, TA.)

in a single stream, without interruption: (TA:) and the drinking with the mouth from a place, or vessel, containing water, not with the hands nor with a vessel: (K, TA:) you say, عُبُّ فِي الْهَآءِ, and في الإناء, he so dranh of the water, and from the vessel: and [accord. to some] one says of a bird, عُبّ : (TA:) [but] Es-Sarakustee says, one does not say of a bird شَرِبَ المُاء, but رَيُعُبُّ فِيهِ مِيزَابَانِ \_\_ (.شرب .Msb in art. حَسَاهُ in a trad. respecting the حَوْض [i. e. Moḥammad's pool], as some relate it, means [Two spouts] were pouring forth into it with an uninterrupted pouring: but accord to the relation commonly known, the verb is يَغُتُّ in this sense, but in another sense, as meaning the making a يَغتَّ murmuring sound,] with and . (TA.)\_ رَعَبُّ بَا inf. n. رَبِّعِبُ (K,) [aor., app. رَبِّعِبُ الدَّلُوُ (TK,) The bucket made a sound in lading out the water. (K.) \_ And عُبَّ البَحْر , inf. n. بْغَبَا ب The sea rose high, with multitudinous waves. (A.) [Accord. to Golius, - said of the sea means It had broken waves: but for this he has named no authority.] \_ And [hence,] \* عُبَابُهُ \* His speech was continual and abundant. (A.) \_\_\_ an inf. n., of which the verb, accord. to عَبَبُ general analogy, is app. بغببت, first pers. غببت aor. بَعَب;] means [The interrupting in smallowing; or] the interrupting the swallowing. (TA.) = عَبْ, [aor., app., ج,] said of a plant, It became tall. (S.) - And [said of a man] His face became beautiful, or comely, after having become altered. (TA.)

5. عَبِيبَة He drank the عَبِيبَة [q.v.]. (L, TA.) — And تعبّب النبيذ He persevered, or persisted, in drinking the [beverage called] نَبِيدَ (Lḥ, Ķ.) And He swallowed in consecutive portions the نَبِيدَ, (A, TA,) and in large quantity. (A.)

R. Q. 1. بَعْبُ He was put to flight. (O, K.)

R. Q. 2. تَعْبُعْبُتُ I took it, or devoured it, altogether. (O, K.)

عُبُ is said when one orders another to conceal himself. (IAar, TA.)

and عُبُ الشَّسَ (O, K, TA,) as some say, (TA,) and عُبُ الشَّسَ (O, K, TA,) which is the form commonly known and obtaining, (TA,) The light of the sun: (O, K, TA:) or the light of the dawn. (Az, TA.) By عُبُ مُعْ as a proper name, is meant عَبْدُ شَعْسِ : ISh says, among Saad are بَنُو عَبِد الشَّسِ بَنُو عَبِد الشَّسِ. (TA.) [See also عُبُ قُرِ الشَّسِ.) is for عُبُ قُرِ meaning Hail. (K in art.

i. q. رُدُنْ, (O, K,) which means The base (أَصُل) of the sleeve: (S and K in art. زدن) or the fore part of the sleeve of the shirt: (M in that art.:) or the lower part thereof: (M in that art., and Har pp. 149 and 390:) or the sleeve altogether: (M in that art.:) but, as MF says, it is a vulgar word. (TA.)

or كَاكَنَج The berries (حَبُّ) of the غَبُبُ or كَاكَنَد thus differently written, from the Pers. كَاكُنَا, (K,) which, accord. to more than one of the leading authorities, is a tree, but is expl. by the author of the K [in its proper art.] as meaning a gum: (TA:) [what is here meant by it is the physalis alkehengi, or common wintercherry: accord. to Forskål (Flora Aegypt. Arab p. cvi.) the name غبن is applied to the physalis somnifera: and also (pp. cxxi. and cxxii. and 163) to the croton lobatum and croton villosum:] or it is applied by the physicians to the [plant itself called] : كاكنج: (O:) or i.q.(IAar, O, K;) which is said by Ibn-Habech to be an incorrect appellation, (O, TA,) being correctly , but AM denies that the former is incorrect: (TA:) or i. q. (K;) i. e. the tree called :رَاه (TA:) or a tree, or plant, (شَجَوَةً), of the [hind called] أَغْلَاتُ (K:) AḤn says, on the authority of Aboo-Ziyád, it is of the أُغُلَاث , and is a tree, or plant, ( , resembling the [peganum harmala of Linn.], except that it is taller, coming forth in the form of strings, and having pods (سنفة) like those of the حرمل and sometimes the goats nibble from its leaves and from its pods when they dry up; it has also berries, intensely red, like beads of carnelian, smaller than the نَبق [or fruit of the lote tree], and larger than the grape; and people seek out

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