مَدَّى مُتَطَاوِلٌ A distant limit, or far-extending space. (W p. 50.)

is used by Z and Bd as meaning Reckoned long, on the ground of analogy. (TA. [See its verb.])

is The first dawn; also called the false; and termed إِنَّبُ السَّرْحَانِ [the tail of the wolf], because it appears rising without extending laterally: (Msb:) opposed to النُسْتُطيرُ. (TA in art.)

## طوي

1. الصَّحِيفَة or (Ṣ, Mṣb,\*) الصَّحِيفَة (Ķ,) aor. يَطُوى, (Msb, K,) inf. n. فَلُق, (Ṣ, Msb,) [He folded, folded up, or folded together, and he rolled up, the thing, such as a garment, or piece of cloth, or the like, or the written piece of paper:] meaning the contr. of أَشُرُهَا TA.) . نَشُرُهَا meaning the contr. of And one says also, طَيَّةُ , inf. n. طَيَّة , with kesr, and عَدَةً, like عَدَة, this latter on the authority of Lh, and extr., [meaning He folded, &c., the garment, or piece of cloth:] and the phrase has been mentioned as meaning صَحِيفَةٌ جَافِيَةُ الطَّيَّةُ i. e. A written piece of paper thich, or rude, in respect of the folding, &c.]. (TA.) [And رَبُلَتَه or رَبُلَتَه and رَطُوَيْتُ السَّقَآءَ عَلَى بُلُلَته 1, مَلَلَته folded the skin while it was moist: whence the phrases مِلْلَتِهِ, and مِطُونِيْتُ فُلَانًا عَلَى بُلُلَتِهِ, and هُدو. and مِنْلُولِهِ, and مِنْلُولِهِ, expl. voce بَلُولِهِ, and and a similar phrase in a verse cited voce , ذرب q. v.: see also a similar phrase in art. دمل, signifies طَوَى , Hence طَوِي signifies also + He, or it, made a thing compact, as though folded; or round, like a scroll.] One says, طُوِيَ جِسْمُهُ طَيًّا حَتَّى ٱكْتَنَزَ لَحْبُهُ + [His body was, or became, compacted, or rounded, so that his, or its, flesh was firm, or hard]. (Lh, A] + سَاقٌ حَسَنَةُ الطَّيّ And +[A] shank goodly in respect of the compacture, or rounding; well compacted, well rounded, or well turned]. (K in art. جدل, &c.) And [hence means also + It rendered him lean, lank, light of flesh, slender, or lank in the طُوَاهُ السَّيْرُ ,One says (L in art. مسد.) + Journeying, or travel, rendered him lean, or is طَوَى عُنْقُهُ وَنَامُ أَمنًا ... (TA.) فَعُومَى عُنْقُهُ وَنَامُ أَمنًا .... said of a gazelle [as meaning He folded, or bent, his neck, and slept free from fear]. (TA.) -[lit. He folded, or bent, his flank,] طَوَى كُسُمَهُ means the turned away his love, or affection: (S, TA:) or, as in the M, I he withdrew his countenance: and the following ex. is cited:

t [Many a companion has withdrawn countenance, and I have said to him, Verily this thy withdrawing withdraws me from thee]: (TA:) or خورى means the turned away from me,

art. مُوَى كَشْحَهُ عَلَى أَمْرِ And إلى المُعْدِي عَشْحَهُ عَلَى أَمْرِ إلى المُعْدِي إلى المُعْدِي concealed an affair, or a case: (K, TA:) or, as in the M, + he determined, or resolved, upon an affair: (TA:) or, as in the L, and other lexicons, + he persevered in an affair. (TA in (Ṣ, Ķ,) aor. يَطُوِي, inf. n. وَمُنَّى, (Ṣ,) + He suffered hunger intentionally, or purposely. (S. , طُوَى عَنَّى الحَديثُ K. [See also فَرَى عَنَّى الحَديثُ K. [See also (K, \* TA,) and السّر (TA,) ‡ He concealed from me the story, (K, TA,) and the secret. (TA.) One says, اطُو هٰذَا الحَديثَ Conceal thou this story. (TA.) \_\_ And طَوَى حَدِيثًا إِلَى حَدِيثًا اللهِ + He concealed in his mind a story and passed on from it to another story; like as is said of the traveller in the sentence next following: and similar to this is the phrase طُبي الصُّوم †[the passing on from the fasting to the next fasting]. يَطُوي مَنْزِلًا ,TA.) One says of the traveller He passes on from one place إِلَى مُنْزِلِ فَلَا يَنْزِلُ of alighting to another so that he does not alight] (TA.) And طَوَى المَكَانَ إِلَى المَكَان + He passed on from the place to the place. (TA.) And مُوَى البِلاَدُ , (K, TA,) inf. n. طُوَى البِلاَدُ , (TA,) † He traversed the countries, (K, TA,) country after means + He came طُوَى القُومُ .... (TA.) to the people, or party: or he passed by them: (IAar, K, TA:) or he sat by them, or at their طَوَى ٱلله البُعْدَ لنَا ... (K, TA.) المُعْدَ لنَا عَلَى اللهِ البُعْدَ النَّا البُعْدَ النَّا البُعْدَ النَّ accord. to the K, means I May God contract (lit. make near) the distance to us: but accord. to the T, البعيد [i. e., make near the remote]. also denotes the passing away of life: [or rather the making life to pass away:] one says, مَلُوَى ٱللهُ عُمُرَهُ +[God made, or may God make, his life to pass away]: and a poet

## طَوَتُكَ خُطُوبُ دَهْرِكَ بَعْدَ نَشْرٍ

+ [Thy misfortunes have examinated thee after dُوِی فُلَانٌ وَهُوَ مَنْشُورٌ : [vivifying, or reviving \$ [Such a one has been examinated but he is revived] is said of a person when [he has died and] a good reputation of him remains, or a good memorial. (TA.) [It is also implied in the TA that, in accordance with this usage of the verb, may be rendered + He caused it to pass away, or come to nought or to an end; destroyed it; or annihilated it: (see the pass. part. n.:) and, accord. to Bd, يَوْمَ نَطُوى ٱلسَّهَاء , in the Kur xxi. 104, may mean On the day when we shall efface the heaven: but this phrase is better rendered on the day when we shall fold, or roll up, the heaven.] — One says also, طُوَى الغُزْلُ He wound the spun thread upon عَلَى المِطْوَى the winder]. (TA.) \_ And طُوَى الرَّكِيَّة (TA,) or مَلَى, (Msb,) inf. n. طُلَّى, He cased the well with stones, and with baked bricks: and in like

forsaking, or abandoning. (K, TA. [See also art. عَلَى أَمْرِي عَلَى أَمْرِي السَّلَاءِ وَلَا السَّرِي السَّلَاءِ وَلَا السَّرِي عَلَى السَّلَاءِ وَلَا السَّرِي عَلَى السَّلَاءِ وَلَا السَّرِي عَلَى السَّلَاءِ وَلَا السَّرِي وَلَا إِلَى وَالْمَاءِ وَلَا السَّرِي وَلَا إِلَّ وَلَا السَّرِي وَلَا السَّرِي وَلَا إِلَى وَلَا السَّرِي وَلَا السَّرِي وَلَا إِلَى وَالْمَاءِ وَلَا السَّرِي وَالْمَاءِ وَلَا السَّرِي وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمُ وَلَى السَّلَاءِ وَالْمُورِي وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمُورِي وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمُورِي وَالْمَاءِ وَلَا السَّرِي وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمُورِي وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمُورِي وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمُورِي وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمُورِي وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمُورِي وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمُورِي وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمُورِي وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمُورِي وَالْمَاءِ وَلَّامِ وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمَاءِ وَالْمَاءُ وَلَا الْمَاءُ وَل

2. طُوْيَتُهُ [I folded it with several, or many, foldings; or wound it, or coiled it: see the quasi-pass., تطوّى [TA.]

4: see 1, last sentence but one.

5. تَطُوّى [It became folded with several, or many, foldings; or wound, or coiled;] quasi-pass. of 2. (TA.) You say, مُثَوَّتُ الْحَيْةُ The serpent wound, or coiled, itself. (Ṣ, TA.) And Sb mentions the phrase مُثَوِّى ٱنْطُولَةً ; citing, as an ex.,

## وَقَدْ تَطَوَّيْتُ ٱنْطِوَآء الحَضْبَهُ

[And I had writhed with the winding of the عضبة], meaning [by this last word] a species of serpent, or the bow-string. (TA.)

6. [This verb, said of several agents, (i. e., app. تَطَاوُوا said of several persons, or تَطَاوُدُ said of several things,) accord. to Freytag on the authority of the Deewan of the Hudhalees signifies They mutually folded together.]

7. انطوى [It was, or became, folded, folded up, or folded together, and rolled up,] quasi-pass. of (Ṣ, K, TA) as signifying the contr. of رنَشَرَ (K, TA,) of the اطَّوَى ♥ as also ; نَشَرَ measure افتعل, mentioned by Az and ISd. (TA.) His انطوى بطنه [Hence,] ــ See also 5. ــ [Hence,] انطوى belly became lean, or lank]; said of a camel, and of a sheep or goat. (JK voce ارْتَقَى).) And † [The state of being lean, or lank, انْطُوْلُدُ الْحُشَا in the belly]. (S and TA voce أَخْطُفُ, q. v.) \_\_\_ See also a verse cited in the first paragraph. Hence also,] الوُدِّ and انطوى عَلَى الحقْد , and , + He conceived [as though he infolded] in the heart rancour, malevolence, malice, or spite, and love, or affection. (MA.) And انطوى قَلْبُهُ عَلَى عَلِّ + [His heart conceived, as though it infolded, rancour, malevolence, malice, or spite]. (TA.)

8. see the next preceding paragraph.

. طُوِّي عَدْ : طُوُّ

up, the heaven.] — One says also, طَوَى الغَزْلُ, q. v.,] and لله (or jimily an inf. n., of عَلَى المِطْوَى الرَّحَةِ [He wound the spun thread upon the winder]. (TA.) — And مَوَى الرَّحَةُ (TA,) to be like الله (Mṣb,) inf. n. مَوَى الرَّحَةُ لله (Mṣb,) inf. n. مَوَى الرَّحَةُ لله (Mṣb,) inf. n. مَوَى الرَّحَةُ (TA,) to be like الله (but I think that this is only said to show that its first vowel is kesr and the second with stones, and with baked bricks: and in like manner, مَوْدَى اللّهِ اللهِ ال

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